# (D)CHAUVIN ARNOUX 

Energy

# RELAYS CATAL O G 




## MANUFACTURING RELAYS SINCE

## OVER <br> REFERENCES



FACTORIES
manufacture and assemble the spare parts for our relays

COMPLIANCE WITH SEVERAL TENS OF STANDARDS and customer specifications in the rail, nuclear, power generation and transmission, and naval sectors
THE COMPANY ..... P. 4
APPLICATIONS ..... P. 6
MAIN FEATURES OF OUR RELAYS ..... P. 8
OUR SELECTION GUIDE (+ INFO ABOUT OUR OPTIONS) ..... P. 10
RELAYS ..... P. 18
MONOSTABLE INSTANTANEOUS RELAYS ..... P. 20
MONOSTABLE INSTANTANEOUS RELAYS
WITH FORCIBLY GUIDED CONTACTS ..... P. 62
BISTABLE RELAYS ..... P. 82
FAST-ACTING MONOSTABLE AND BISTABLE RELAYS ..... P. 102
RELAYS WITH TIME DELAY ON PICK-UP
OR DROP-OUT (LOGICAL FUNCTION) ..... P. 128
TIMED RELAYS WITH FORCIBLY GUIDED CONTACTS ..... P. 176
MEASURING RELAY ..... P. 184
SOCKETS ..... P. 190
EXPLANATIONS CONCERNING SOCKET NUMBERING ..... P. 192
SOCKETS WITH FRONT CONNECTION ..... P. 194
SOCKETS WITH FRONT CONNECTION / SPRING CLAMP TERMINALS. ..... P. 194
SOCKETS WITH FRONT CONNECTION / SCREW TERMINALS ..... P. 196
SOCKETS WITH SINGLE FASTON FRONT CONNECTION. ..... P. 205
SOCKETS WITH REAR CONNECTION ..... P. 206
SOCKETS WITH REAR CONNECTION / SPRING CLAMP TERMINALS ..... P. 206
SOCKETS WITH REAR CONNECTION / SCREW TERMINALS ..... P. 210
SOCKETS WITH SINGLE FASTON REAR CONNECTION ..... P. 217
SOCKETS WITH DOUBLE FASTON REAR CONNECTION ..... P. 218
SOCKETS WITH REAR BLADE CONNECTION ..... P. 226
SOCKETS WITH REAR DOUBLE BLADE CONNECTION. ..... P. 227
MOUNTING ON PCB ..... P. 228
RETAINING CLIPS ..... P. 231
KEYING PINS ..... P. 235

## THE CHAUVIN ARNOUX GROUP: 128 YEARS OF REFERENCES

The French Chauvin Arnoux Group has been designing and manufacturing

## SINCE 893



OF REFERENCES


MEASURING INSTRUMENT DESIGNERS AND MANUFACTURERS measuring instruments since 1893 and is acknowledged as a major player in the electrical sector. Its position on the physical measurements market in France and internationally is consolidated by its subsidiaries present in 10 countries and its distributor partners. The Group has its own R\&D teams, technical centers and production sites, allowing complete mastery of the manufacturing chain for a result synonymous with quality and made in France.

## CHAUVIN ARNOUX ENERGY: METERING, TESTING AND SUPERVISION

At the heart of the electrical measurement professions, Chauvin Arnoux Energy plays a crucial role in the implementation of energy management and control systems. Part of the Group since 1998, CA Energy covers specific requirements in the nuclear, T\&D, naval and railway sectors:

- PLCs and safety-critical relays in cutting-edge industries
- Electrical network supervision, from power generation through to distribution
- Power supply quality.

Developing energy for your needs!


## EXPECOISE BASED ON LONG EXPERIENCE

Within the Group, Chauvin Arnoux Energy offers the actors in energy and naval applications fixed electrical switchboard equipment for measuring, checking and monitoring the power distribution chain. For more than sixty years, the Group has been proposing its expertise in automation relays for harsh environments: nuclear, electricity transmission and distribution, and railways. It also draws on the expertise and know-how of its Italian subsidiary, AMRA Spa, which has been manufacturing electromechanical relays since 1975. The integration of relays from RIA - MTI, a well-known manufacturer since 1957, now makes Chauvin Arnoux Energy a major player in the world of automation relays.


## VILLEDIEU-LES-POÊLES (FRANCE)

More than a hundred people working spread across 4000 square meters devoted mainly to electronics manufacturing. This is where we make single-and double-sided, flexible and rigid printed circuit boards up to Class V. In this way, 800,000 components can be assembled every week for CA Energy and the Group's other brands.


## VIRE (FRANCE)

Vire is the site where our current sensors are assembled. Two main buildings of 4,300 and 1,400 square meters house 140 people manufacturing our spare parts. The larger building produces the mechanical parts for our measuring instruments: turned, machined, milled and cut parts, as well as the shielding and casings made of sheet metal. The second building is dedicated to plastic injection for molding the casings of our products.

## REUX (FRANCE)

10,000 square meters of buildings housing the Group's logistics; the warehouses for storing the parts, the assembly workshops, the finished product stores and the shipping depaCOment. More than 60,000 references are managed in these warehouses which group the parts needed to manufacture the measuring instruments assembled on the site and the finished products ready for shipment all over the world.
The site is equipped with a single platform from which the instruments from the Group's different brands are shipped to France, the subsidiaries and the international markets.


MACHERIO
Our Italian subsidiary AMRA's site at Macherio, near Milan, manufactures and assembles a wide range of relays, from standard models to highly specific products. This range is designed for applications in railway rolling stock and electricity generation and transmission in compliance with the standards in those sectors. Over the years, these relays have been approved and certified by all the main users in these different markets.

Marketed under the CHAUVIN ARNOUX brand, our products have become essential in the most demanding applications and sectors, mainly in electrical power generation, transmission and distribution, the petrochemical and mining industries, commercial shipbuilding and the rail industry (rolling stock and infrastructure). All these applications share a common requirement: continuity of service. A shutdown of the system may often cause serious inconvenience for the public and additional costs for the industrial company, as well as damaging its image. Working as a designer means choosing components whose reliability and durability are proven, with a high operational responsibility.

## POWER GENERATION, TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION

Protection, control and monitoring systems for HV distribution stations

- Protection, control and monitoring systems for electrical power generation stations
- Automation systems for turbines, alternators and transformers
- Monitoring and control systems for reservoirs, dams and valves/sluices
- Trip relays



## PETROCHEMICALS AND CHEMICALS INDUSTRIES, SHIPBUILDING, HEAVY INDUSTRY

- Protection, control and monitoring systems for power transformation and conversion
- Instrumentation desks and automation of manufacturing processes
- MV load centers
- Electrical switchboards in motor control centers (MCC)



## Use the symbol ot the application To identity the right product more easily.

## ROLLING STOCK

- Door control
- Brake systems
- Safety loops
- Pantograph control
- Lighting and air-conditioning control
- Battery charge monitoring
- Traction systems
- Vehicle safe-running control systems (ECO, MS, SCMT, ATS, etc.)



## POWER SYSTEMS, AC/DC CONVERSION AND ELECTRIC RAIL TRACTION

- Protection, control and monitoring systems for AC/DC conversion stations
- Line disconnect control panels
- Supervision of line voltage presence
- PPF power supply systems
- Trip relays
- Railway signaling power supply systems



## TYPES OF RELAYS

Electromechanical relays can offer several functions:

## INSTANTANEOUS RELAYS

Relays in which the switching of the contacts occurs simultaneously with the change in status of the coil (powered up/ down).

## TIME DELAY RELAYS

Relays in which the switching of the contacts can be delayed by a preset duration, relative to the change in status of the coil (powered up/down).

## BISTABLE RELAYS

Relays with 2 stable states. A bistable relay is generally equipped with 2 coils mounted in opposition.

The contacts change status in response to an electrical impulse provided by one of the 2 coils, and are held in position by means of a magnetic or mechanical latch even in the event of the power supply being cut off.

To return the contacts to their initial position, the other coil must be powered up.


CLASSIC
Contact status
change in 15 to 40 ms

FAST-ACTING
Contact status less than or equal to 2.5 to 10 ms

## MONOSTABLE RELAYS

Relays in which the status of the contacts depends on the presence or absence of power at the coil terminals.

When the coil is powered up, the contacts change position.
As soon as the coil is powered down, the contacts return to their initial position


RELAYS WITH FORCIBLY GUIDED (MECHANICALLY LINKED) CONTACTS

These relays ensure that make (normally-open) contacts cannot assume the same state as break (normally-closed) contacts.

Relay whose contacts are all mechanically linked (forcibly guided).


## ON PICK-UP

When the relay is powered up, the contacts will be switched only after a set period of time "T" (often adjustable).

As soon as the relay is deprived of electrical power, the contacts return instantaneously to their initial position.

## ON DROP-OUT

When the relay is powered up, the contacts are switched instantaneously. When the coil is powered down, however, the contacts return to their initial position after a set period of time "T" (fixed or adjustable).


## COIL SUPPLY VOLTAGE

The power supply used by relays is characterized by a number of factors, and principally:
NOMINAL VOLTAGE (Un): voltage value which is sufficient to actuate the contacts
OPERATING RANGE: the voltage range within which the relay functions correctly, expressed usually as a percentage of the nominal voltage

CONSUMPTION: power drawn by the relay during operation
DROP-OUT VOLTAGE: standard value (expressed as percentage of nominal voltage) defining the voltage at which drop-out/ de-energization of the relay is certain to occur.

Some applications require particularly wide operating ranges, for example 0.7 to 1.25 Un in the case of electromechanical components used on rolling stock.

## PROTECTION DEVICES

On a relay, when the power supply is discontinued, energy stored in the coil inductance creates an electromotive force contrary to that of the power supply. This stray voltage can reach values measured in thousands of volts. In this situation it is possible to install voltage suppression components, such as DIODES FLYBACK, VARISTORS or TRANSIL DIODES.

## FLYBACK DIODE

The suppression component most widely adopted. This component provides a very low recirculation resistance for the energy accumulated at the terminals of the coil.

## DIODE TRANSIL

## UNIDIRECTIONAL TRANSILS

These block disturbances in one direction only, whereas in the presence of voltages with opposite polarity they respond as normal diodes.

## BIDIRECTIONAL TRANSILS

These are installed in circuits where an alternating voltage is present; they consist of two Transil diodes connected in antiseries.

## VARISTOR

A variable resistor (non-polarized), whose resistance value depends on the applied voltage.

## CONTACT

TYPE

## FORM C

This operates on the principle of Break Before Make (BBM). When the coil is energized, the COM (common) pole first breaks electrical continuity with the NC (normally closed) pole, then establishes electrical continuity with the NO (normally open) pole. Versions available with 2 to 20 contacts.

## FORM D

This operates on the principle of Make Before Break (MBB).

## SYMBOL DEFINITION

Normally open (Make) $\quad$ Normally closed (Break) $\quad$ Changeover (CO)

## CONTACT LOAD

Depending on the type of load circuit to be broken, contacts can be specified with different materials or finishes, and mounted in conjunction with a magnetic blow-out function that helps to extinguish the electric arc generated by the electrical load to which the relay is connected. It is important to take note of the difference between the nominal current (range) of the contact and its breaking capacity:

- NOMINAL CURRENT: The current that can flow through a contact for an indefinite period of time without the contact suffering damage.
- THE BREAKING CAPACITY: Depending on its specific attributes, the relay can break high or low power loads. The breaking capacity, expressed in amperes, is the maximum level of current that can be broken by the particular relay under specific conditions.
By determining these parameters, it is possible to establish the electrical life expectancy of the contact/relay. The contacts of relays are subject to wear; depending on the type of use envisaged, the manufacturer indicates an electrical life expectancy and a mechanical life expectancy.


## LIFE EXPECTANCY

## ELECTRICAL

The number of successful operations that can be accomplished by a contact, breaking or making a given load circuit at a selected hourly frequency, with no impairment of its electrical characteristics.

## MECHANICAL

The number of successful operations that can be accomplished by a contact under no-load conditions (no electrical load) at a selected hourly frequency, with no impairment of characteristics designed to ensure correct operation of the relay.

PROTECTION

## MAGNETIC ARC BLOW-OUT

GOLD-PLATING
OF THE CONTACTS

Permanent magnet allowing an electric arc to be extinguished more quickly, thus increasing the breaking capacity.

This has the effect of lowering surface resistance and enabling the conduction of lower currents than would be possible with an untreated contact.


POK relay with gold-plated contacts and terminals plus tropicalized coil.

## ENVIRONMENTAL AND OPERATING CONSTRAINTS

To ensure that you choose the right relay for a given application, any environmental constraint must first be interpreted correctly.
Depending on the application for which it has been chosen, any relay may be exposed to diverse environmental constraints which may prevent correct operation and accelerate its deterioration if ity is incorrectly assessed. The following factors need to be taken into consideration for correct analysis:

$$
\begin{array}{l|l}
\begin{array}{l}
\text { OPERATING TEIMPERATURE } \\
\text { RANGE }
\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}
\text { The ambient temperature at which the relay is required to operate. In the event of } \\
\text { conditions being variable, worst case minimum and maximum values must be considered. }
\end{array} \\
\hline \text { RELATIVE HUMIDITY } & \begin{array}{l}
\text { Percentage value indicating the level of ambient humidity; for values higher than } 75 \% \\
\text { and up to } 95 \%, \text { selection of a relay with tropicalized coil is advisable. }
\end{array} \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

## APPLICATIONS

## RAIL, TRAM, TROLLEY AND METRO

In the case of transport applications (rail, tram, and metro), consideration must be given to the regulations governing this sector, with specify more stringent operating constraints than those of standard product regulations.
Harmonized European and extra-European standards tend to regulate the following parameters.

## RESISTANCE TO SHOCK

 AND VIBRATION
## REACTION TO FIRE

## OPERATING RANGE

## OPERATING TEMPERATURE

These can damage the component or cause contacts to open spontaneously.

The specified requirements are intended to protect passengers and crew in the event of fire breaking out on board.

The operating range is wider than indicated normally for standard electromechanical components, as relays can also be battery-powered.

In rolling stock, the temperature range will usually be wider than the range indicated for industrial applications.

## ELECTRICAL POWER GENERATION

Electricity generating stations are complex environments. The loads supervised by control systems often use DC voltages, so the relay contacts must be suitable for switching these loads.

Nuclear, thermoelectric, hydroelectric and wind power installations are also required to withstand heavy duty, non-stop operating conditions. They impose particularly stringent requirements in terms of guaranteeing continuity of service and long-term reliability. In the case of hydroelectric and wind power generating facilities located in places where access is difficult (mountains or offshore platforms), maintenance costs tend to be high.
Particular care must also be taken where there are significant variations in temperature and vibration for these applications.

K3 QUALIFICATION
Category K3 (seismic stresses) corresponds to EDF qualification for use of our products in nuclear power plants.

## STEP 1

Electrical safety, functional
and electromagnetic


The team at Chauvin Arnoux Energy is always at customers' disposal to help


- Tremors u|||||||r

| DEPENDING ON PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nuclear <br> Power transmission |  |  |  |  |  |  | Fixed railway installation | Shipbuilding | $8 \mathbb{B}$ <br> Petroleum industry |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ding } \\ & \text { ducts } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | Depending on products |  |  |  |  |  | $\triangle$ |  |
| Model | $\begin{aligned} & n \\ & 00 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \vdots \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{त}{\sigma} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \dot{\otimes} \\ & \stackrel{E}{E} \end{aligned}$ | Contacts | In | Notes |  |  |  |  | \％ |
| RCM | ■ |  |  |  |  | 2 CO | 10 A | Compact |  |  |  |  | 22 |
| RDM | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 4 CO | 10 A | Compact |  |  |  |  | 22 |
| RGM | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 4 CO | 12 A | High breaking capacity（＊＊） |  |  |  |  | 26 |
| RMMX | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 8 CO | 10 A | Multi－contact，compact |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| RMM | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 8－12－20 CO | 12 A | High breaking capacity，multi－contact |  |  |  |  | 34 |
| POK－POKS | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 2 CO | 5－10 A | Compact |  |  | 而 | ■ | 38 |
| BIPOK－BIPOKS | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 4 CO | 5－10 A | Compact |  |  | 莡 | ■ | 38 |
| TRIPOK－TRIPOKS | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 6 CO | 5－10 A | Compact |  |  | 最 |  | 38 |
| QUADRIPOK | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 8 CO | 10 A | Compact |  |  | 是 |  | 38 |
| ESAPOK | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 12 CO | 10 A | Compact |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| OK | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 4－8－12 CO | 10 A | High breaking capacity |  |  | 是 |  | 44 |
| OKB184 | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 4 CO | 10 A | High breaking capacity，K3－qualified |  |  |  | 卫 | 44 |
| RE3000 | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 4 CO | 10 A | K3－qualified |  |  |  | 区 | 54 |
| FOKB | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 4 CO NC－NO | 13 A | High breaking capacity，NF F62－002 |  |  | 昭 |  | 58 |
| RCG | $\square$ |  | $\square$ |  |  | 2 CO | 10 A | Forcibly guided contacts，type A，EN61810－3 |  |  | 晨 |  | 64 |
| RDG | $\square$ |  | － |  |  | 4 CO | 10 A | Forcibly guided contacts，type A，EN61810－3 |  |  | 是 |  | 64 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { RGG } \\ \text { Previous name RGMZX } \end{gathered}$ | $\square$ |  | $\square$ |  |  | 4 CO | 10 A | High breaking capacity，forcibly guided contacts， type A，EN61810－3 |  |  | 而 |  | 70 |
| RMGX | $\square$ |  | $\square$ |  |  | 8 CO | 10 A | High breaking capacity，forcibly guided contacts， type A，EN61810－3 |  |  | 而 |  | 76 |
| RGB |  | $\square$ |  |  |  | 3－4 CO | 12 A | High breaking capacity |  |  |  |  | 84 |
| RMBX |  | ■ |  |  |  | 7－8 CO | 10 A | Multi－contact |  |  | 最 |  | 88 |
| RMB |  | $\square$ |  |  |  | 7－11－19 CO | 10 A | High breaking capacity，multi－contact， common negative |  |  |  |  | 92 |
| OKBA |  | $\square$ |  |  |  | 4－8 CO | 10 A | High breaking capacity |  |  | 是 |  | 96 |
| RGMVX | － |  |  | $\square$ |  | 4 CO | 10 A | Operating time＜ 8 ms |  |  |  |  | 104 |
| RMMV／X | $\square$ |  |  | $\square$ |  | 8－12 CO | 10 A | Operating time $<8 \mathrm{~ms}$ for compact models， otherwise $<10 \mathrm{~ms}$ |  |  |  |  | 110 |
| RGR | $\square$ |  |  | $\square$ |  | 2 CO | 2 A | Operating time＜ 3 ms |  |  |  |  | 110 |

DEPENDING ON PRODUCTS


| Model |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi}{0} \\ & \frac{1}{0} \\ & \dot{\sim} \\ & \underline{E} \end{aligned}$ | Contacts | In | Notes |  | $\frac{\stackrel{\text { ® }}{0}}{\stackrel{0}{U}}$ | \％ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RGMV | $\square$ |  |  | ■ |  | 4 （CO or NC） | 10 A | Operating time $<8 \mathrm{~ms}$ |  |  | 110 |
| RMMV | $\square$ |  |  | $\square$ |  | 8 （CO or NC） | 10 A | Operating time $<6 \mathrm{~ms}$ |  |  | 110 |
| RMMZ11／13 | $\square$ |  |  | $\square$ |  | 8 CO | 10 A | Operating time＜ 13 ms |  |  | 110 |
| RGBV |  | $\square$ |  | $\square$ |  | 4 CO | 10 A | Operating time＜ 10 ms |  |  | 114 |
| RMBV |  | ■ |  | $\square$ |  | 8－12 CO | 10 A | Operating time＜ 10 ms |  |  | 114 |
| RGBZ10／11 |  | $\square$ |  | － |  | 3－4 CO | 12 A | Operating time＜ 12 ms |  |  | 120 |
| RMBZ30 |  | $\square$ |  | ■ |  | 7 CO | 10 A | Operating time＜ 18 ms |  |  | 120 |
| RV LV16 | $\square$ |  |  | $\square$ |  | 6 （NO or NC） | 5 A | Operating time $<6 \mathrm{~ms}$ |  |  | 124 |
| RDT |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | 4 CO | 10 A | Time delay on pick－up or drop－out |  |  | 130 |
| RDL－RGL |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | 2 CO | 10 A | Flasher |  |  | 136 |
| RDTE15／16 |  |  |  |  | － | 4 CO | 10 A | Delay on drop－out，adjustable duration，no Vaux |  |  | 136 |
| RGTO |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | 1 CO | 5 A | Delay on drop－out，adjustable duration，no Vaux |  |  | 140 |
| TMM |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | 4 CO | 10 A | Multifunction relay， 10 functions | 㬝 |  | 148 |
| TM－TMS <br> Previous names OK－TMF／S |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | 4 CO | 5－10 A | Time delay on pick－up or drop－out | 量 | 日 | 154 |
| TOK |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | 4 CO | 10 A | High breaking capacity，time delay on pick－up or drop－out | 量 |  | 160 |
| OKR |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | 4 CO | 5 A | Time delay on pick－up or drop－out | 号 | $\square$ | 160 |
| OKT |  |  |  |  | － | 4 CO | 5 A | Time delay on pick－up or drop－out | 只 |  | 166 |
| UTM |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | － | － | Static time delay unit | 最 |  | 170 |
| TOK－L |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | 4 CO | 10 A | High breaking capacity，flasher | 貣 |  | 170 |
| TOK－FP |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | 4 CO | 10 A | High breaking capacity，flasher | 負 |  | 170 |
| OKRE－L |  |  |  |  | － | 4 CO | 5 A | Flasher | 晨 |  | 170 |
| OKRE－FP |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | 4 CO | 5 A | Flasher | 悬 |  | 170 |
| CLE |  |  |  |  | ■ | 4 CO | 5 A | Flasher |  |  | 170 |
| RGK |  |  | $\square$ |  | $\square$ | 4 CO | 12 A | Forcibly guided contacts，type A，EN61810－3 | 等 |  | 178 |
| MOK－V2 | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | 2 CO | 3 A | Measuring relay，voltage | 見 |  | 186 |

＊Unless stated otherwise，operating times indicated in the catalog are understood as being inclusive of bounces
＊＊Relays with contact specifications guaranteeing efficient break of strongly inductive DC loads，even with 220Vdc voltages
＊＊＊These relays comply with regulations applicable to rolling stock；also suitable for use in other applications．

## SELECTION GUIDE

|  | FRONT Connection |  |  | REAR Connection |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TERMINAL | SCREW |  | SPRING CLAMP | SCREW | DOUBLE FASTON | SPRING CLAMP | PCB |
| MOUNTING | PLATE-WALL / DIN RAIL | PLATE-WALL | PLATE-WALL / DIN RAIL | FLUSH MOUNTING |  |  | SOLDER |
| RELAY MODEL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RGBV | 48BIP20-I DIN | - | PAIR160 |  | ADF2 | PRIR160 | - |
| RMBV | 96IP20-I DIN | - | PAIR320 | - | ADF4 | PRIR320 | - |
| RMBVx5/6 | PAVM481 | - | - | PRVM481 | PRDM481 | - | - |
| RGR | PAVG161 | - | - | PRVG161 | PRDG161 | - | - |
| RGMV | PAVG161 | - | - | PRVG161 | PRDG161 | - | - |
| RMMV | PAVM321 | - | - | PRVM321 | PRDM321 | - | - |
| RMMZ11 / 13 | PAVM321 | - | - | PRVM321 | PRDM321 | - | - |
| RGBZ10 / 11 | PAVG161 | - | - | PRVG161 | PRDG161 | - | - |
| RMBZ30 | PAVM321 | - | - | PRVM321 | PRDM321 | - | - |
| RV LV16 | 78BIP20-I DIN | - | PAIR240 | 731L | ADF3 | PRIR240 | - |
| RDT | PAVD161 | - | PAIR165 | PRVD161 | - | - | PRCD161 |
| RDL | PAVD161 | - | PAIR165 | PRVD161 | - | - | PRCD161 |
| RGL | PAVG161 | - | - | PRVG161 | PRDG161 | - | - |
| RDTE15 / 16 | PAVD161 | - | PAIR165 | PRVD161 | - | - | PRCD161 |
| RGTO | PAVG161 | - | - | PRVG161 | PRDG161 | - | - |
| TMM | 48BIP20-I DIN | 48BL | PAIR160 | 43IL | ADF2 | PRIR160 | 65 |
| TM - TMS | 48BIP20-I DIN | 48BL | PAIR160 | 43IL | ADF2 | PRIR160 | 65 |
| TOK | 48BIP20-I DIN | 48BL | PAIR160 | 43IL | ADF2 | PRIR160 | 65 |
| OKR | 48BIP20-I DIN | 48BL | PAIR160 | 43IL | ADF2 | PRIR160 | 65 |
| OKT | 48BIP20-I DIN | 48BL | PAIR160 | 43IL | ADF2 | PRIR160 | 65 |
| UTM | 48BIP20-I DIN | 48BL | PAIR160 | 43IL | ADF2 | PRIR160 | 65 |
| TOK-L | 48BIP20-I DIN | 48BL | PAIR160 | 43IL | ADF2 | PRIR160 | 65 |
| TOK-FP | 48BIP20-I DIN | 48BL | PAIR160 | 43IL | ADF2 | PRIR160 | 65 |
| OKRE-L | 48BIP20-I DIN | 48BL | PAIR160 | 43IL | ADF2 | PRIR160 | 65 |
| OKRE-FP | 48BIP20-I DIN | 48BL | PAIR160 | 43IL | ADF2 | PRIR160 | 65 |
| CLE | 48BIP20-I DIN | 48BL | PAIR160 | 43IL | ADF2 | PRIR160 | 65 |
| RGK | 48BIP20-I DIN | - | PAIR160 | - | ADF2 | PRIR160 | - |
| MOK-v2 | 48BIP20-I DIN | 48BL | PAIR160 | 43IL | ADF2 | PRIR160 | 65 |

For more details, please see the socket datasheets.

The product code is obtainable from the "Ordering scheme" table indicated in the data sheets for each product.

| Codes to order |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model | Number of CO contacts | Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of input supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Keying position ${ }^{(3)}$ / option |
| POK <br> POKS <br> BIPOK <br> BIPOKS <br> TRIPOK <br> TRIPOKS <br> QUADRIPOKS <br> ESAPOKS | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2-5 A \\ 2-10 A \\ 4-5 A \\ 4-10 A \\ 6-5 A \\ 6-10 A \\ 8-10 A \\ 12-10 A \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { POK } \\ & \text { POKS } \\ & \text { BPOK } \\ & \text { BPOKS } \\ & \text { TPOK } \\ & \text { TPOKS } \\ & \text { QPOK } \\ & \text { EPOK } \end{aligned}$ | E: Energy / Railway fixed equipment <br> R: Railway rolling stock | 1: Standard <br> 2: Diode // <br> 3: Varistor <br> 4: LED <br> 5: Diode // + LED <br> 6: Varistor + LED <br> 7: Transil <br> 8: Transil + LED | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0: Standard } \\ & \text { 2: P2 } \\ & \text { 4: P4 GEO } \\ & \text { 5: P5 GEO } \\ & \text { 6: P6 GEO } \\ & \text { 7: P7 } \\ & \text { 8: P8 } \end{aligned}$ | F | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 012-024-036 \\ 048-072-096 \\ 100-110-125 \\ 127-132-144 \\ 220-230 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{XXX} \\ \mathrm{CS}= \\ \text { PCB-mount } \\ \text { version } \\ \mathrm{L}= \\ \text { Low } \\ \text { temperature } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Example | BPOKS | R | 5 | 8 | F | C | 024 |  |
|  |  | BPOKSR58F-C024-BIPOKS relay, ROLLING STOCK series, nominal voltage 24 Vdc , with diode, LED and P8 finish (gold-plated contacts) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| PRODUCT CODE | Relay model. This field may correspond exactly to the name of the model (e.g. POKS) or may be an abbreviation of the name (e.g. QPOK = QUADRIPOK). |
| :---: | :---: |
| APPLICATION | Sector in which the relay is used. Depending on the sector and application, relays may need to have different finish specifications and to meet special constructional constraints. <br> E Series: Energy/Railway fixed equipment <br> These relays are suitable for use in sectors such as electrical power generation, transmission and distribution, petrochemicals, shipbuilding and heavy industries in general, as well as railway fixed equipment. <br> R Series: Railway rolling stock <br> Relays suitable for use on rolling stock, particularly for railway applications, trams, trolleybuses and metros. " $R$ " relays comply with the requirements of the standards in this sector. |
| CONFIGURATION A | Available versions and options |
| CONFIGURATION B | Available versions and options |
| TYPE OF INPUT SUPPLY | DC voltage, 50 Hz AC voltage, 60 Hz AC voltage, DC + AC voltage. |
| NOMINAL VOLTAGE | Voltage rating of the relay |
| KEYING POSITION/ OPTION | Field used to indicate the possible inclusion of a keying position and/or other options. <br> - Keying position <br> - PCB-mount model (code CS) <br> - "R" application (Railway, rolling stock): depending on the model of the relay, coils may be available with operating ranges different to those indicated in EN60077 standard (0.75... 1.25 Un). Consult the data sheets of the single products for more details. <br> Example of code for ordering a special operating range $=$ Z01, Z02, Z03, etc. <br> - Options (low temperature, manual operating lever, etc.) |

## OPTIONS

Depending on the product line, there is a wide range of options available.

| OPTION | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: |
| P2 / <br> TROPICALIZATION | Tropicalization of coil with epoxy resin for exposure to $95 \%$ RH (@T $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). This treatment also protects the coil against corrosion that could occur through the combination of humidity and certain chemical agents, such as those found in acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| P4GEO / GOLD PLATING | Gold plating of contacts with gold-nickel alloy, thickness $\geq 6 \mu$, on nickel. This treatment ensures long-term capacity of the contact to conduct lower currents in harsh ambient conditions such as acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| P5GEO | P4GEO gold-plating of contacts + P2 coil tropicalization. |
| P6GEO | P4GEO type gold-plating, but applied to contacts, contact terminals and output terminals + P2 coil tropicalization. |
| P7 | AgCdO (silver cadmium oxide) contacts. |
| P8 | Gold plating of contacts with gold-cobalt alloy, thickness $\geq 5 \mu$, knurled fixed contact. This finish allows further improvement of the performance provided by gold-plated contact, compared with P4GEO treatment.. |
| LED | LED indicator showing presence of power supply, wired in parallel with the coil. |
| FLYBACK DIODE | Polarized component connected in parallel to the coil (type 1N4007 or BYW56 for the rolling stock version) designed to attenuate the overvoltages generated by the coil when the contacts are opened. |
| VARISTOR | Non-polarized component connected in parallel with the coil, designed to suppress overvoltages higher than the clamping voltage, generated by the coil when de-energized. |
| TRANSIL | Non-polarized component connected in parallel with the coil. Behavior is similar to that of a varistor, with faster operating times. |
| LOW TEMPERATURE | Minimum operating temperature -50 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, only for rolling stock version (option "L"). |
| C.S. | PCB-mount version (for POK-POKS-BIPOK-BIPOKS relays only). |
| LEVER FOR MANUAL OPERATIONS | Allows manual operation of the relay, with the cover closed, using a screwdriver. |


RELAYS
INSTANTANEOUS MONOSTABLE RELAYS ..... P. 20
MONOSTABLE RELAYS WITH FORCIBLY
GUIDED CONTACTSP. 62
BISTABLE RELAYS ..... P. 82
FAST-ACTING RELAYS (MONOSTABLE AND BISTABLE) ..... P. 102
TIME DELAY RELAYS (ON PICK-UP OR ON DROP-OUT), LOGIC FUNCTION ..... P. 128
TIME DELAY RELAYS WITH FORCIBLY GUIDED CONTACTS ..... P. 176 MEASURING RELAYS ..... P. 184

$\square$ A

# INSTANTANEOUS <br> MONOSTABLE RELAYS 

## RCM | RDM SERIES




## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Compact plug-in instantaneous monostable relays
- High performance, compact dimensions
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Magnetic arc blow-out for higher breaking capacity
- Fitted with mechanical optical contact status indicator as standard
- Relay coupled automatically to socket, with no need for a retaining clip
- Operation using DC or AC power supply (directly, without rectifiers or diodes)
- Wide variety of configurations and customizations
- Also available in current-monitoring version
- Also available in PCB-mount version
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle
- Label holder in cover for customer's use
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

The C and D series are made up of 2 basic models with 2 and 4 change-over contacts, respectively, having similar electrical specifications.
With their compact dimensions and optimum performance, these relays are suitable for the widest imaginable range of applications, from controlling devices such as HV/MV breakers to the supervision of low power logic circuits. The contacts used are designed to give good levels of performance both with high and strongly inductive DC loads, and with particularly low loads such as interface signals; inclusion of the magnetic arc blow-out function (optional) helps to achieve a significant increase in breaking capacity. Knurled contacts ensure not only better self-cleaning characteristics, but also lower ohmic resistance thanks to multiple points of electrical connection, thereby extending the electrical life expectancy of the component.
The construction of the relays and their simplified mechanical design combine to ensure these products offer high reliability in operation, as proven by their use for over 40 years in electrical energy transmission and distribution systems, and fixed equipment used in the railway sector. Benefiting from careful selection of materials, coupled with the tech-
nical and professional skills of human resources involved in design and production, this family of relays has found favor with many customers.

Like all Chauvin Arnoux relays, the models in the C and D series are assembled as part of a controlled manufacturing process in which every step of production is verified by the next step in succession. In effect, each relay is calibrated and tested individually, by hand, in such a way as to guarantee top reliability.
Versatility in manufacture allows the production of relays with any voltage in the range 12 to $220 \mathrm{VDC} / 440 \mathrm{VAC}$, and with a variety of operating ranges adaptable to various application requirements. Typical sectors of use are among the most demanding, such as, for example, electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, fixed equipment for railways, or industries using continuous production processes (chemical and petrochemical, rolling mills, cement factories, etc.). To simplify the operations of installing the relay on the various dedicated sockets, the sockets themselves are equipped with special catches allowing the installer to dispense with retaining clips, although these remain available as accessories.

|  | Nodels | Number of contacts | Magnetic arc blow-out |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |$|$| PCB-mount |
| :--- |
| RCMEx2 - RCMFx2 |
| RCMMx2 |

## TO COMPOSE THE PRODUCT CODE, SEE THE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE

| Coil specifications | RCM | RDM |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal voltages Un | DC: 12-24-48-110-125-132-144-220 ${ }^{(1)}-\mathrm{AC}: 12-24-48-110-125-220-230-380-440^{(1-2)}$ |  |
| Power consumption Un (DC/AC) | $2 \mathrm{WW}^{(3)} / 3.2 \mathrm{VA}{ }^{(4)}-4 \mathrm{VA}{ }^{(5)}$ | $2.5 \mathrm{~W} / 5 \mathrm{VA}{ }^{(4)}-7.5 \mathrm{VA}{ }^{(5)}$ |
| Operating range | DC: 80...120 \% Un - AC: 85...110 \% Un |  |
| Type of duty | Continuous |  |
| Droup-out voltage ${ }^{(6)}$ | DC: $>5 \%$ Un $-\mathrm{AC}:>15 \%$ Un |  |

(1) Other values on request.
(2) Maximum $A C$ value $=380 \mathrm{~V} 50 \mathrm{~Hz}-440 \mathrm{~V} 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$.
(3) 2.3 W for 220 Vdc .
(4) In operation.
(5) On pick-up.
(6) Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as \% of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certain to be de-energized.

| Contact specifications | RCM |  | RDM |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and type | 2 CO, form C |  | 4 CO, form C |  |
| CurrentNominal ${ }^{(1)}$ <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Maximum peak <br> Maximum pulse ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 13A for 1 m | 20A for 1 s 0ms |  |
| Example of electrical life expectancy ${ }^{(3)}$ | RCM.x2-RDM.x2: 0.2A-110Vdc-UR 40ms - 500,000 operations - 1,800 operations/hour <br> RCM.x6-RDM.x6: 0.5A - 110Vdc - L/R 40ms - 150,000 operations - 1,800 operations/hour |  |  |  |
| Minimum loadStandard contacts <br> Gold-plated contact | $\begin{gathered} 200 \mathrm{~mW}(10 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{~mA}) \\ 50 \mathrm{~mW}(5 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| Maximum drop-out voltage | 250 Vdc / 300 Vac |  |  |  |
| Contact material | AgCdO (moving contacts) - AgNi (fixed contacts) |  |  |  |
|  | RCM. 12-16-42-46 | RCM.32-36-62-66 | RDM. 12-16-42-46 | RDM.32-36-62-66 |
| Operating time at Un (ms) ${ }^{(4)}$ | DC - AC | DC | DC - AC | DC |
| Pick-up (NC contact opening) | $\leq 10-\leq 10$ | $\leq 10$ | $\leq 14-\leq 10$ | $\leq 14$ |
| Pick-up (NO contact closing) | $\leq 19-\leq 18$ | $\leq 19$ | $\leq 23-\leq 17$ | $\leq 23$ |
| Drop-out (NO contact opening) | $\leq 4-\leq 8$ | $\leq 11$ | $\leq 5-\leq 8$ | $\leq 32$ |
| Drop-out (NC contact closing) | $\leq 16-\leq 19$ | $\leq 28$ | $\leq 14-\leq 19$ | $\leq 45$ |

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) Maximum peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Unless specified otherwise, operating times are understood as comprising stabilization of the contact (inclusive of bounces).

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )


Mechanical specifications

|  | Mechanical life expectancy | 20x10 operations |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Maximum switching rate | Mechanical | 3,600 operations/hour |  |
|  | Protection (with relay mounted) | IP40 |  |
|  |  | RCM | RDM |
|  | Dimensions $(\mathrm{mm})$ | $40 \times 20 \times 50^{(1)}$ | $40 \times 40 \times 50^{(1)}$ |
| 115 |  |  |  |

1. Excluding output terminals.

## Environmental specifications

Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Fire behavior

Standards and reference vallues
EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
EN 61000
EN 60529

```
-25 to +55 %}\textrm{C
-25 to +70}\mp@subsup{}{}{\circ}\textrm{C
Standard: 75% RH - Tropicalized: 95% RH
V0
```

Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

## Configurations - Options

| TROPICALIZATION | Surface treatment of the coil with protective coating for use with RH $95 \%$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| GOLD PLATING | Surface treatment of contacts, blades and output terminals with gold-cobalt alloy, thickness $\geq 2 \mu$. <br> This treatment ensures long-term capacity of the contact to conduct lower currents. |
| LED | LED indicator showing presence of power supply, wired in parallel with the coil, as alternative to mechanical <br> optical indicator. |
| FLYBACK DIODE | Component connected in parallel with the coil (type $1 N 4007)$ designed to suppress overvoltages generated by <br> the coil when de-energized. |

Ordering scheme

| Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration <br> A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Finish ${ }^{(3)}$ | Keying position code ${ }^{(4)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RCM (2 contacts) <br> RDM <br> (4 contacts) | E: Energy / Railway fixed <br> M: For PCB mounting | 1: Standard <br> 3: Diode // <br> 4: Gold plating <br> 5: LED <br> 6: Gold plating <br> + Diode // <br> 7: Diode // + LED | 2: Standard <br> 6: With magnetic blow-out | F | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 012-024-048 \\ 110-125-132 \\ 144-220-230 \\ 380-440 \end{gathered}$ | T: Tropicalized coil | xX |


(1) ENERGY: all applications except for railway.

RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: application on fixed power systems and electrical railway traction.
For list of RFI compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
M: PCB-mount models. Specifications as per "Energy" application but with output terminals suitable for soldering to PCB.
Also available is the STATIONS series, with ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications. For list of ENEL compliant and type-approved products,
consult dedicated catalog "STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20"
(2) Other values on request. Voltages 380 V and 440 V available as Vac only.
(3) Optional value.
(4) Optional value. The positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.


Dimensions



RCMM (for PCB)
Hole layout (from solder side)


RDMM (for PCB)
Hole layout (from solder side)


| Sockets and retaining clips |  | Type of outputs | RCM |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type of installation | Screw |  | RDM |
| Wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | PAVC081 | PAVD161 <br> PAVD164 |  |
|  | Double faston $(4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | PRDC081 | - |
| VM1821 |  |  |  |
|  | Screw | PRVC081 | PRVD161 |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate. For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle. No special maintenance is required. Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

## RGM SERIES

 industry


RGM

PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in monostable instantaneous relay
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Very long electrical life expectancy and exceptional endurance
- Magnetic arc blow-out for higher breaking capacity
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Lever for manual operation (optional)
- Fitted with mechanical optical contact status indicator as standard
- Operation using DC or AC power supply (directly, without rectifiers or diodes)
- Wide variety of configurations and customizations
- Also available in current-monitoring version
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle
- Label holder in cover for customer's use
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

The relays in the RGM series are highly reliable products providing top performance, suitable for applications in particularly harsh and unsettled environments, such as high voltage electricity distribution stations and medium voltage substations. The mechanical design of the relay is such as to allow the development of numerous custom solutions, in the event that the standard models do not fully respond to the required performance parameters. Thanks to its exceptional breaking capacity, the relay is suitable for controlling heavy duty loads with intensive switching frequency, where safety and continuity of operation are all-important. A product of proven reliability, as demonstrated by its use for over 40 years in electrical energy transmission and distribution systems, and fixed equipment used in the railway sector. Benefiting also from careful selection of materials, coupled with the technical and professional skills of human resources involved in design and production, this family of relays has found favour with many important and high profile customers..

Versatility in manufacture allows the production of relays with any voltage in the range 12 to 250VDC/440VAC, and with
a variety of operating ranges adaptable to different application requirements.

The contacts used are of a type designed to give notable levels of performance both with high and strongly inductive DC loads, and with particularly low loads; inclusion of the magnetic arc blow-out function (optional) helps to achieve a considerable increase in breaking capacity. Knurled contacts ensure not only better self-cleaning characteristics, but also lower ohmic resistance thanks to multiple points of electrical connection, thereby extending the electrical life expectancy of the component.

All models offer the facility of manual operation, so that tests can be performed even in the absence of electrical power. Like all our relays, models in the $G$ series are assembled as part of a controlled manufacturing process in which every step of production is verified by the next step in succession. In effect, each relay is calibrated and tested individually, by hand, in such a way as to guarantee top reliability.

(1) Other values on request.
(2) $380 \mathrm{~V} 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 440 \mathrm{~V} 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$.
(3) In operation.
(4) On pick-up.
(5) Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as $\%$ of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certain to be de-energized.

| Contact specifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and type | 4 CO, form C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CurrentNominal ${ }^{(1)}$ <br>  <br>  <br> Maximum peak <br>  <br> Maximum pulse ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |  | 12 A for 1 m 150 A | (2) <br> - 40A for 10 ms |  |  |  |
| Example of electrical life expectancy ${ }^{(4)}$ | RGM.x3-x4-x5 : 0.5A-110Vdc-L/R 40 ms - $10^{5}$ operations - 1,800 operations/hour RGM.x4-x5 (NC or NO auxiliary contact) : 0.2 A - $110 \mathrm{Vdc}-\operatorname{LR} 40 \mathrm{~ms}-10^{5}$ operations $-1,800$ operations/hour <br> RGM.x7: 1A - 110 Vdc - L/R $40 \mathrm{~ms}-10^{5}$ operations- 1,800 operations/hour <br> RGM.x8: $1 \mathrm{~A}-125 \mathrm{Vdc}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R} 40 \mathrm{~ms}-10^{6}$ operations -600 operations/hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum load Standard contacts Gold-plated contacts | $\begin{gathered} 200 \mathrm{~mW}(10 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{~mA}) \\ 50 \mathrm{~mW}(5 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum breaking voltage | 350 VDC / 440 VAC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contact material | AgCdO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RGM.13-17-43-47 | RGM. 33-37-63-67 | RGM. 18 | RGM. 38 | RGM.14-44 | RGM. 34-64 | RGM. 15-45 | RGM. 35-65 |
| Operating time at Un (ms) ${ }^{(5)}$ | DC - AC | DC | DC - AC | DC | DC - AC | DC | DC - AC | DC |
| Pick-up (NC contact opening) | $\leq 20-\leq 11$ | $\leq 20$ | $\leq 20-\leq 11$ | $\leq 20$ | $\leq 16-\leq 11$ | $\leq 16$ | $\leq 16-\leq 11$ | $\leq 16$ |
| Pick-up (NO contact closing) | $\leq 35-\leq 30$ | $\leq 35$ | $\leq 40-\leq 35$ | $\leq 40$ | $\leq 35-\leq 30$ | $\leq 35$ | $\leq 35-\leq 30$ | $\leq 35$ |
| Drop-out (NO contact opening) | $\leq 10-\leq 20$ | $\leq 47$ | $\leq 10-\leq 20$ | $\leq 47$ | $\leq 10-\leq 25$ | $\leq 47$ | $\leq 10-\leq 25$ | $\leq 47$ |
| Drop-out (NC contact closing) | $\leq 53-\leq 65$ | $\leq 85$ | $\leq 60-\leq 70$ | $\leq 95$ | $\leq 70-\leq 75$ | $\leq 100$ | $\leq 70-\leq 75$ | $\leq 100$ |
| Pick-up (NC auxiliary contact opening) | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\leq 16-\leq 12$ | $\leq 20$ |
| Pick-up (NO auxiliary contact closing) | - | - | - | - | $\leq 33-\leq 25$ | $\leq 33$ | - | - |
| Drop-out (NO auxiliary contact opening) | - | - | - | - | $\leq 30-\leq 45$ | $\leq 46$ |  | - |
| Drop-out (NC auxiliary contact opening) | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\leq 70-\leq 75$ | $\leq 95$ |

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) Models RGM. x 4 / RGM. x 5 only: $5^{\circ} \mathrm{NO}$ or NC contact: nominal current 5 A.
(3) Maximum peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(4) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(5) Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces)

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts
Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts between adjacent contacts Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground

[^0]Mechanical specifications

|  | Mechanical life expectancy | $20 \times 10^{6}$ operations |
| ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Maximum switching rate | Mechanical | 3,600 operations/hour |
| Protection | IP40 |  |
| Dimensions $(\mathrm{mm})$ | $45 \times 50 \times 86^{(1)}$ |  |
| Weight $(\mathrm{g})$ | 270 |  |

(1) Excluding output terminals

Environmental specifications

Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Fire behavior
-25 to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-25 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Standard: 75\% RH - Tropicalized: 95\% RH V0

Standards and reference values
EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
EN 61000
EN 60529

Electromechanical elementary relays Fire behavior Electromagnetic compatibility Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above.
In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity.
Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

| 風管 | Configurations - Options |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TROPICALIZATION |  | Surface treatment of coil with protective coating for use in conditions of RH 95\%. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | GOLD PLATING |  | Surface treatment of contacts, blades and output terminals with gold-cobalt alloy, thickness $\geq 2 \mu$. This treatment ensures long-term capacity of the contact to conduct lower currents. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | LED |  | LED indicator showing presence of power supply, wired in parallel with the coil, as alternative to mechanical optical indicator. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | FLYBACK DIODE |  | Component connected in parallel with the coil (type 1N4007) designed to suppress overvoltages generated by the coil when de-energized. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | LEVER FOR MANUAL OPERATION |  | Allows manual operation of the relay, with the cover closed, using a screwdriver. If the lever is fitted, there will be no luminous optical indicator. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ? 0 | Ordering scheme |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration <br> A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Finish ${ }^{(3)}$ | Keying position code ${ }^{(4)}$ |
|  | RGM | E: Energy <br> F: Railway <br> Fixed <br> Equipment | 1: Standard <br> 3: Diode // <br> 4: Gold plating <br> 5: Led <br> 6: Gold plating <br> + Diode // <br> 7: Diode // <br> + Led | 3: 4 CO contracts <br> 4: 4 CO contracts +1 NO auxiliary contact <br> 5: 4 CO contracts + 1 NC auxiliary contact <br> 7: 4 CO contracts with magnetic arc blow-out <br> 8: 4 CO contracts, long travel with magnetic arc blow-out | F | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 012-024-048 \\ 110-125-132 \\ 144-220-230 \\ 380-440 \end{gathered}$ | T: Tropicalized coil <br> M: Manual operation ${ }^{5)}$ | xxx |
|  | RGM | E | 3 | 7 | F | C | 048 | TM |  |
| $\frac{0}{\varrho}$ | RGME37F-C048/TM = ENERGY series relay with flyback diode, magnetic arc blow-out, 48Vdc tropicalized coil and manual operating lever. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{\boxed{0}}{\underset{\sim}{x}}$ | RGM | E | 1 | 3 | F | A | 110 |  | OOG |
|  | RGMF17F-A110-OOG = RAILWAY series relay, fixed equipment, with 110V 50 Hz coil and keying position OOG. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) ENERGY: all applications except for railway.

RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: application on fixed power systems and electrical railway traction. For list of RFI compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
Also available is the STATIONS series, with ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications. For list of ENEL compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalog
"STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20"
(2) Other values on request. Voltages 380 V and 440 V available as Vac only.
(3) Optional value. Multiple selection possible (e.g. TM).
(4) Optional value. Positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.
(5) With manual operation, no optical indicator.

# Cles <br>  <br> A2 <br> $\left.\right|_{10} ^{1}$ <br> A2 B1(+) 

Dimensions



| Sockets and retaining clips |  |  |  |  | Type of outputs | Model | Retaining clip |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Screw | PAVG161 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wall or DIN rail mounting | Double faston $(4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | PRDG161 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flush mounting | Screw | PRVG161 |  |  |  |  |  |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate. For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For safe and secure operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

## RMMX SERIES



PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in monostable instantaneous relay
- Compact dimensions than RMM Series
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Long electrical life expectancy and exceptional endurance
- Operation using d.c. or a.c. power supply (directly, without rectifiers or diodes)
- Magnetic arc blow-out (optional) for higher breaking capacity
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Mechanical optical device (standard) or Led (optional for d.c. versions) indicating energized status of coil
- Transparent cover, with access for manual operation (standard) and pull-out handle
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

RMMX relays line are derived from models in theRGMX line, offering the same specifications and performance and available with a generous number of contacts (8): in short, highly reliable products providing top performance and suitable for applications in particularly harsh and unsettled environments, such as high voltage electricity distribution stations and medium voltage substations. The mechanical design of the relay is such as to allow the development of numerous custom solutions, in the event that the standard models do not fully respond to the required performance parameters.

Thanks to its high breaking capacity, the relay is suitable for controlling heavy duty loads with intensive switching frequency, where safety and continuity of operation are all-important.

Versatility in manufacture allows the production of relays with any voltage between 12 and 250Vd.c./380Va.c.
Manual operation is specified for all models, allowing tests to be conducted in the absence of any power supply.

The contacts used are of a type designed to give top performance both with high and strongly inductive d.c. loads, and with particularly low loads; inclusion of the magnetic arc blow-out function (optional) helps to achieve a considerable increase in breaking capacity.

Knurled contacts ensure not only better self-cleaning characteristics, but also lower ohmic resistance thanks to multiple points of electrical connection, thereby extending the electrical life expectancy of the component.
Benefiting from careful selection of materials, plus the technical and professional skills of human resources involved in design and production, this is a product suitable for the most demanding of environments.
Like all our relays, these models are assembled as part of a controlled manufacturing process in which every step of production is verified by the next step in succession.

Each relay is calibrated and tested individually, by hand, so as to guarantee top reliability.

Number of contacts
Magnetic arc blow-out

| RMM.x2X | 8 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RMM.x6X | 8 | $\bullet$ |

## FOR CONFIGURATION OF PRODUCT CODE, SEE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE

| Coil specifications | RMM.x2X-x6X |
| ---: | :---: |
| Nominal voltages Un | DC: 12-24-48-110-125-132-220 ${ }^{(1)}-\mathrm{AC}: \mathbf{1 2 - 2 4 - 4 8 - 1 1 0 - 1 2 5 - 2 3 0 - 3 8 0 - 4 4 0 ~}{ }^{(1-2)}$ |
| Consumption at Un (DC/AC) | $3 \mathrm{~W} / 6.5 \mathrm{VA}{ }^{(3)}-11.5 \mathrm{VA}{ }^{(4)}$ |
| Operating range | DC: $80 \div 115 \%$ Un $-\mathrm{AC}: 85 \div 110 \%$ Un |
| Type of duty | Continuous |
| Drop-out voltage ${ }^{(5)}$ | DC: $>5 \%$ Un $-\mathrm{AC}:>15 \%$ Un |

(1) Other values on request.
(2) Maximum value, $\mathrm{AC}=380 \mathrm{~V} 50 \mathrm{~Hz}-440 \mathrm{~V} 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$.
(3) In operation.
(4) On pick-up.
(5) Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as $\%$ of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certain to be de-energized.

| Contact specifications | RMM.12X-16X-42X-46X | RMM.32X-36X-52X-56X-62X-66X-72X-76X |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and type | 8 CO, form C |  |
| Current $\quad$Nominal <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Maximum peak <br> (2) <br> Maximum pulse | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 20 \mathrm{~A} \text { for } 1 \mathrm{~min}-40 \mathrm{~A} \text { for } 1 \mathrm{~s} \\ & 150 \mathrm{~A} \text { for } 10 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Example of electrical life expectancy ${ }^{(3)}$ | RMMEx2X: 0.5A-110Vdc-L/R 40ms - $10^{5}$ operations $-1,800$ operations/hour <br> RMMEx6X: 1A - 110 Vdc - L/R $40 \mathrm{~ms}-10^{5}$ operations $-1,800$ operations/hour |  |
| Minimum load Standard contacts Gold-plated contacts | $\begin{gathered} 200 \mathrm{~mW}(10 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{~mA}) \\ 50 \mathrm{~mW}(5 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Maximum breaking voltage | 350 VDC / 440 VAC |  |
| Contact material | AgCdO |  |
| Operating time at Un (ms) ${ }^{(4)}$ Pick-up (NC contact opening) Pick-up (NO contact closing) Drop-out (NO contact opening) Drop-out (NC contact closing) | $\begin{array}{rll} D C & -A C \\ \leq 20 & - & \leq 13 \\ \leq 45 & - & \leq 50 \\ \leq 8 & - & \leq 25 \\ \leq 45 & -\leq 60 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{DC} \\ & \leq 20 \\ & \leq 45 \\ & \leq 42 \\ & \leq 85 \end{aligned}$ |

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) Maximum peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces).

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500VCD)

|  | $>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ <br> between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground <br> between open contact parts |
| :--- | :--- |

Mechanical specifications

| Mechanical life expectancy | $20 \times 10^{6}$ operations |
| ---: | :---: |
| Maximum mechanical switching rate | 3,600 operationss/h |
| Degree of protection | IP50 fitted to socket |
| Dimensions $(\mathrm{mm})$ | $45 \times 90 \times 100{ }^{(1)}$ |
| Weight $(\mathrm{g})$ | 380 |

[^1]Environmental specifications

| Operating temperature | $-25 \div+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Storage and shipping temperature | $-25 \div+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity | Standard: $75 \%$ RH - Tropicalized: $95 \%$ RH |
| Fire behavior | V 0 |

Standards and reference values
EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10

## All-or-nothing relays

Fire behavior
EN 60529
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

## Configurations - Options

TROPICALIZATION
Surface treatment of coil with protective coating for use in conditions of RH 95\%. This treatment serves to give the coil added protection against corrosion that could occur as a result of moisture reacting with certain chemical agents such as those found in acid or saline atmospheres.

GOLD PLATING
Surface treatment of contacts, blades and output terminals with gold, thickness $\geq 2 \mu$. This treatment ensures long-term capacity of the contact to conduct low levels of current, even in adverse ambient conditions.

| LED | Luminous indicator showing presence of power supply, wired in parallel with the coil, as alternative to <br> mechanical optical indicator. |
| :--- | :--- |
| FLYBACK DIODE | Component connected in parallel with the coil designed to suppress overvoltages generated by the coil when <br> de-energized. |


| Ordering scheme |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Finish ${ }^{(3)}$ | Keying position code ${ }^{(4)}$ |
| RMM | E: Energy <br> F: Railway <br> Fixed Equipment | 1: Standard <br> 3: Diode // <br> 4: Gold plating <br> 5: Led <br> 6: Gold plating <br> + Diode // <br> 7: Diode // + <br> Led | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2X: } 8 \text { CO } \\ & \text { contacts } \end{aligned}$ | F | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 012-024-048 \\ 110-125-132 \\ 220-230-380 \\ 440 \end{gathered}$ | T: <br> Tropicalized coil | XX |



[^2]

Dimensions

(*) access to the manual operating lever



Switching frequency: 1,200 operations/hour


## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
To ensure correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 20 mm in the vertical; this will allow the heat generated by the coils to rise and dissipate as necessary. Check the distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
Retaining clips are used to ensure that the relay is secured correctly to the socket.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

## RMM SERIES




## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in monostable instantaneous relay
- Compact dimensions than RMM Series
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Long electrical life expectancy and exceptional endurance
- Operation using d.c. or a.c. power supply (directly, without rectifiers or diodes)
- Magnetic arc blow-out (optional) for higher breaking capacity
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Operation using d.c. or a.c. power supply
- Transparent cover, with access for manual operation (standard) and pull-out handle
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

Relays of the RMM series are monostable multipole types with 8, 12 and 20 change-over contacts. RMM relays share the same basic mechanical design as those of the RGM series, and offer the same specifications and performance.

These are highly reliable products providing top performance, suitable for applications in particularly harsh and unsettled environments, such as high voltage electricity distribution stations and medium voltage substations. The mechanical design of the relay is such as to allow the development of numerous custom solutions, in the event that the standard models do not fully respond to the required performance parameters. Thanks to its exceptional breaking capacity, the relay is suitable for controlling heavy duty loads with intensive switching frequency, where safety and continuity of operation are all-important. A product of proven reliability, as demonstrated by its use for over $\mathbf{4 0}$ years in electrical energy transport and distribution systems, and fixed equipment used in the railway sector.

Benefiting also from careful selection of materials, coupled with the technical and professional skills of human resources involved in design and production, this family of relays has found favor with many important and high profile customers.

Versatility in manufacture allows the production of relays with any voltage in the range 12 to $250 \mathrm{VDC} / 440 \mathrm{VAC}$, and with a variety of operating ranges adaptable to different application requirements. The contacts used are of a type designed to give good levels of performance both with high and strongly inductive d.c. loads, and with particularly low loads. Inclusion of the magnetic arc blowout function (optional) helps to achieve a considerable increase in breaking capacity, whilst the knurled contacts ensure not only better self-cleaning characteristics, but also lower ohmic resistance thanks to multiple points of electrical connection, thereby extending the electrical life expectancy of the component. All models offer the facility of manual operation, so that tests can be performed even in the absence of electrical power. To ensure that the relay remains firmly anchored to the sockets, these are equipped with fixing screws, so that there is no need for the use of retaining clips.

Like all AMRA relays, models of the RMM series are assembled as part of a controlled manufacturing process in which every step of production is verified by the next step in succession. In effect, each relay is calibrated and tested individually, by hand, in such a way as to guarantee the maximum level of reliability possible.

| Models | Number of contacts | Magnetic arc blow-out |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RMM.x2 | 8 |  |
| RMM.x6 | 8 | $\bullet$ |
| RMM.x3 | 12 |  |
| RMM.x7 | 12 | $\bullet$ |
| RMM.x4 | 20 |  |
| RMM.x8 | 20 | $\bullet$ |

## FOR CONFIGURATION OF PRODUCT CODE, SEE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE

| Coil specifications | RMM. $\times 2-x 6$ | RMM.x3-x4-x7-x8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal voltages Un | DC: 12-24-48-110-125-132-144-220 ${ }^{(1)}$ | AC: 12-24-48-110-125-220-230-380-440 ${ }^{(1-2)}$ |
| Consumption at Un (DC/AC) | $3 \mathrm{~W} / 6.5 \mathrm{VA}^{(3)}-11.5 \mathrm{VA}^{(4)}$ | $6 \mathrm{~W} / 15 \mathrm{VA}^{(3)}-25 \mathrm{VA}{ }^{(4)}$ |
| Operating range | DC: $80 \ldots 120 \%$ Un - AC: $85 \ldots 110 \%$ Un |  |
| Type of duty Continuous | Continious |  |
| Drop-out voltage ${ }^{(5)}$ | DC: > 5\% U | - AC: $>15 \%$ Un |

(1) Other values on request.
(2) Maximum value, a.c. $=380 \mathrm{~V} 50 \mathrm{~Hz}-440 \mathrm{~V} 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$.
(3) In operation.
(4) On pick-up.
(5) Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as \% of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certain to be de-energized.

Contact specifications

| Number and type | 8-12-20 CO, form C |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current Nominal ${ }^{(1)}$ <br>  Maximum peak ${ }^{(2)}$ <br> Maximum pulse ${ }^{(2)}$  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 20 \mathrm{~A} \text { for } 1 \mathrm{~min}-40 \mathrm{~A} \text { for } 1 \mathrm{~s} \\ & 150 \mathrm{~A} \text { for } 10 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Example of electrical life expectancy ${ }^{(3)}$ | RMM.x2-x3-x4: $0.5 \mathrm{~A}-110 \mathrm{Vdc}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R} 40 \mathrm{~ms}-10^{5}$ operations $-1,800$ operations/hour RMM.x6-x7-x8: 1A - $110 \mathrm{Vdc}-\operatorname{L/R} 40 \mathrm{~ms}-10^{5}$ operations - 1,800 operations/hour |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum load Standard contacts Gold-plated contacts | $\begin{gathered} 200 \mathrm{~mW}(10 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{~mA}) \\ 50 \mathrm{~mW}(5 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum drop-out voltage | 350 VDC / 440 VAC |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contact material | AgCdO |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating time at Un (ms) ${ }^{(4)}$ | RMM. 12-16-42-46 | RMM. 13-17-43-47 | RMM. 14-18-44-48 | RMM. 32-36-62-66 | RMM. 33-37-63-67 | RMM. 34-38-64-68 |
|  | DC - AC | DC - AC | DC - AC | DC | DC | DC |
| Pick-up (NC contact opening) | $\leq 15-\leq 10$ | $\leq 13-\leq 10$ | $\leq 14-\leq 10$ | $\leq 15$ | $\leq 13$ | $\leq 14$ |
| Pick-up (NO contact closing) | $\leq 40-\leq 32$ | $\leq 37-\leq 35$ | $\leq 45-\leq 35$ | $\leq 40$ | $\leq 37$ | $\leq 40$ |
| Drop-out (NO contact opening) | $\leq 12-\leq 30$ | $\leq 12-\leq 30$ | $\leq 8-\leq 35$ | $\leq 104$ | $\leq 31$ | $\leq 35$ |
| Drop-out (NC contact closing) | $\leq 64-\leq 110$ | $\leq 70-\leq 80$ | $\leq 42-\leq 73$ | $\leq 150$ | $\leq 80$ | $\leq 75$ |

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) Maximum peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Unless specified otherwise, operating times are understood as comprising stabilization of the contact (inclusive of bounces).

Insulation
Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts
Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts between adjacent contacts
Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts

## $>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

$>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

2 kV (1 min) - 2.2 kV (1 s)
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$

| Mechanical specifications | RMM.x2-x6 | RMM.x3-x7 | RMM.x4-x8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mechanical life expectancy | $20 \times 10^{6}$ operations |  |  |
| Maximum switching rate Mechanical | 3,600 operations/hour |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP40 |  |  |
| Dimensions (mm) Weight (g) | $\begin{gathered} 132 \times 58 \times 84{ }^{(1)} \\ 430 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 188 \times 58 \times 84{ }^{(1)} \\ 720 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 300 \times 58 \times 84^{(1)} \\ 1100 \end{gathered}$ |

(1) Excluding output terminals

## Environmental specifications

Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Fire behavior
-25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Standard: 75\% RH - Tropicalized: 95\% RH
V0

Standards and reference values
EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
Electromechanical elementary relays
Fire behavior
EN 61000
EN 60529

Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above.
In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity.
Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

| Configurations - Options |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| TROPICALIZATION | Surface treatment of the coil with protective coating for use with RH $95 \%$. |
| GOLD PLATING | Surface treatment of contacts, blades and output terminals with gold-cobalt, thickness $\geq 2 \mu$. <br> This treatment ensures long-term capacity of the contact to conduct lower currents. |
| LED | Luminous indicator showing presence of power supply, wired in parallel with the coil, as alternative <br> to mechanical optical indicator. |
| FLYBACK DIODE | Component connected in parallel with the coil (type 1 N 4007 ) designed to suppress overvoltages <br> generated by the coil when de-energized. |
| LEVER FOR MANUAL OPERATION | Allows manual operation of the relay, with the cover closed, using a screwdriver. |



| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{0}{O} \\ & \underline{\xi} \\ & \widetilde{\sim} \\ & \underset{\sim}{x} \end{aligned}$ | RMM | E | 4 | 7 | F | A | 024 | M |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RMME47F-A024/M = ENERGY series relay with 20 gold-plated contacts, magnetic arc blow-out, 24Vac coil and manual operating lever. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RMM | F | 1 | 3 | F | C | 110 | T |  |
|  | RMMF13F-C110/T = RAILWAY series relay, fixed equipment, 12 contacts with 110 Vdc tropicalized coil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) ENERGY : all applications except for railway.

RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: application on fixed power systems and electrical railway traction. For list of RFI compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
Also available is the STATIONS series, with ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications. For list of ENEL compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalog
"STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20".
(2) Other values on request. Voltages 380 V and 440 V available as Vac only.
(3) Optional value. Multiple selection possible (e.g. TM).
(4) Optional value. Positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's product model.
(5) With manual operation, no optical indicator.


Dimensions

(*) Models with manual operating lever (optional) are provided with a hole at the front giving access to the lever.
The position of the data plate holder and the mechanical optical indicator can vary depending on the version.

## Electrical life expectancy



Switching frequency: 1,200 operations/hour

| Sockets |  |  | RMM.x2-x6 | RMM.x3-x7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs |  |  |  |
| Wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | Screw | PAVM321 | PAVM481 | PAVM801 |
| Flush mounting | Double faston $(4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | PRDM321 | PRDM481 | PRDM801 |
|  | Screw | PRVM321 | PRVM481 | PRVM801 |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental conditions during operation, and on the relay duty cycle.
Retaining clips are not required, as a secure connection is guaranteed by the fixing screws. These same screws also serve to facilitate installation and removal of the relay. To ensure correct use, the screws must be tightened / loosened in alternating sequence, by degrees.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

## POK SERIES


Fixed railway
installations



POK


TRIPOK


BIPOK


QUADRIPOK

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Compact plug-in monostable instantaneous relays
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Long life expectancy
- Independent and self-cleaning contacts
- Separate arc breaking chambers
- Magnetic arc blow-out standard
- Excellent shock and vibration resistance
- Option for use in geothermal sites available
- Also available in current-monitoring version
- Also available in PCB-mount version
- Wide variety of configurations and customizations
- Wide range of sockets
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

The POK series is made up of 5 basic models, created from a single module with 2 contacts that can be used in multiple combinations to provide solutions with 2-4-6-8 and 12 change-over contacts.

The construction of the relays and careful choice of the materials are such that they ensure long life and considerable ruggedness even in harsh operating environments and in the presence of strong temperature fluctuations.

A specific treatment (P5GEO or P6GEO) combining coil tropicalization with gold-plated contacts allows the use of these items in geothermal electric power stations, as relays for signalling functions, for controlling intermediate devices and for all non-power circuits.

Excellent electrical and mechanical performance levels allow the product to be used in the most demanding of sectors such as,for example, control and signalling functions in electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, rail transport or in industries with continuous production processes (chemical industry, petroleum industry, rolling mills, cement factories, etc.).
Above all, the excellent ability to withstand shock and vibration allow their use on rolling stock.

Safe and reliable operation is guaranteed by:

- Contact terminals without connecting braids and soldered joints. The terminals connecting with the socket are provided by a direct extension of the contacts.
- Mechanism without return springs.
- Adoption of all-metallic operating mechanism, unaffected by the thermal ageing that typically degrades organic materials, such as plastics.
- Excellent shock and vibration resistance.
- Notable resistance to high operating temperatures and high thermal shocks.

The self-cleaning contacts are independent, being anchored neither one to another nor to a common operating mechanism. Positioned in separate chambers, they enable better breaking of the arc.

In addition, they are equipped with magnetic arc blowout, guaranteeing a particularly efficient break of direct current loads. The common contact is mounted to a separate returndevice, consisting in a flexible blade designed to ensure uniformity of the pressures on break contacts. Given their dimensions and specifications, POK relays provide the logical complement to power relays of the OK series.


1. On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
2. The max. peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
3. For other values, see electrical life expectancy curves.
4. Specifications of contacts on new relay
a. Plating material: P4GEO: gold-nickel alloy (>6 $) \quad$ P8 : gold-cobalt alloy ( $>5 \mu$ ), knurled contact
b. When the gold-plated contact is subject to heavy loads, it will be degraded on the surface. In this case, the characteristics of the standard contact should be taken into consideration.This does not impair relay operation.
5. Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces).
6. Addition of a flyback diode connected in parallel with the coil (DC version only) causes an increase in operating time when the relay drops out.

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts
between adjacent contacts
Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts

$$
>1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega
$$

$$
>1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega
$$

$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
$1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-1.1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$ $2.5 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-3 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$

5 kV
3 kV

Mechanical specifications

|  | Mechanical life expectancy |  | DC: $20 \times 10^{6} \quad$ AC: $10 \times 10^{6}$ operations |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum switching rate Mechanical |  |  | 3,600 operations / hour |  |  |
| Degree of protection (with relay mounted) |  |  | IP40 |  |  |
|  | POK-POKS | BIPOK-BIPOKS | TRIPOK-TRIPOKS | QUADRIPOKS | ESAPOKS |
| Dimensions (mm) ${ }^{(1)}$ Weight (g) | $\begin{gathered} 20 \times 50 \times 45 \\ \sim 90 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 40 \times 50 \times 45 \\ \sim 170 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} 60 & \times 50 \times 45 \\ & \sim 250 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} 80 & \times 61 \times 45 \\ & \sim 340 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 120 \times 50 \times 45 \\ \sim 520 \end{gathered}$ |

1. Excluding output terminals

## Environmental specifications

Operating temperature
Standard
Version for railways, rolling stock
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Resistance to vibrations
Resistance to shock
Fire behavior
$-25^{\circ}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$-25^{\circ}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$-50^{\circ}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Standard: 75\% RH - Tropicalized: 95\% RH 5 g-10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}-1$ min $20 \mathrm{~g}-11 \mathrm{~ms}$
V0

## Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
EN 61000
EN 60529

Electromechanical elementary relays
Fire behavior
Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, the products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the above-mentioned European and International standards.
In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity.
Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

## Railways, rolling stock - Standards

EN 60077
EN 50155
EN 61373
EN 45545-2
ASTM E162, E662

Electric equipment for rolling stock - General service conditions and general rules
Electronic equipment used on rolling stock
Shock and vibration tests, Cat 1, Class B
Fire behavior, Cat E10, Requirement R26, V0
Fire behavior

Railways, rolling stock - Special operating ranges for POK(s) - BIPOK(s) relays ${ }^{(1)}$

| Nominal voltage | Minimum pick-up voltage | Maximum operating voltage | Order symbol (1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 Vdc | 18 | 33 | Z01 |
| 24 Vdc | 16 | 32 | Z02 |
| 24 Vdc | 16.8 | 32 | Z03 |
| 24 Vdc | 19 | 30 | Z04 |
| 36 Vdc | 28 | 46 | Z01 |
| 72 Vdc | 55 | 104 | Z01 |
| 72 Vdc | 55 | 96 | Z02 |
| 110 Vdc | 77 | 144 | Z01 |

[^3]| P2 | Tropicalization of the coil with epoxy resin for use with $95 \%$ RH (@ T $50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). This treatment also protects the <br> coil against corrosion which could occur by combination of the humidity with certain chemical agents, such as <br> those found in acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| :--- | :--- |
| P4GEO | Gold plating of contacts with gold-nickel alloy, thickness $\geq 6 \mu$. This treatment ensures long-term capacity <br> of the contact to conduct lower currents in harsh ambient conditions such as acid atmospheres (typical of <br> geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| P5GEO | P4GEO gold-plating of contacts + P2 coil tropicalization. |
| P6GEO | P4GEO type gold-plating, but applied to contacts, contact terminals and output terminals + P2 coil <br> tropicalization. |
| P7 | AgCdO (silver cadmium oxide) contacts. |
| LED | Gold plating of contacts with gold-cobalt alloy, thickness $\geq 5 \mu$, knurled fixed contact. This finish allows further <br> improvement of the performance provided by gold-plated contact, compared to P4GEO treatment. |
| FLYBACK DIODE | LED indicator showing presence of power supply, wired in parallel with the coil. |
| VARISTOR | Polarized component connected in parallel with the coil (type 1N4007 or BYW56 for rolling stock version) <br> designed to suppress overvoltages generated by the coil when de-energized. |
| TRANSIL | Non-polarized component connected in parallel with the coil, designed to suppress overvoltages higher than <br> the clamping voltage, generated by the coil when de-energized. |
| LOW TEMPERATURE | Non-polarized component connected in parallel with the coil. Behavior is similar to that of a varistor, with <br> faster operating times. |
| C.S. | Minimum operating temperature -50ㅇ, only for rolling stock version (option "L"). |

Ordering scheme

| Model | Number of CO contacts | Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage $(\mathrm{V})^{(2)}$ | Keying position ${ }^{(3)}$ / option |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POK <br> POKS <br> BIPOK <br> BIPOKS <br> TRIPOK <br> TRIPOKS <br> QUADRIPOKS <br> ESAPOKS | $\begin{aligned} & 2-5 A \\ & 2-10 A \\ & 4-5 A \\ & 4-10 A \\ & 6-5 A \\ & 6-10 A \\ & 8-10 A \\ & 12-10 A \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { POK } \\ & \text { POKS } \\ & \text { BPOK } \\ & \text { BPOKS } \\ & \text { TPOK } \\ & \text { TPOKS } \\ & \text { QPOK } \\ & \text { EPOK } \end{aligned}$ | E: Energy <br> Railway <br> Fixed <br> Equipment <br> R: Railway <br> Rolling <br> Stock* | 1: Standard <br> 2: Diode // <br> 3: Varistor <br> 4: Led <br> 5: Diode // + Led <br> 6: Varistor + Led <br> 7: Transil <br> 8: Transil + Led | 0: Standard <br> 2: P2 <br> 4: P4 GEO <br> 5: P5 GEO <br> 6: P6 GEO <br> 7: P7 <br> 8: P8 | F | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 012-024-036 \\ 048-072-096 \\ 100-110-125 \\ 127-132-144 \\ 220-230 \end{gathered}$ | XXX <br> CS = <br> PCB-mount version <br> $\mathrm{L}=$ <br> low <br> temperature** |


| Example | TPOKS | E | 3 | 0 | F | A | 230 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TPOKSE30F-A230-TRIPOKS relay, ENERGY series, nominal voltage $\mathbf{2 3 0}$ Vac, equipped with varistor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | BPOKS | R | 5 | 8 | F | C | 024 |  |
|  | BPOKSR58F-CO24-BIPOKS relay, ROLLING STOCK series, nominal voltage 24 Vdc, equipped with diode, LED, with P8 finish (gold-plated contacts) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | POK | R | 1 | 0 | F | C | 110 | L |
|  | POKR10F - C110 L - POK relay, rolling stock series, nominal voltage 110 Vdc with option "L" (low temp.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## (1) $\mathrm{E}=$ ENERGY: all applications, except for railways rolling stock.

Suitable on energy production, transport and distribution plants, railways fixed equipment, petrolchemical and heavy industry.
R = RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: Application on board rolling stock (rail-tram-trolley vehicles). Electrical characteristics according to EN60077. Availables also the product series:
RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: Approved and conforming relays and products to RFI (FS Group) specification no. RFI DPRIM STF IFS TE 143 A
For the list of RFI approved and conforming products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
STATIONS: ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications.
For the list of ENEL approved and conforming products, consult the dedicated catalog "STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20"
(2) Other values on request.
(3) Optional value. PCB-mount version available for POK - POKS - BIPOK - BIPOKS only. Multiple selection possible (e.g. CS - L). The positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model (not available for PCB-mount versions).

* Except ESAPOKS
** Except TRIPOKS, QUADRIPOKS and ESAPOKS


Dimensions


POK - POKS

QUADRIPOKS


POK-CS - POKS-CS


Hole layout
from solder side)


TRIPOK - TRIPOKS


ESAPOKS


BIPOK-CS - BIPOKS-CS


Hole layout (from solder side)

## Electrical life expectancy



(1) Switching frequency 1,200 operations/hour, $50 \%$ cycle.

## Examples of electrical life expectancy

$48 \mathrm{Vdc}-5 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=10 \mathrm{~ms}: 5 \times 10^{5}$ operations
$80 \mathrm{Vdc}-5 \mathrm{~A}$ - Resistive : $5 \times 10^{5}$ operations
$110 \mathrm{Vdc}-0,5 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=10 \mathrm{~ms}: 5 \times 10^{5}$ operations
$220 \mathrm{Vdc}-0.2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=10 \mathrm{~ms}: 10^{5}$ operations
$110 \mathrm{Vac}-5 \mathrm{~A}-\operatorname{Cos} \varphi=0.7: 5 \times 10^{5}$ operations
$220 \mathrm{Vac}-3 \mathrm{~A}-\operatorname{Cos} \varphi=0.7: 5 \times 10^{5}$ operations $440 \mathrm{Vac}-0.2 \mathrm{~A}$ - Resistive: $5 \times 10^{5}$ operations

| Sockets | POK - POKS | BIPOK - BIPOKS | TRIPOK - TRIPOKS | QUADRIPOKS | ESAPOKS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of terminals | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 48 |
| For wall or rail mounting |  |  |  |  |  |
| Spring clamp, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | PAIR080 | PAIR160 | PAIR240 | PAIR320 | PAIR480 |
| Screw, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | 50IP20-I DIN | 48BIP20-I DIN | 78BIP20-I DIN | 96IP20-I DIN | 156IP20-I DIN |
| Screw, wall mounting | 50L | 48BL | 78BL | 96BL | 156BL |
| Double faston, wall mounting | 51L | 48L | 78L | - | - |
| For flush mounting |  |  |  |  |  |
| Double faston ( $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | ADF1 | ADF2 | ADF3 | ADF4 | ADF6 |
| Screw | 531L | 43IL | 731L | - | - |
| For mounting on PCB |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $65{ }^{(1)}$ | 65 | - | - | - |

(1) Suitable for mounting 2 relays side by side.

| Retaining clips - correspondence with sockets | POK - POKS | BIPOK - BIPOKS | TRIPOK - TRIPOKS | QUADRIPOKS | ESAPOKS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of clips per relay | 1 | $1{ }^{(1)}$ | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| SOCKET MODEL | CLIP MODEL |  |  |  |  |
| For wall or rail mounting |  |  |  |  |  |
| PAIR080, PAIR160, PAIR240, PAIR320, PAIR480 | RPB48 | RPB48 | RPB48 | RQ48 | RPB48 |
| $501 \mathrm{P} 20-\mathrm{IDIN}, 48 \mathrm{BIP20}-\mathrm{I} \mathrm{IIN}, 78 \mathrm{IP} 20-\mathrm{IDIN}, 961 \mathrm{P} 20-\mathrm{IDIN}, 1561 \mathrm{P} 20-\mathrm{IDIN}$ | RPB48 | RPB48 | RPB48 | RQ48 | RPB48 |
| 50L, 48BL, 78BL, 96BL, 156BL | RPB48 | RPB48 | RPB48 | RQ48 | RPB48 |
| 51L, 48L, 78L | RPB48 | RPB48 | RPB48 | - | - |
| For flush mounting |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADF1, ADF2, ADF3, ADF4, ADF6 | RPB48 | RPB48 | RPB48 | RQ48 | RPB48 |
| ADF, 53IL, 43IL, 73IL ${ }^{(2)}$ | RPB43 | RPB43 | RPB43 | - | - |
| For mounting on PCB |  |  |  |  |  |
| 65 | RPB43 | RPB43 | - | - | - |

(1) Assume two clips for use on rolling stock.
(2) Insert the clip before fastening the socket on the panel.

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate. For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For safe and secure operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.





OKUIC

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in monostable instantaneous relay
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Very long electrical life expectancy and exceptional endurance
- Patent operating mechanism, designed to ensure high contact pressure
- Ample clearance between open contact elements (from 1.2 to 4 mm )
- Independent and self-cleaning contacts with high breaking capacity
- Magnetic arc blow-out for higher breaking capacity
- Excellent shock and vibration resistance
- Wide variety of configurations and customizations
- Option for use in geothermal sites available
- Wide range of sockets
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

The OK series is made up of 7 basic models, created from a patented common operating mechanism equipped with 4 contacts. Solutions with 8 or 12 contacts are obtainable by using 2 or 3 relays in combination.

The construction of the relays and careful choice of the materials are such that they ensure long life and considerable ruggedness even in harsh operating environments and when subject to strong thermal shocks. A specific treatment (P5GEO or P6GEO) combining coil tropicalization with gold-plated contacts allows the use of these items in geothermal electric power stations, as final relays for controlling field devices and for all power circuits.

The relays in the OK Series use a patented switching mechanism designed to minimize friction, resulting in a mechanical life expectancy of at least $100,000,000$ operations.
This is made possible thanks to:

- The use of a solenoid with a core drawn in toward the main air gap, located at the centre of the coil, the only position in which the available magnetic flux can be exploited to the full
- The core motion being limited to the minimum, thereby optimizing mechanical forces and reducing friction. The motion is amplified by means of a W linkage, which allows an appreciable displacement of the contact ( $>4 \mathrm{~mm}$ in the case of the version with NO contacts)
- The coil of elongated cylindrical geometry, best able to ensure high efficiency and effective dissipation of the heat produced.
Each contact is mounted on individual and independent blades, which are able to provide optimum shock and vibration resistance.
In particular, this generates pressure of around $0.8 \ldots 1 \mathrm{~N}$ on the make and break contacts, which is unparalleled by other products.
The common contact slides against the fixed poles (NO and NC contacts) both when opening and when closing, which ensures a notably effective self-cleaning action.
With ample clearance between the open contact elements, it becomes possible to guarantee an impulse withstand voltage of 5 kW between the poles of the single contact.
Excellent electrical and mechanical performance levels allow the product to be used in the most demanding of sectors such as, for example, control and signalling functions in electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, rail transport or in industries with continuous production processes (chemical industry, petroleum industry, rolling mills, cement factories, etc.).
Above all, the excellent ability to withstand shock and vibration allow their use in seismic environments or on rolling stock.

There are 7 relay models in the OK Series (OK, OKS, OKFC, OKSFC, OKSCD, OKSGcCd and OKUIC). The outputs are available on 16 terminals of standard dimensions $5 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$, evenly and symmetrically divided into 4 rows spaced 10 mm apart, in both directions. Internal connections are ordered symmetrically. Turning the relay through $180^{\circ}$ on its connector has the effect simply of changing the contacts, without affecting operation (except in the case of relays with a polarized power input).

## OK - OKS

The OK relay offers ruggedness, easy installation, high breaking capacity (with magnetic arc blow-out, model OKS), safe operation and adaptability to any kind of circuit, making it suitable for all heavy duty applications in the field of remote control systems and automation. The distance between contacts is 2.2 mm . Superior shock and vibration resistance ensures that contacts are able to hold their operating position even when exposed to a shock force of $30 \mathrm{~g}-1 \mathrm{~ms}$. No opening of break contacts up to 3 g .
On the OKS model, a powerful magnetic arc blow-out located between the 4 change-over contacts has the effect of generating a permanent magnetic field. When an inductive load circuit is broken, the resulting arc is swiftly extended and finally extinguished through the action of the magnetic field created by the blow-out.

## OKFC - OKSFC - OKUIC

The OKFC relay is an energy saving component. The distance between contacts is 1.2 mm . Contact pressures and shock and vibration resistance are the same as specified for OK/OKS models. In the case of d.c. loads, the breaking capacity is reduced from that of the OK relay, although the addition of the magnetic arc blow-out (model OKSFC) provides breaking capacity of up to 15 A at 120 Vdc (see example of electrical life expectancy). On the OKSFC model, a powerful magnetic arc blow-out located between the 4 change-over contacts has the effect of generating a permanent magnetic field. When an inductive load circuit is broken, the resulting arc is swiftly extended and extinguished through the action of the magnetic field created by the blow-out. With direct current, breaking capacity is doubled. For d.c. and a.c. currents that can be broken without the blow-out, the effect of having this feature available will be to reduce wear on the contacts, doubling electrical life expectancy.
The connection of 2 contacts in series increases electrical life expectancy and doubles breaking capacity when handling direct current. The connection of 2 contacts in parallel likewise increases electrical life expectancy.
In the event that the 4 contacts are all available for breaking purposes, it is possible to use a series/parallel connection arrangement as illustrated below. In the case of high voltages, from 250 V upwards, it is best to avoid breaking opposite polarities on adjacent contacts.


The use of the OKFC or OKSFC relay is advisable whenever the requirement is for detecting loss of voltage, hence where relays are permanently powered up, or when the ambient temperature may reach $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. These relays can be powered up permanently, even at the maximum voltage of the specified operating range; they can also handle wide fluctuations in voltage and consequently are able to respond, for example, to standards for rolling stock, as in the case of the OKUIC model, which has a coil with a wide operating range.

## OKSCD

The silver-coated contacts of normal relays can fuse together when closed if exposed to a peak current of 50 A for at least 5 ms . Using cadmium oxide contacts, the surfaces will fuse only at currents higher than 150 A . With magnetic arc blow-out fitted as standard to these relays, there is no possibility of the arc creating a hot spot between the contacts that could cause them to become welded together.
This relay is especially suitable for handling highly inductive direct current loads, and circuits with filament lamps where the closing of contacts can produce current peaks of up to 10 or 15 times the nominal strength (public or industrial lighting systems). It can also be used for starting small electric motors and other appliances that produce high transient currents. The OKSCD relay has an electrical life expectancy equal to that of the OKS relay, but is also suitable for use with circuits generating high transient currents, given the factors indicated above. Controlling a circuit with 600W filament lamps connected to a 110 Vac supply, for example, the OKSCD relay is capable of $1,500,000$ operations.

## OKSGcCd

The OKSGcCd relay has a longer electrical life expectancy than the OKSCd model. It has 4 normally open contacts, and a distance between contacts of $>4 \mathrm{~mm}$. Magnetic arc blow-out is fitted as a standard feature. The OKSGcCd relay can be used with heavily inductive d.c. loads, where there is no need for change-over contacts.

## OKB184

The OKB184 models are equipped as standard with a blow-out magnet and have low coil consumption. As these relays are K3-qualified, they are the relays of reference in the nuclear sector.

| Models | Number of contacts | Continuous duty | Magnetic arc blow-out | AgCdO contacts | Long travel | Rolling stock application |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OK | $4{ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| OKS |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| OKFC |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |
| OKSFC |  | - | - |  |  |  |
| OKSCd |  |  | - | - |  |  |
| OKSGcCd |  |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |
| OKUIC |  | - | - |  |  | - |
| OKB184 |  |  | - |  |  |  |

1. Versions with 8 and 12 contacts available (excluding OKUIC, OKSCd and OKSGcCd).

| Coil specifications | OK - OKS | OKFC - OKSFC | OKSCd - OKSGcCd | OKUIC | OKB184 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal voltages Un ${ }^{(1)}$ | DC: 12-24-36-48-72-110-125-132-144-220 |  | AC: 12-24-48-110-115-127-220-230-380 |  | 48, 125 Vdc |
| Max. consumption at Un (DC/AC) ${ }^{(2)}$ | $4.5 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{VA}$ | $3.5 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{VA}$ | $5 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{VA}$ | 3.5 W | 3.5 W |
| Operating range ${ }^{(1)}$ | DC: 80...110\% Un <br> AC: 85...115\% Un | DC: 80...120\% Un AC: 85... $115 \%$ Un | DC: 80...110\% Un AC: 80...110\% Un | $\begin{gathered} \text { DC: } \\ 70 \ldots 125 \% \text { Un }^{(3)} \end{gathered}$ | DC: 80...110\% Un |
| Type of duty | Continuous at Un ${ }^{(4)}$ | Continuous | Continuous at Un ${ }^{(4)}$ | Continuous | Continuous |
| Drop-out voltage ${ }^{(5)}$ | DC: > 5\% Un AC: > 15\% Un |  |  |  |  |

1. Other values on request.
2. For versions with 8 and 12 contacts, double and treble the value respectively.
3. For operating ranges different to that specified by EN60077, refer to table "OKUIC - Special Ranges"
4. Continuous duty is possible at the maximum voltage of the operating range at Tmax: $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
5. Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as $\%$ of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certain to be de-energized.

| Contact specifications | OK - OKS - OKFC - OKSFC - OKUIC - OKB184 |  |  | OKSCd | OKSGcCd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and type ${ }^{(1)}$ | 4 CO, form C |  |  | 4 CO, form C | 4 NO |
| Current Nominal ${ }^{(2)}$ <br>  Maximum peak $(1 \mathrm{~min})^{(3)}$ <br>  Maximum pulse $(10 \mathrm{~ms})^{(3)}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ 20 \mathrm{~A} \\ 150 \mathrm{~A} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| Example of electrical life expectancy ${ }^{(4)}$ 1,800 operations/hour |  | 0,7 A - 120 Vdc - L/R 0 ms : $5,5 \times 10^{5}$ operations |  |  |  |
|  |  | $1 \mathrm{~A}-120 \mathrm{Vdc}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R} 40 \mathrm{~ms}$ : $5 \times 10^{5}$ operations |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0,5 A - 110 Vdc - L/R 40 ms : $10^{5}$ operations |  |  |  |
|  | OKSFC | 0,7 A - 132 Vdc - L/R 40 ms : $10^{5}$ operations |  |  |  |
|  |  | $1 \mathrm{~A}-120 \mathrm{Vdc}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R} 40 \mathrm{~ms}$ : $5 \times 10^{5}$ operations |  |  |  |
|  | OKSGcCd | $5 \mathrm{~A}-110 \mathrm{Vdc}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R} 20 \mathrm{~ms}$ : $2 \times 10^{5}$ operations |  |  |  |
| Minimum load Standard contacts Gold-plated contacts ${ }^{(5)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 500 \mathrm{~mW}(20 \mathrm{~V}, 20 \mathrm{~mA}) \\ & 200 \mathrm{~mW}(20 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum breaking voltage | 350 Vdc / 440 Vac |  |  |  |  |
| Contact material | AgCu |  |  | AgCdO |  |
| Operating time at Un (ms) ${ }^{(6)}{ }^{(7)}$ <br> Pick-up (NO contact closing) <br> Drop-out (NC contact closing) | OK-OKS-OKSCd | OKFC-OKSFC | OKB184 | OKSGcCd | OKUIC |
|  | DC - AC |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\leq 28-\leq 40$ | $\leq 38-\leq 40$ | $\leq 30$ | $\leq 30-\leq 45$ | $\leq 40$ |
|  | $\leq 20-\leq 70$ | $\leq 18-\leq 80$ | $\leq 20$ | - | $\leq 18$ |

1. Versions with 8 and 12 CO contacts available, excluding OKUIC, OKSCd and OKSGcCd.
2. On all contacts simultaneously.
3. The max. peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
4. For other values, see electrical life expectancy curves.
5. Specifications of contacts on new relay
a. Plating material: P4GEO: gold-nickel alloy ( $>6 \mu$ ).
b. When the gold-plated contact is subject to heavy loads, it will be degraded on the surface. In such case, the characteristics of the standard contact should be taken into consideration. This does not impair relay operation.
6. Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces).
7. Addition of a flyback diode connected in parallel with the coil (DC version only) causes an increase in operating time when the relay drops out.

Insulation
Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts
Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts between adjacent contacts
(1min) $-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
mpulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts

|  | Mechanical life expectancy |  | $100 \times 10^{6}$ operations |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum switching rat |  | Mechanical | 3,600 operations / hour |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection (with relay mounted) |  |  | IP20 / IP40 or IP50 as option ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |  |  |
| Type of power supply, $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} \mathrm{CO}$ | VDC, 4 CO | VAC, 4 CO | VDC, 8 CO | VAC, 8 CO | VDC, 12 CO | VAC, 12 CO |
| Dimensions (mm) ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ <br> Poids (g) | $\begin{gathered} 45 \times 97 \times 45 \\ \sim 280 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 45 \times 109 \times 45 \\ \sim 280 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 91.5 \times 97 \times 45 \\ \sim 590 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 91.5 \times 109 \times 45 \\ \sim 590 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 138 \times 97 \times 45 \\ \sim 890 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 138 \times 109 \times 45 \\ \sim 890 \end{gathered}$ |

1. Output terminals excluded.
2. OKUIC relay: H 109 mm for standard version, H 97 mm for version with LED, DIODE, VARISTOR.
3. To order the relay with IP40 or IP50 protection, configure the ordering code by the "Keying position" column in "Ordering scheme".

## Environmental specifications

Operating temperature

Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Resistance to vibrations
Resistance to shock
Fire behavior

```
-25 ' to +5\mp@subsup{5}{}{\circ}\textrm{C}
```

OKUIC $-25^{\circ}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$-40^{\circ}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Standard: 75\% RH - Tropicalized: 95\% RH
$5 \mathrm{~g}-10$ to $60 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{~min}$
30g-11 ms
V0

Standards and reference values
EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
Electromechanical elementary relays
Fire behavior
EN 50082-2
EN 60529

Electromagnetic compatibility Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above.
In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity.
Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

Railways, rolling stock - Standards

EN 60077
EN 50155
EN 61373
EN 45545-2
ASTM E162, E662

Electric equipment for rolling stock - General service conditions and general rules Electronic equipment used on rolling stock Shock and vibration tests, Cat 1, Class B Fire behavior, Cat E10, Requirement R26, V0 Fire behavior

으․ Railways, rolling stock - Special operating ranges for OKUIC relay

| Nominal voltage | Minimum pick-up voltage | Maximum operating voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 Vdc | 18 | 33 |
| 36 Vdc | 28 | 48 |
| 72 Vdc | 55 | 110 |
| 110 Vdc | 77 | 144 |
| 128 Vdc | 85 | 160 |

Configurations - Options

| P2 | Tropicalisation de la bobine avec une résine époxy pour une utilisation en cas d'HR à $95 \%$ (à $T 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). Ce traitement <br> protège également la bobine contre la corrosion qui pourrait résulter d'une réaction entre l'humidité et certains <br> agents chimiques présents dans des atmosphères acides (typiques des centrales géothermiques) ou salines. |
| :--- | :--- |
| P4GEO | Gold plating of contacts with gold-nickel alloy, thickness $\geq 6 \mu$. This treatment ensures long-term capacity <br> of the contact to conduct lower currents in harsh ambient conditions such as acid atmospheres (typical of <br> geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| P5GEO | P4GEO gold-plating of contacts + P2 coil tropicalization. |
| P6GEO | P4GEO type gold-plating, but applied to contacts, contact terminals and output terminals + P2 coil <br> tropicalization. |
| LED | LED indicator showing presence of power supply, wired in parallel with the coil. |
| DIODE DE ROUE LIBRE | Polarized component connected in parallel with the coil (type 1N4007 or BYW56 for rolling stock version) <br> designed to suppress overvoltages generated by the coil when de-energized. |
| VARISTANCE | Non-polarized component connected in parallel with the coil, designed to suppress overvoltages higher than <br> the clamping voltage, generated by the coil when de-energized. |
| TRANSIL | Non-polarized component connected in parallel with the coil. Behaviour is similar to that of a varistor, with <br> faster operating times. |
| IP40 | IP40 protection with "6" handle or closure with screws. |
| IP50 | IP50 protection with "6" handle (only for 4 CO version). |
| 8 CONTACTS | Version with 8 change-over contacts, obtained using $2 \times 4$ CO relay, coils connected in series. |

To order

| To order |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Product code | Number of contacts | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration <br> A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Keying position code ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| OK <br> OKS <br> OKFC <br> OKSFC <br> OKUIC <br> OKSCd <br> OKSGcCd | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4: } \mathrm{CO}^{(4)} \\ & \text { 8: } 8 \mathrm{CO} \\ & \text { 12: } 12 \mathrm{CO} \end{aligned}$ | E: Energy <br> Railway <br> Fixed <br> Equipment <br> R: Railway <br> Rolling Stock | 1: Standard <br> 2: Diode // <br> 3: Varistor <br> 4: Led <br> 5: Diode // + Led <br> 6: Varistor + Led <br> 7: Transil <br> 8: Transil + Led | 0: Standard <br> 2: P2 <br> 4: P4 GEO <br> 5: P5 GEO <br> 6: P6 GEO <br> 7: P7 <br> 8: P8 | F | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 012-024-036 \\ 048-072-100 \\ 110-115-125 \\ 127-132-144 \\ 220-230-380 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { XXX } \\ \text { A: IP50 } \\ \text { B: IP40 } \end{gathered}$ |


(1) $\mathrm{E}=$ ENERGY: all applications, except for railways rolling stock.

Suitable on energy production, transport and distribution plants, railways fixed equipment, petrolchemical and heavy industry.
R = RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: Application on board rolling stock (rail-tram-trolley vehicles). Electrical characteristics according to EN60077. Other product series available:

RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: Approved and conforming relays and products to RFI (FS Group) specification no. RFI DPRIM STF IFS TE 143 A For the list of RFI approved and conforming products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED". STATIONS: ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications.
For the list of ENEL approved and conforming products, consult the dedicated catalog "STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20".
(2) Other values on request. Voltage 380 V available as Vac only.
(3) Optional value. The positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.
(4) For the standard version with 4 contacts, the field must be left empty.

| Coded products |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | OKB 184 | OK SFc UIC |
| 48 Vdc | please contact us | - |
| 72 Vdc | - | P01 4561 93 |
| 125 Vdc | please contact us | - |



## Dimensions




Version with 8 contacts


Version with 12 contacts



6 handle IP50 ${ }^{(1)}$
(1) IP40 or IP50 protection can requested as an option. See "Ordering scheme" for code details.

Examples of electrical life expectancy


Notes :
(2) 2 contacts connected in series
(3) 3 contacts connected in series
(2) 2 contacts connected in parallel
(3) 3 contacts connected in parallel
(4) 4 contacts connected in parallel









| Sockets | OK series, 4 CO ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| ---: | :---: |
| For wall or rail mounting |  |
| Spring clamp, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | PAIR160 |
| Screw, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | $48 \mathrm{BIP20}$ I DIN |
| Screw, wall mounting | 48 BL |
| Double faston, wall mounting | 48 L |
| For flush mounting | Double faston $(4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ |
| Screw |  |
| For mounting on PCB |  |

1) For version with 8 and 12 contacts, assume 2 and 3 sockets respectively for each relay. In this instance, the mounting distance between centres of the sockets must be 45 mm. The ADF socket cannot be used.
For more details, see specifications of mounting accessories.

| Retaining clips <br> Correspondence with sockets | OK series - Vsupply = $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DC}}$ | OK series - Vsupply $=\mathrm{V}_{\text {AC }}$ OKUIC | OKUIC with LED / VR / DIODE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of clips per relay | 1, 2 for version with 8-12 CO contacts | 1, 2 for version with 8-12 CO contacts and OKUIC | 2 |
| SOCKET MODEL | CLIP MODEL |  |  |
| For wall or rail mounting |  |  |  |
| PAIR160, 48BIP20-I DIN, 48BL, 48L | RC48 | RL48 | RC48 |
| For flush mounting |  |  |  |
| ADF2 | RC48 | RL48 | RC48 |
| 43IL ${ }^{(1)}$ | RC43 | RL43 | RC43 |
| For mounting on PCB |  |  |  |
| 65 | RC43 | RL43 | RC43 |

(1) Insert the clip before fastening the socket on the panel.

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For safe and secure operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

Notes

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## RE 3000 SERIES


Petroleum industry

PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- EDF certification for 48 Vdc and 125 Vdc
- Complies with the HM-2A/03/111/A standard
- Numerous AC and DC power supply voltages
- Breaking capacity suitable for inductive loads

RE 3000 relays have $4 \times 10$ A contacts, with high reliability for intensive use in harsh conditions. The relays in the RE 3000 Series are intended for all automation applications.
Designed to operate in a harsh climatic and electrical environment, as well as in zones with high seismic constraints.

Their production quality gives them a very long life expectancy.

The total transparency and polished finish of the cover leave the condition of the contacts constantly visible.

The RE 3000N benefits from more a stringent manufacturing process, notably in terms of the tests performed on cleaning and measurement of the contacts' resistances.

| Models | Ne 3000 | 4 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |


| Coil specifications | RE 3000 | RE 3000 S / RE 3000 N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal voltages Un ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DC: } 12,24,30,48,60,100,110,125,200, \\ 220,250 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{AC}: 12,24,48,100 / \sqrt{ } 3,60,110 / \sqrt{ } 3,110,125, \\ 220,415 / \sqrt{ } 3,380 \end{gathered}$ |
| Max. consumption at Un (DC/AC) | $<3 \mathrm{~W}$ |  |
| Operating range | 80 to 110\% |  |
| Type of duty | Continuous |  |
| Drop-out voltage ${ }^{(2)}$ | > 15\% | > 10\% |

1. For the RE 3000 N , only nominal voltages 48 and 125 are available.
2. Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as $\%$ of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certain to be de-energized.


## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between the independent circuits and the ground between open contact parts

Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between the independent circuits and the ground between open contact parts
$>1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$
$>1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})$
$1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})$

Impulse withstand voltage (1.2/50 $\mu \mathrm{s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between the independent circuits and the ground between open contact parts $\qquad$

Mechanical specifications

| Mechanical life expectancy | $20 \times 10^{6}$ operations |
| ---: | :---: |
| Maximum switching rate | Mechanical |$\frac{3,600 \text { operations / hour }}{}$| Degree of protection (with relay mounted) |
| ---: |

1. Excluding the output terminals

Environmental specifications

| Operating temperature | Standard |
| :--- | :--- |
| Storage and shipping temperature |  |
|  | $-10 \div+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity | $-25 \div+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Standards and reference values
Resistance to vibrations (as per EN 61810)
EDF specifications
5 g from 5 to 60 Hz ( 1 min )
HM-2 A / 03 / 111 / A

EDF specifications
EDF application certification

EDF certification (K3/SEPTEN)
At 48 Vdc and 125 Vdc for RE 3000 N model

## Ordering scheme

| Reded products |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| RE |  | RE 3000 |  |
| 12 Vdc | RE3A 4126 | 24 Vac | RE3A 4107 |
| 24 Vdc | RE3A 4127 | 48 Vac | RE3A 4111 |
| 48 Vdc | RE3A 4131 | 110 Vac | RE3A 4113 |
| 110 Vdc | RE3A 4133 | 127 Vac | RE3A 4115 |
| 127 Vdc | RE3A 4135 | 220 Vac | RE3A 4116 |
| 220 Vdc | RE3A 4136 | 380 Vac | RE3A 4117 |


| Qualified products |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| RE 3000 N |  |
| 48 Vdc |  |
| $48 \mathrm{Vdc}+$ Diode |  |
| 125 Vdc |  |


| Sockets and retaining clips |  | RE 3000 / N | Retaining clip |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs | Model | Retaining clip |
| For wall mounting | Single faston | EVL 3100 | ACCA 4162 |
|  | Screw | EVV 3100 | ACCA 4162 |
|  | Screw | EVR 3100 | ACCA 4162 |
|  | Single blade | ERL 310 | ACCA 4162 |
|  | Double blade | ERL 320 | ACCA 4162 |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction.
This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For safe and secure operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.


Dimensions


Electrical life expectancy



## F-OK B SERIES




Shipbuilding


Petroleum industry


PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- 4 double-break changeover contacts / 13 A
- NF-F 62002 railway certification
- High reliability for intensive use in harsh conditions
- Long-travel contacts and excellent break reliability


## DESCRIPTION

The relays in the F-OK Series are designed and manufactured with materials and solutions which make them particularly long-lasting and rugged. They are ideal for use in difficult operating environments, even in the event of significant thermal shocks. Thanks to their high resistance to shocks and vibrations, these relays are particularly suitable for use on rolling stock.

Because of the high electrical and mechanical performance provided by these relays, they can not only be used on rolling stock, but also in sectors such as control and signaling in railway transport or in applications with continuous production processes. Equipped with "double break" contacts, they are effective at breaking DC loads.


1. Other values on request. For ESAPOKS, values $>24 \mathrm{~V}$.
2. Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as $\%$ of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certain to be de-energized.


## Insulation

| Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc$)$ <br> between the independent circuits and the ground <br> between open contact parts | $>1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| Withstand voltage at industrial frequency <br> between the independent circuits and the ground <br> between open contact parts | $>1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |

Mechanical specifications

| Mechanical life expectancy | $100 \times 10^{6}$ operations |
| ---: | :---: |
| Degree of protection (with relay mounted) | IP40 |
| Dimensions $(\mathrm{mm})$ | $45 \times 45 \times 105^{(1)}$ |
| Weight $(\mathrm{g})$ | 300 |

1. Excluding output terminals

Environmental specifications

| Operating temperature |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Standard <br> Storage and shipping temperature | $-25 \div+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity | $-40 \div+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Fire behavior | Standard: $80 \%$ |

Standards and reference values
Resistance to vibrations (as per NF-F 62002)
Railway standards

2 g from 10 to 120 Hz (1 min)
NF-F 16-101, NF-F 16-102 (materials), NF-F 62002

## Ordering scheme - Please contact us

Connection diagram and positive mechanical keying


| Coil voltage <br> Keying position | Safety <br> blank <br> recess A | Safety <br> blank <br> recess B |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 220 Vac | C | G |
| 24 Vdc | A | G |
| 36 Vdc | F | L |
| 48 Vdc | D | G |
| 72 Vdc | B | G |
| 72 Vdc |  |  |
| double winding | J | F |
| 110 Vdc | F | G |
| 125 Vdc | E | G |
| 550 Vdc | F | G |



Dimensions




| Sockets and retaining clips | F-OK B |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs | Model | Retaining clip |
| For flush mounting and DIN rail | Single faston | $84 F$ | Delivered with the socket |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For safe and secure operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

$\square$


# INSTANTANEOUS MONOSTABLE RELAYS WITH FORCIBLY GUIDED CONTACTS 

## RCG $\mid$ RDG SERIES with forcibly guided contacts

5
Petroleum
industry


RCG


RDG

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Forcibly guided (mechanically linked) contacts, relay compliant with EN 61810-3, type A
- Weld-no-transfer technology
- Compact plug-in monostable instantaneous relay
- Suitable for safety applications
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty, IP50 protection
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Long electrical life expectancy
- New "HIGH POWER" magnetic arc blow-out for improved breaking capacity, as option
- Wide range of options: LED indicating power on, FLYBACK DIODE
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle


## DESCRIPTION

The relays in the RCG / RDG line are highly reliable products featuring high performance, suitable for applications in very harsh and disturbed environments. They are provided with forcibly guided (mechanically linked) contacts. The component conforms to the EN 61810-3 requirements, type A relay (all contacts are mechanically linked). Forcibly guided contacts are also known as weld-no-transfer contacts. A typical application is the check reading of a contact for determining, with absolute certainty, the state of the other contacts in self-monitoring control systems.

Thanks to the exceptional breaking capacity, the relay is suitable for controlling heavy duty loads with intensive switching frequency where safety and electrical continuity is an all-important factor.
The versatility in manufacture allows producing relays with various voltages.

The types of contacts allow obtaining remarkable performance levels both for high, inductive loads or very low loads; the optional presence of the magnetic arc blowout contributes considerably to the breaking capacity. The knurled contacts ensure better self-cleaning characteristics and lower ohm resistance thanks to the various points of electrical connection, thereby improving the electrical life of the component.

In relays with forcibly guided (mechanically linked) or weld-no-transfer contacts, special design and constructional measures are used to ensure that make (normally-open) contacts can not assume the same state as break (normal-ly-closed) contacts.

- If, when powering up a relay, a NC contact fails to open, the remaining NO contacts must not close, maintaining a contact gap $\geq 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$.
- When the relay is de-energized, if a NO contact fails to open, the remaining NC contact must not close, maintaining a contact gap $\geq 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$.
EN 61810-3 lays down the standard requirements for relays with forcibly guided contacts. This standard defines two types of relay with forcibly guided contacts, namely:
- Type A: Relay whose contacts are all mechanically linked (forcibly guided).
- Type B: Relay containing mechanically linked contacts and contacts which are not mechanically linked.

In the case of relays that include changeover contacts, either the make circuit or the break circuit of a changeover contact can be considered to meet the requirements of this standard.

(1) The max. peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(2) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy table.
(3) Unless specified otherwise, the operating times refer to the stabilization of the contact (including bounces).


Insulation
Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts

$$
\begin{aligned}
& >1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \\
& >1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega
\end{aligned}
$$

Dielectric withstanding voltage at industrial frequency

| between electrically independent circuits and ground between coil and contacts parts between adjacent contacts between open contact parts | 4 kV (1 min) <br> 3 kV (1 min) <br> 3.5 kV (1 min) <br> 2 kV (1 min) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Impulse withstand ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ ) <br> between electrically independent circuits and ground between open contact parts | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 3 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |

Mechanical specifications

|  | Mechanical life expectacy |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |

(1) Excluding output terminals

Environmental characteristics
Operating temperature Standard Version matériel Version for railways, rolling stock
Storage and shipping temperature

| Relative humidity |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Fire behavior |  |

$-25 \div+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ for 10 min$) \quad-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ as option
$-40 \div+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Standard: 75\% RH - Tropicalized: 95\% RH
V0

## Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-7
Electromechanical elementary relays
EN 61810-3, type A
Relays with forcibly guided (mechanically linked) contacts, type A
EN 60695-2-10

## Fire behavior

EN 60529
Degree of protection provided by enclosures
Electromagnetic compatibility
Unless otherwise specified, the products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the above-mentioned European and International standards.
In accordance with EN $61810-1$, all technical data are referred to ambient temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure of 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance and nominal power is $\pm 5 \%$.

## Railways, rolling stock - Standards

EN 60077
EN 50155
EN $61373{ }^{(1)}$
EN 45545-2
ASTM E162, E662

## Applicable to the RCGR and RDGR series

Electric equipment for rolling stock - General service conditions and general rules
Electronic equipment used on rolling stock - T3 class
Shock and vibration tests, Cat 1, Class B
Fire behavior, HL3 : Cat E10 (Requirement R26)
Fire behavior
(1) only for RDGR family: permissible opening time of contacts on a de-energized relay $\mathrm{t}<100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$

| Configurations - Options |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| TROPICALIZATION | Surface treatment of the coil with protective coating for use with RH 95\%. |
| GOLD PLATING | Surface treatment of the contacts, blades and output terminals with gold-cobalt alloy $\geq 2 \mu$. This treatment <br> ensures long-term capacity of the contact to conduct lower currents. |
| LED | LED indicator showing presence of power supply. Flyback diode mounted as standard. |
| FLYBACK DIODE | Component connected in parallel to the coil (type BYW56) designed to dampen overvoltages generated <br> by the coil when de-energized. |
| TRANSIL | Non-polarized component connected in parallel to the coil. Behavior is similar to that of a varistor with faster <br> operating times. |
| LOW TEMPERATURE | Minimum operating temperature $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, only for rolling stock version (option "L"). |

Ordering scheme

| Code produit | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Finish ${ }^{(3)}$ | Keying position code ${ }^{(4)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { RCG } \\ \text { (2 contacts) } \end{gathered}$ | E: Energy | 1: Standard <br> 2: Gold plating <br> + Diode // + Led <br> 3: Diode // | 6: With magnetic arc blow-out | F | C: Vdc | $\begin{gathered} 024-036 \\ 048-072 \\ 096-110-125 \end{gathered}$ | T: <br> Tropicalized coil | XX |
| RDG <br> (4 contacts) | R: Railway Rolling stock | 6: Gold plating <br> + Diode // <br> 7: Diode // + Led <br> 8: Transil | 8: With <br> HIGH POWER <br> magnetic arc blow-out |  |  |  | L: Low temperature |  |


|  | RCG | E | 4 | 2 | F | C | 048 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{0}{\circ}$ | RCGE42F-C048 = ENERGY series relay with 2 CO gold-plated contacts, 48Vdc coil |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{\widetilde{0}}{x}$ | RDG | R | 1 | 6 | F | C | 110 |  |  |
|  | GR16F-C110 = RAILWAY series relay, rolling stock, with 4 CO contacts, magnetic arc blow-out, 110Vdc coil |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. ENGERY: all applications except for railway.

RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: application on fixed power systems and electrical railway traction
Construction according to RFI (FS Group, Italy) specification $n^{\circ}$ RFI DPRIM STF IFS TE143 A, if applicable for list of RFI approved and conforming products, consult dedicated catalog
"RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED"
RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: application on board rolling stock. Electrical characteristics according to EN60077.
2. Other values on request
3. Optional value.
4. Optional value. The positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.

## Wiring diagram



Dimensions


RCG


RDG


| RCG.12, RDG. 12 (without magnetic arc blow-out) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $U$ | $I(A)$ | $L / R(m s)$ | Operations |
| 110 Vdc | 0.2 | 40 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vdc | 0.2 | 10 | 80,000 |
| U | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\cos \varphi$ | Operations |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 1 | $1,200,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | $1,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 1 | 500,000 |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 300,000 |
| 220 Vac | 0.5 | 1 | $1,200,000$ |
| 220 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 1 | 400,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 300,000 |


| RCG.16, RDG.16 (with magnetic arc blow-out) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}$ (ms) | Operations |
| 110 Vdc | 0.2 | 40 | $1,000,000$ |
| 110 Vdc | 0.5 | 40 | 150,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.6 | 10 | 300,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 1 | 10 | 100,000 |
| 220 Vdc | 0.2 | 10 | 100,000 |
| U | I (A) | $\cos \varphi$ | Operations |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | $1,500,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 1 | 950,000 |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vac | 0.5 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 220 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | 800,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 1 | 600,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 500,000 |


| RCG.18, RDG. 18 (with HIGH POWER magnetic arc blow-out) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U | 1 (A) | L/R (ms) | Operations |
| 24 Vdc | 1 | 0 | 5,100,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 2 | 0 | 3,900,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 3 | 0 | 2,900,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 4 | 0 | 2,600,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 5 | 0 | 2,200,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 1 | 20 | 2,700,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 2 | 20 | 2,100,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 3 | 20 | 1,500,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 3.5 | 20 | 1,000,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 1 | 40 | 2,000,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 2 | 40 | 1,500,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 3 | 40 | 1,100,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 3.5 | 40 | 800,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.3 | 0 | 1,000,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.5 | 0 | 700,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 1 | 0 | 190,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.3 | 20 | 450,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.5 | 20 | 260,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 1 | 20 | 100,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.3 | 40 | 300,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.5 | 40 | 180,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.6 | 40 | 150,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.7 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 132 Vdc | 0.7 | 40 | 70,000 |

Switching frequency: 1,200 operations/hour

| Sockets and retaining clips |  |  | RCG | RDG |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs | Model | Model | Retaining clip |
| Wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | Spring clamp | PAIR080 | PAIR160 | VM1831 |
|  | Screw | 50 PP20-I DIN | 48BIP20-I DIN | VM1831 |
|  | Spring clamp | PRIR080 | PRIR160 | VM1831 |
| PCB-mount | Double faston $(4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | ADF1 | ADF2-BIPOK | VM1831 |
|  | Solder | $655^{(1)}$ | 65 | VM1841 |

(1) Suitable for mounting 2 relays side by side.

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For maximum reliability in operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

Notes

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## RGG SERIES with forcibly guided contacts





Heavy
industry industry


## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Forcibly guided (mechanically linked) contacts, relay compliant with EN 61810-3, type A
- Weld-no-transfer technology
- Plug-in monostable instantaneous relay
- Suitable for safety applications
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Very long electrical life expectancy and exceptional endurance
- Magnetic arc blow-out for higher breaking capacity
- Wide range of options: LED indicating power on, FLYBACK DIODE
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle


## DESCRIPTION

The relays in the RGG line are highly reliable products featuring high performance, suitable for applications in very harsh and disturbed environments. They are provided with forcibly guided (mechanically linked) contacts. The component conforms to the EN 61810-3 requirements, type A relay (all contacts are mechanically linked). Forcibly guided contacts are also known as weld-no-transfer contacts. A typical application is the check reading of a contact for determining, with absolute certainty, the state of the other contacts in self-monitoring control systems.

Thanks to the exceptional breaking capacity, the relay is suitable for controlling heavy duty loads with intensive switching frequency where safety and electrical continuity is an all-important factor.
The versatility in manufacture allows producing relays with any voltage in the range 12 to 230VDC and with a great number of operating ranges adaptable to the various application requirements.

The types of contacts allow obtaining remarkable performance levels both for high, very inductive loads or very low loads; the optional presence of the magnetic arc blowout contributes considerably to the breaking capacity. The knurled contacts ensure better self-cleaning characteristics and lower ohmic resistance thanks to the various points of electrical connection, thereby improving the electrical life of the component.

In relays with forcibly guided (mechanically linked) or weld-no-transfer contacts, special design and constructional measures are used to ensure that make (normally-open) contacts can not assume the same state as break (normally -closed) contacts.

- If, when powering up a relay, a NC contact fails to open, the remaining NO contacts must not close, maintaining a contact gap $\geq 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$.
- When the relay is de-energized, if a NO contact fails to open, the remaining NC contact must not close, maintaining a contact gap $\geq 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$.

EN 61810-3 lays down the standard requirements for relays with forcibly guided contacts. This standard defines two types of relay with forcibly guided contacts, namely:

- Type A: Relay whose contacts are all mechanically linked (forcibly guided).
- Type B: Relay containing mechanically linked contacts and contacts which are not mechanically linked.
In the case of relays that include changeover contacts, either the make circuit or the break circuit of a changeover contact can be considered to meet the requirements of this standard.

| Models | Number of contacts | Magnetic arc blow-out |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RGG.x3X | 4 |  |
| RGG.x7X | 4 | $\bullet$ |

FOR CONFIGURATION OF PRODUCT CODE, SEE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE

| Coil specifications | RGGExyX / RGGFxyX | RGGRxyX ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal voltages Un | DC: 12-24-48-110-125-132-144-230 ${ }^{(1)}$ | DC: 24-36-72-110 ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| Consumption at Un (DC/AC) |  | $3,5 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Operating range | $80 \ldots 120 \%$ Un | $70 \ldots 125 \% \mathrm{Un}$ |
| Type of duty |  | Continuous |
| Drop-out voltage ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | DC $\%$ Un |

(1) Other values on request.
(2) Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as \% of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certainly de-energized.
(3) Suitable for application on ROLLING STOCK. Operating range in accordance with EN60077.

| Contact specifications |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and type | 4 CO, form C |  |
| Current Nominal $^{(1)}$ <br>  Maximum peak <br>  Maximum pulse ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | for 1 s |
| Example of electrical life expectancy ${ }^{(3)}$ | RGG.x3: 0.5A - $110 \mathrm{Vdc}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R} 40 \mathrm{~ms}-10^{5}$ Manœuvres $-1,800$ operations/hour <br> RGG.x7: 1A - 110 Vdc - L/R 40ms - $10^{5}$ Manœuvres - 1,800 operations/hour <br> 1A - 110Vdc - L/R 40ms - $2 \times 10^{5}$ Manœuvres - 600 operations/hour |  |
| Minimum load Standard contacts Gold-plated contact | $\begin{gathered} 200 \mathrm{~mW}(10 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{~mA}) \\ 50 \mathrm{~mW}(5 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Maximum breaking voltage | 350 VDC / 440 VAC |  |
| Contact material | AgCdO |  |
|  | RGG.13X-17X-43X-47X | RGG.33X-37X-63X-67X-53X-57X |
| Operating time at Un (ms) ${ }^{(4)}$ | DC | DC |
| Pick-up (NC contact opening) | $\leq 20$ | $\leq 20$ |
| Pick-up (NO contact closing) | $\leq 35$ | $\leq 40$ |
| Drop-out (NO contact opening) | $\leq 10$ | $\leq 55$ |
| Drop-out (NC contact closing) | $\leq 53$ | $\leq 85$ |

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) The max. peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces).

| Insulation |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Insulation resistance (at 500Vdc) <br> between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts | $\begin{aligned} & >10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \\ & >10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \end{aligned}$ |
| Withstand voltage at industrial frequency <br> between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts between adjacent contacts | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \\ & 2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \\ & 2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ ) <br> between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 4 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |

Mechanical specifications

|  | Mechanical life expectancy | $10 \times 10^{6}$ operations |
| ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Maximum switching rate | Mechanical | 3600 operations/h |
| Degree of protection | IP40 |  |
| Dimensions $(\mathrm{mm})$ | $45 \times 50 \times 86^{(1)}$ |  |
| Weight $(\mathrm{g})$ | 280 |  |

(1) Excluding output terminals

## Environmental specifications

Operating temperature
Standard
Version for railways, rolling stock
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Fire behavior
-25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-50 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-25 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ for 10 min$)-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ as option vo

## Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
EN 60529
EN 61000
EN 61810-3, Type A

Electromechanical elementary relays
Fire behavior
Degree of protection provided by enclosures
Electromagnetic compatibility
Relays with forcibly guided (mechanically linked) contacts

Unless otherwise specified, the products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the above-mentioned European and International standards. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

Railways, rolling stock - Standards
EN 60077
EN 61373 (1)
EN 45545-2
ASTM E162, E662

## Applicable to RGGRX version

Electric equipment for rolling stock - General service conditions and general rules Shock and vibration tests, Cat 1, Class B
Fire behavior, Cat E10, Requirement R26, V0 Fire behavior
(1) Permissible opening time of contacts on a de-energized relay $\mathrm{t}<3 \mathrm{~ms}$.

Railways, rolling stock - Special operating ranges

| Nominal voltage | Minimum pick-up voltage | Maximum operating voltage | Order symbol ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 Vdc | 16.8 | 32 | Z01 |
| 36 Vdc | 23 | 42.5 | Z01 |
| 72 Vdc | 55 | 96 | Z01 |
| 110 Vdc | 77 | 144 | Z01 |

(1) To order the relay with the special operating range, indicate the "Z0x" symbol in the "Keying position" field of the ordering scheme. The special range may be subject to operating specifications different from standard specifications. Please contact us for further information.

| Configurations - Options |
| :--- |
| TROPICALIZATION Surface treatment of the coil with protective coating for use with RH $95 \%$. <br> GOLD PLATING Surface treatment of the contacts, blades and output terminals with gold-cobalt alloy $\geq 2 \mu$. This treatment ensures <br> long-term capacity of the contact to conduct lower currents. <br> FED LED indicator showing presence of power supply, wired in parallel with the coil. <br> TRBACK DIODE Component connected in parallel with the coil (type 1 N 4007 ) designed to suppress overvoltages generated by <br> the coil when de-energized. <br> LOW TEMPERATURE Non-polarized component connected in parallel with the coil. Behaviour is similar to that of a varistor, with <br> faster operating times.Minimum operating temperature $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, only for rolling stock version (option L) |

Ordering scheme

|  | Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Finish ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RGG | E: Energy <br> F: Railway, <br> Fixed <br> Equipment <br> R: Railway, <br> Rolling <br> Stock | 1: Standard <br> 2: Gold plating <br> + Diode // + Led <br> 3: Diode // <br> 4: Gold plating <br> 5: Led <br> 6: Gold plating <br> + Diode // <br> 7: Diode // + Led <br> 8: Transil <br> 9: Transil + Led <br> 0 : Gold plating <br> + Transil + Led | $3 \mathrm{X}: 4 \mathrm{CO}$ <br> contacts <br> 7X: 4 CO <br> contacts <br> with <br> magnetic arc <br> blow-out | F | C: Vdc | $\begin{gathered} 012-024-036 \\ 048-072-110 \\ 125-132-144 \\ 220 \end{gathered}$ | Z0x: Special operating range (only for "R" applications) <br> T: Tropicalized coil <br> L: Low temperature |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{0}{\xi} \\ & \tilde{0} \\ & \underset{\sim}{x} \end{aligned}$ | RGG | E | 3 | 7X | F | C | 048 | T |
|  | RGGE37XF-C048/T = ENERGY series relay with flyback diode, magnetic arc blow-out and 48Vdc tropicalized coil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RGG | F | 5 | 3X | F | C | 110 |  |
|  | RGGF53XF-C110 = RAILWAY series relay, fixed equipment, with LED indicator and 110Vdc coil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) ENERGY : all applications except for railway.

RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: application on fixed
FERROVIAIRE ET ÉQUIPEMENT FIXE : application on fixed power systems and electrical railway traction. Construction according to RFI (FS Group) specification no. RFI DPRIM STF IFS TE 143 A, if applicable. For list of RFI approved and conforming products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED"
RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: application on board rolling stock (wire-rail-tramway vehicles). Electrical characteristics according to EN60077.
(2) Other values on request.
(3) Optional value: multiple selection possible (e.g. T-L)

## Wiring diagram



## Dimensions




Contact loading: $\mathbf{1 1 0 V d c}$, L/R $\mathbf{4 0} \mathbf{m s}$
Curve A: RGG_x7X
Curve B: RGG_x3X

Some examples of electrical life expectancy

| RGG.x3X |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}(\mathrm{ms})$ | Operations |
| 110 Vdc | 0.5 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.6 | 10 | 300,000 |
| 120 Vdc | 0.7 | 40 | 50,000 |
| 125 Vdc | 1.2 | 0 | $1,000,000$ |
| 220 Vdc | 0.1 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 220 Vdc | 0.25 | 10 | 100,000 |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\cos \varphi$ | Operations |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | $1,500,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 1 | $1,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vac | 0.5 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 220 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | 600,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 1 | 650,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 600,000 |


| RGG.x7X |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}(\mathrm{ms})$ | Operations |
| 24 Vdc | 1 | 0 | $7,000,000$ |
| 24 Vdc | 1 | 40 | 3000,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 2 | 40 | $2,000,000$ |
| 24 Vdc | 5 | 0 | $3,000,000$ |
| 24 Vdc | 5 | 40 | 200,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 9 | 0 | 800,000 |
| 48 Vdc | 5 | 20 | 200,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.4 | 40 | $1,000,000$ |
| 110 Vdc | 1 | 40 | $200,000{ }^{(1)}$ |
| 110 Vdc | 10 | 0 | 100,000 |
| U | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\cos \varphi$ | $0 p e r a t i o n s$ |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 100,000 |
| 220 Vac | 10 | 1 | 100,000 |
| 230 Vac | 1 | 0.7 | $2,500,000$ |
| 230 Vac | 3 | 0.7 | $1,200,000$ |

Switching frequency: 1,200 operations/hour
${ }^{(1)} 600$ operations/hour

| Sockets and retaining clips |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs | Model | Retaining clip |
| Wall or DIN rail mounting | Screw | 48BIP20-I DIN | RG48 |
|  | Spring clamp | PAIR160 |  |
|  | Screw | RGIL | RG43 |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate. For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For maximum reliability in operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

Notes

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |




RMGR16X_3

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Mechanically linked contacts, relay compliant with IEC EN 61810-3, type A
- Weld-no-transfer technology
- Plug-in monostable instantaneous relay
- Suitable for safety applications
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Very long electrical life expectancy and exceptional endurance
- Magnetic arc blow-out (optional) for higher breaking capacity
- Wide range of options: LED indicating power on, FLYBACK DIODE
- Transparent cover, with access for manual operation (standard) and pull-out handle
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket

DESCRIPTION

RMGX relays are highly reliable products offering top performance, suitable for applications in particularly harsh and unsettled environments. Meeting the requirements of standard EN 61810-3 type A; the relay is equipped with mechanically linked contacts (forcibly guided), an indispensable feature for applications where there is a need to guarantee that make (NO) contacts will never assume the same status as break (NC) contacts. Forcibly guided contacts are also known as weld-no-transfer contacts. With change-over contacts, customers have the greatest possible flexibility in selecting the configuration ( $6 \mathrm{NC}+2$ NO, 5 NC + 3 NO, etc.) best suited to their particular needs.
Thanks to its exceptional breaking capacity, the relay is suitable for controlling heavy duty loads with intensive switching frequency, where safety and continuity of operation are all-important. Manual operation as standard for all models, allowing tests to be conducted in the absence of any power supply. The contacts used are of a type designed to give top performance both with high and strongly inductive DC loads, and with particularly low loads; inclusion of the magnetic arc blow-out function (optional) helps to achieve a considerable increase in breaking capacity.

Knurled contacts ensure not only better self-cleaning characteristics, but also lower ohmic resistance thanks to multiple points of electrical connection, thereby extending the electrical life expectancy of the component.

In relays with forcibly guided (mechanically linked) or weld-no-transfer contacts, special design and constructional measures are used to ensure that make (normally-open) contacts can not assume the same state as break (normally -closed) contacts.

- If, when powering up a relay, a NC contact fails to open, the remaining NO contacts must not close, maintaining a contact gap $\geq 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$.
- When the relay is de-energized, if a NO contact fails to open, the remaining NC contact must not close, maintaining a contact gap $\geq 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$.

EN 61810-3 lays down the standard requirements for relays with forcibly guided contacts. This standard defines two types of relay with forcibly guided contacts, namely:

- Type A: Relay whose contacts are all mechanically linked (forcibly guided).
- Type B: Relay containing mechanically linked contacts and contacts which are not mechanically linked.
In the case of relays that include changeover contacts, either the make circuit or the break circuit of a changeover contact can be considered to meet the requirements of this standard.

| RMG.x2X | 6 CO +2 NC |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RMG.x6X | $6 \mathrm{CO}+2 \mathrm{NC}$ | $\bullet$ |


| Coil specifications | RMGExyX - RMGFxyX | RMGRxyX |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal voltages Un | DC: 24-48-110-125-132-220 ${ }^{(1)}$ | DC: 24-36-72-96-110 ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Consumption at Un (DC/AC) | DC: 80 $\div 115 \%$ Un | 3W |
| Operating range | Dype of duty | Continuous |
| Drop-out voltage ${ }^{(3)}$ | DC: $>5 \%$ Un |  |

(1) Other values on request.
(2) Suitable for application on rolling stock. Operating range in compliance with EN 60077 standard.
(3) Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as $\%$ of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certain to be de-energized.

| Contact specifications | RMG.12X-16X-42X-46X RMG.32X-36X-62X-66X-52X-56X |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number and type | $6 \mathrm{CO}+2$ NA, form C |
| Maximum pulse ${ }^{(1)}$ | See following graph 20A for $1 \mathrm{~min}-40 \mathrm{~A}$ for 1 s 150A for 10 ms |
| Example of electrical life expectancy | RMG.x2X : 0.5A-110Vdc-L/R 40ms - $10^{5}$ operations - 1,800 operations /hour RMG.x6X : 1A - 110Vdc - L/R 40ms - $10^{5}$ operations - 1,800operations /hour |
| Minimum loadStandard contacts <br> Gold-plated contacts | $\begin{gathered} 200 \mathrm{~mW}(10 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{~mA}) \\ 50 \mathrm{~mW}(5 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ |
| Maximum breaking voltage | 350 VDC / 440 VAC |
| Contact material | AgCdO |
| Operating time at Un (ms) ${ }^{(2)}$ <br> Pick-up (NC contact opening) <br> Pick-up (NO contact closing) <br> Drop-out (NO contact opening) <br> Drop-out (NC contact closing) | $\begin{gathered} \text { DC } \\ \leq 35 \\ \leq 60 \\ \leq 4 \\ \leq 45 \end{gathered}$ |

(1) Maximum peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(2) Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces).

## Rated current contact



[^4]Insulation
Insulation resistance (at 500 VDC)
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
$>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$
$>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
2 kV (1 min) - 2.2 kV (1 s)
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
Impulse withstand voltage ( $1,2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0,5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
5 kV
between open contact parts
5 kV

## Mechanical specifications

| Mechanical life expectancy | $10 \times 10^{6}$ operations |
| ---: | :---: |
| Maximum mechanical switching rate | 3,600 operations $/ \mathrm{h}$ |
| Degree of protection | IP50 fitted to socket |
| Dimensions $(\mathrm{mm})$ | $45 \times 90 \times 100{ }^{(1)}$ |
| Weight $(\mathrm{g})$ | 380 |

"(1) Excluding output terminals

## Environmental specifications

| Standard operating temperature | standard |
| :--- | :---: |

Standards and reference values
EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7

## All-or-nothing relays

EN 61810-3, type A
Relays with forcibly guided (mechanically linked) contacts
EN 60695-2-10
Fire behavior
EN 60529

Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

## Railways, rolling stock - Standards

EN 60077
EN $61373{ }^{(1)}$
EN 45545-2
ASTM E162, E662

Applicable to RMGRX version
Electric equipment for rolling stock - General service conditions and general rules
Shock and vibration tests, cat 1, class B
Fire behavior, cat EL10, requirement R26, V0
Fire behavior
(1) Opening of NC contacts allowed only at de-energized relay $\mathrm{t}<3 \mathrm{~ms}$.

## Configurations - Options

| TROPICALIZATION | Surface treatment of coil with protective coating for use in conditions of RH $95 \%$. This treatment serves to <br> give the coil added protection against corrosion that could occur as a result of moisture reacting with certain <br> chemical agents such as those found in acid or saline atmospheres. |
| :--- | :--- |
| GOLD PLATING | Surface treatment of contacts, blades and output terminals with gold, thickness $\geq 2 \mu$. This treatment ensures <br> long-term capacity of the contact to conduct low levels of current, even in adverse ambient conditions. |
| LED | long-term capacity of the contact to conduct low levels of current, even in adverse ambient conditions. |
| FLYBACK DIODE | Component connected in parallel with the coil designed to suppress overvoltages generated by the coil when <br> de-energized. |
| LOW TEMPERATURE | Minimum operating temperature - $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, only for rolling stock version (option "L"). |

Ordering scheme

| Ordering scheme |
| :--- |
| Product <br> code |


|  | RMG | E | 3 | 6X | F | C | 048 | T |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RMGE36XF-C048/T = ENERGY series relay with back EMF suppression diode, magnetic arc blow-out and 48Vdc tropicalized coil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RMG | R | 7 | 2X | F | C | 110 |  |  |
|  | RMGR72XF-C110 = RAILWAY series relay, equipped with flyback diode and indicator Led and 110Vdc coil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. ENERGY : all applications except for railway.

RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: application on fixed power systems and electrical railway traction. Construction according to RFI (FS Group, Italy) specification $n^{\circ}$ RFI DPRIM STF IFS TE 143 A, if applicable for list of RFI approved and conforming products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED"
RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: Application on board rolling stock. Electrical characteristics according to EN60077.
2. Other values on request.
3. Optional value.
4. Optional value. The positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.

## Wiring diagram



## Dimensions



RMG.x2X - RMG.x6X

Electrical life expectancy


Contact loading: 110Vdc, L/R 40 ms
Curve A: RMG.x6X
Curve B: RMG.x2X

| RMG.x2X |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U | I (A) | L/R (ms) | Operations |
| 110 Vdc | 0.5 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.6 | 10 | 300,000 |
| 120 Vdc | 0.7 | 40 | 50,000 |
| 125 Vdc | 1.2 | 0 | $1,000,000$ |
| 220 Vdc | 0.1 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 220 Vdc | 0.25 | 10 | 100,000 |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\cos \varphi$ | Operations |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | $1,500,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 1 | $1,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vac | 0.5 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 220 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | 600,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 1 | 650,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 600,000 |

Switching frequency: 1,200 operations/hour

| Sockets and retaining clips |  |  | Retaining clip |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs | Model |  |
| Wall or DIN rail mounting | Screw | 96 P20-I DIN | RMC48 |
|  | Spring clamp | PAIR320 |  |
|  | Souble faston $(4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | ADF4-E1 | PRIR321 |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate. To ensure correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 20 mm in the vertical direction; this will allow the heat generated by the coils to rise and dissipate as necessary. Check the distances according to the socket used. These distances can be reduced, depending on the environmental conditions during operation and on the relay duty cycle.
Retaining clips are used to ensure that the relay is secured correctly to the socket.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

Notes

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


$\square$ A

## BISTABLE RELAYS




RGBE13


RGBE14

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in instantaneous bistable relay
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Very long electrical life expectancy and notable endurance
- Magnetic arc blow-out for higher breaking capacity
- Fitted with mechanical optical contact status indicator as standard
- Lever for manual operation (optional)
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Pulsed or permanent power supply, a.c. or d.c.
- Wide variety of configurations and customizations
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Label holder in cover for customer's use
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

The bistable relays in the RGB series are reliable products offering high performance. These components have 2 stable operating states, which means that they are able to hold their current position in the event of a power supply failure, thereby guaranteeing that this can be stored as "memory" information should system faults occur during subsequent cycles. Given their superior reliability and durability, RGB relays are capable of filling roles that call for a high level of responsibility; in effect, they are used in environments where continuous duty is an essential requirement (e.g. high voltage electricity distribution stations and medium voltage substations). All models are equipped with an automatic coil de-energization system, operated mechanically or electronically, designed to reduce the power consumption of the device to zero once the operating cycle has been completed.
Thanks to its exceptional breaking capacity, the relay is suitable for controlling heavy duty loads with intensive switching frequency, where safety and continuity of operation are all-important. A product of proven reliability, as demonstrated by its use for over 40 years in electrical energy transmission and distribution systems, and fixed equipment used in the railway sector.

Benefiting also from careful selection of materials, coupled with the technical and professional skills of human resources involved in design and production, this family of relays has found favour with many important and high profile customers.

The versatility in manufacture allows producing relays with any voltage in the range 12 to $250 \mathrm{VDC} / 440 \mathrm{VAC}$ and with a great number of operating ranges adaptable to the various application requirements.
The contacts used are of a type designed to give notable levels of performance both with high and strongly inductive loads, and with particularly low loads. Knurled contacts ensure not only better self-cleaning characteristics, but also lower ohmic resistance thanks to multiple points of electrical connection, thereby extending the electrical life expectancy of the component.

In the case of the version with 3 contacts, there is also the facility of manual operation, so that tests can be performed even in the absence of electrical power. Like all our relays, models in the $G$ series are assembled as part of a controlled manufacturing process in which every step of production is verified by the next step in succession. In effect, each relay is calibrated and tested individually, by hand, in such a way as to guarantee top reliability.

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) Maximum peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces).

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts
Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts between adjacent contacts
Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts
$>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$
$>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$

## 5 kV

5 kV

| Mechanical specifications |  | RGB.x3 | RGB.x4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mechanical life expectancy |  |  |
| Maximum switching rate | Mechanical |  |  |
|  | Degré de protection |  |  |
|  | Dimensions (mm) | $45 \times 50 \times 86{ }^{(1)}$ | $45 \times 50 \times 112^{(1)}$ |
|  | Weight (g) | 270 | 350 |

[^5]Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Fire behavior

## -25 to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

-25 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Standard: 75\% RH - Tropicalized: 95\% RH
Vo

Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
EN 61000
EN 60529

Electromechanical elementary relays
Fire behavior
Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

## Configurations - Options

| TROPICALIZATION | Surface treatment of the coil with protective coating for use with RH $95 \%$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| GOLD PLATING | Surface treatment of contacts, blades and output terminals with gold-cobalt, thickness $\geq 2 \mu$. <br> This treatment ensures long-term capacity of the contact to conduct lower currents. |
| FLYBACK DIODE | Component connected in parallel with the coil (type 1N4007) designed to suppress overvoltages generated by <br> the coil when de-energized. |
| LEVER FOR MANUAL | Allows manual operation of the relay, with the cover closed, using a screwdriver. |

Ordering scheme

| Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage <br> (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Finish ${ }^{(3)}$ | Keying position code ${ }^{(4)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RGB | E: Energy <br> F: Railway <br> Fixed <br> Equipment | 1: Standard <br> 3: Diode // <br> 4: Gold plating <br> 6: Gold plating <br> + Diode // | 3: 3 CO contacts <br> 4: 4 CO contacts | F | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 012-024-048 \\ 110-125-132 \\ 144-220-230 \\ 380-440 \end{gathered}$ | T: Tropicalized coil M: Manual operation ${ }^{(5)}$ | XXX |
| RGB | E | 3 | 3 | F | C | 048 | T |  |
| RGBE33F-C048/T = ENERGY series relay with 3 CO contacts, flyback diode and 48Vdc tropicalized coil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) ENERGY: all applications except for railway.

RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: application on fixed power systems and electrical railway traction. For list of RFI compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
Also available is the STATIONS series, with ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications. For list of ENEL compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalog "STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20"
(2) Other values on request. Voltages 380 V and 440 V available as Vac only.
(3) Optional value. Multiple selection possible (e.g. TM).
(4) Optional value. Positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.
(5) With manual operation, no optical indicator. Option only available for 3 RT contacts.

## Wiring diagram




## Electrical life expectancy



| U | 1 (A) | L/R (ms) | Operations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110 Vdc | 0.5 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.6 | 10 | 300,000 |
| 120 Vdc | 0.7 | 40 | 50,000 |
| 125 Vdc | 1.2 | 0 | 1,000,000 |
| 220 Vdc | 0.1 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 220 Vdc | 0.25 | 10 | 100,000 |
| U | 1 (A) | $\cos \varphi$ | Operations |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 1 | 2,000,000 |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | 1,500,000 |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 1 | 1,000,000 |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 0,5 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vac | 0.5 | 1 | 2,000,000 |
| 220 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | 600,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 1 | 650,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 600,000 |


| Sockets and retaining clips |  | Model | RGBEx3 | RGBEx4-x5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs |  | Retaining clip |  |
| Wall or DIN rail mounting | Screw | PAVG161 | VM1221 | VM1222 |
| Flush mounting | Double faston ( $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | PRDG161 |  |  |
|  | Screw | PRVG161 |  |  |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For safe and secure operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.

## RMBX SERIES



## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in instantaneous latching relay
- Compact dimensions than RMB Series
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Pulsed or permanent power supply and de-energization system
- Long electrical life expectancy and exceptional endurance
- Operation with DC or AC power supply
- Fitted with mechanical optical contact status indicator as standard
- Transparent cover, with access for manual operation (standard) and pull-out handle
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Wide variety of configurations and customizations
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

RMBX relays are derived from models in the RMB line, offering the same specifications and performance and available with a generous number of contacts (up to 8); in short, highly reliable products providing top performance and suitable for applications in particularly harsh and unsettled environments, such as high voltage electricity distribution stations and medium voltage substations, rail transport and rolling stock applications. The mechanical design of the relay is such as to allow the development of numerous custom solutions, in the event that the standard models do not fully respond to the required performance parameters.

Thanks to its exceptional breaking capacity, the relay is suitable for controlling heavy duty loads where safety and continuity of operation are all-important.

Versatility in manufacture allows the production of relays with any voltage between 12 and 250Vd.c./230Va.c., and with a variety of operating ranges adaptable to different application requirements.
Manual operation is foreseen for all models, allowing tests to be conducted in the absence of any power supply. RMBX relays are equipped with an automatic coil de-energization system, operated mechanically, designed to reduce the power consumption of the device to zero on completion of the cycle.

The contacts used are of a type designed to give top performance both with high and strongly inductive loads, and with particularly low loads.

Knurled contacts ensure not only better self-cleaning characteristics, but also lower ohmic resistance thanks to multiple points of electrical connection, thereby extending the electrical life expectancy of the component.

Benefiting from careful selection of materials, plus the technical and professional skills of human resources involved in design and production, this is a product suitable for the most demanding of environments.

Like all our relays, these models are assembled as part of a controlled manufacturing process in which every step of production is verified by the next step in succession. Each relay is calibrated and tested individually, by hand, so as to guarantee top reliability.

| RMB. $\times 3$ X | 7 | Common negative |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RMB. $\times 2$ X $^{(1)}$ | 8 | Common negative |

(1) Model RMBR.x2X suitable for rolling stock applications

## FOR CONFIGURATION OF PRODUCT CODE, SEE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE

| Coil specifications | RMB.x 3 X, RMB.x2X | RMBR. $\times 2 \mathrm{X}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal voltages Un | DC: 12-24-48-110-125-132-220 ${ }^{(1)}$ - AC: 12-24-48-110-125-230-380-440 ${ }^{(1)}$ | DC: 24-36-72-96-110 ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| Consumption at Un (DC/AC) ${ }^{(2)}$ | RMB.x3X: 15W / 15VA - RMB.x2: 19W / 19VA | 19W / 19VA |
| Operating range | DC: $80 \div 120 \%$ Un - AC: $85 \div 110 \%$ Un | DC: $70 \div 125$ \% Un |
| Type of duty | Continuous |  |

Minimum control pulse: 50 ms .
(1) Other values on request.
(2) Latch and unlatch. Power consumption is zero on completion of the operating cycle, as the coil de-energizes automatically.
(3) Suitable for rolling stock applications. Operating range in compliance with EN 60077 standard.

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) Maximum peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces).

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500VCD)
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts

Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts between adjacent contacts
$>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$
$>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

2 kV (1 min) - 2.2 kV (1 s)
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}$ (1 s)

Impulse withstand voltage ( $1,2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0,5 \mathrm{~J}$ ) between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts

5 kV
4 kV

Mechanical specifications

| Mechanical life expectancy | $10 \times 10^{6}$ operations |
| ---: | ---: |
| Maximum mechanical switching rate | 900 operations/hour |
| Degree of protection | IP50 fitted to socket |
| Dimensions $(\mathrm{mm})^{(1)}$ | $45 \times 90 \times 100^{(1)}$ |
| Weight $(\mathrm{g})$ | RMB.x3X: $400 \mid$ RMB.x2X: 410 |

(1) Excluding output terminals

Environmental specifications

| Standard operating temperature | standard | -25 to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Version for railways, rolling stock (RMBR) | -25 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ for 10 min$)$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ as option |
| Storage and shipping temperature | -25 to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Relative humidity | Standard: $75 \% \mathrm{RH}-$ Tropicalized: $95 \% \mathrm{RH}$ |  |
| Fire behavior | VO |  |

Standards and reference values
EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7

## All-or-nothing relays

EN 61810-3, type A
Guided contact relays (mechanically linked), type A
EN 60695-2-10
Fire behavior
Degree of protection provided by enclosures
EN 60529
Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above. In accordance with EN $61810-1$, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

## Railways, rolling stock - Standards

EN 60077
EN $61373{ }^{(1)}$
EN 45545-2
ASTM E162, E662

## Applicable to RMBR model

Electric equipment for rolling stock - General service conditions and general rules
Shock and vibration tests, cat 1, class B
Fire behavior, cat EL10, requirement R26, V0
Fire behavior
(1) Opening of NC contacts allowed only at de-energized relay $\mathrm{t}<3 \mathrm{~ms}$.

## Configurations - Options

Surface treatment of coil with protective coating for use in conditions of RH 95\%. This treatment serves to
TROPICALIZATION

|  | Cheming |
| :--- | :--- |
| GOLD PLATING | Surface treatment of contacts, blades and output terminals with gold, thickness $\geq 2 \mu$. This treatment ensures <br> long-term capacity of the contact to conduct low levels of current, even in adverse ambient conditions. |
| FLYBACK DIODE | Component connected in parallel with the coil designed to suppress overvoltages generated by the coil when <br> de-energized. |
| LOW TEMPERATURE | Minimum operating temperature $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, only for rolling stock version (option " L ") |


| Ordering scheme |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Finish ${ }^{(3)}$ | Keying position code ${ }^{(4)}$ |
|  | RMB | E: Energy <br> F: Railway <br> Fixed <br> Equipment <br> R: Railway <br> Rolling stock | 1: Standard <br> 3: Diode // <br> 4: Gold-plating <br> 6: Gold-plating <br> + Diode // | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2X: } \begin{array}{l} 8 \mathrm{CO} \\ \text { contacts } \end{array} \\ & 3 \mathrm{X}: 7 \mathrm{CO} \\ & \text { contacts } \end{aligned}$ | F | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 012-024-036 \\ 048-072-096 \\ 110-125-132 \\ 220-230-380 \\ 440 \end{gathered}$ | T: <br> Tropicalized <br> coil <br> L: Low <br> temperature | XX |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{0}{\xi} \\ & \underset{\sim}{x} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | RMB | E | 4 | 3X | F | C | 110 |  |  |
|  | RMBE43XF-C110 = ENERGY series relay, with 7 CO gold-plated contactsand 110Vdc coil |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RMB | R | 1 | 2X | F | C | 072 | T |  |
|  | RMBR12XF-C072T = RAILWAY, rolling stock series, relay with 8 CO contacts and 72Vdc tropicalized coil |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) ENERGY: all applications except for railway.

RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: application on fixed power systems and electrical railway traction. For list of RFI compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: application on board rolling stock. Electrical characteristics according to EN60077.
(2) Other values on request. Voltages 380 V and 440 V available as Vac only.
(3) Optional value.
(4) Optional value. Positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's product model.

Dimensions

(*) access to the manual operating lever

## Electrical life expectancy



| $U$ | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}(\mathrm{ms})$ | Operations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110 Vdc | 0.5 | 40 | 150,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.6 | 10 | 300,000 |
| 132 Vdc | 0.7 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 125 Vdc | 1.2 | 0 | $1,000,000$ |
| 220 Vdc | 0.1 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 220 Vdc | 0.25 | 10 | 100,000 |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\cos \varphi$ | Operations |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | $1,500,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 1 | $1,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vac | 0.5 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 220 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | 600,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 1 | 650,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 600,000 |

Switching frequency: 1,200 operations/hour

| Sockets and retaining clips |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs | Model | Retaining clip |
| Wall or DIN rail mounting | Screw | 96 P20-I DIN |  |
|  | quick wiring | PAIR320 | RMC48 |
|  | Double faston $(4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | ADF4 |  |
|  | quick wiring | PRIR320 |  |

(1) Suitable for mounting 2 relays side by side.

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
Retaining clips are used to ensure that the relay is secured correctly to the socket.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.



Heavy industry


RMBE13

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in instantaneous bistable relay
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Very long electrical life expectancy and exceptional endurance
- Pulsed or permanent power supply, a.c. or d.c.
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Fitted with mechanical optical contact status indicator as standard
- Lever for manual operation (optional)
- Wide variety of configurations and customizations
- Transparent cover, fixing/pulling screws
- Label holder in cover for customer's use
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

RMB relays are multipole bistable types sharing the same basic mechanical design as those of the RGB series, and offering the same specifications and performance. Available in versions with from $\mathbf{7}$ to $\mathbf{2 0}$ change-over contacts, these highly reliable products provide top performance and are suitable for applications in particularly harsh and unsettled environments, such as high voltage electricity distribution stations and medium voltage substations. An automatic coil de-energization system ensures that power consumption of the relay reduces to zero once the operating cycle has been completed.

Versatility in manufacture allows the production of relays with any voltage from 12 to 250VDC/440VAC, and with a variety of operating ranges adaptable to different application requirements. The contacts used are of a type designed to give notable levels of performance both with high and strongly inductive loads, and with particularly low loads; knurled contacts ensure not only better self-cleaning characteristics, but also lower ohmic resistance thanks to multi-
ple points of electrical connection, thereby extending the electrical life expectancy of the component. All models offer the facility of manual operation, so that tests can be performed even in the absence of electrical power. To ensure that the relay remains firmly anchored to the sockets, these are equipped with fixing screws, so that there is no need for the use of retaining clips. A product of proven reliability, as demonstrated by its use for over 40 years in electrical energy transmission and distribution systems, and fixed equipment used in the railway sector.

Like all our relays, models in the RMB series are assembled as part of a controlled manufacturing process in which every step of production is verified by the next step in succession. In effect, each relay is calibrated and tested individually, by hand, in such a way as to guarantee top reliability.

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) Maximum peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Unless specified otherwise, operating times are understood as comprising stabilization of the contact (inclusive of bounces)

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts between adjacent contacts
Impulse withstand voltage (1.2/50 $\mu \mathrm{s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J})$
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts
$>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$
$>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$ $2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$ $2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$

5 kV
5 kV

| Mechanical specifications | RMB.x3-RMBZ12 | RMB.x5-RMBZ13 | RMB.x7-RMBZ14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mechanical life expectancy | $20 \times 10^{6}$ operations |  |  |
| Maximum switching rate Mechanical | 900 operations/hour |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP40 |  |  |
| Dimensions (mm) Weight (g) | $\begin{gathered} 132 \times 58 \times 84^{(1)} \\ 450 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 188 \times 58 \times 84{ }^{(1)} \\ 760 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 300 \times 58 \times 84{ }^{(1)} \\ 1140 \end{gathered}$ |

[^6]Environmental specifications

Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Fire behavior
-25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Standard: 75\% RH - Tropicalized: 95\% RH V0

## Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
EN 61000
EN 60529

## Electromechanical elementary relays

Fire behavior
Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Sauf indication contraire, les produits sont conçus et fabriqués conformément aux prescriptions des normes européennes et internationales citées ci-dessus.
Conformément à la norme EN 61810-1, toutes les données techniques s'appliquent pour une température ambiante de $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, une pression atmosphérique de 96 kPa et une humidité de $50 \%$. La tolérance pour la résistance de bobine et la puissance nominale est de $\pm 7 \%$.

## Configurations - Options

| TROPICALIZATION | Surface treatment of the coil with protective coating for use with RH $95 \%$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| GOLD PLATING | Surface treatment of contacts, blades and output terminals with gold-cobalt, thickness $\geq 2 \mu$. <br> This treatment ensures long-term capacity of the contact to conduct lower currents. |
| FLYBACK DIODE | Component connected in parallel with the coil (type 1 N 4007 ) designed to suppress overvoltages generated by <br> the coil when de-energized. |
| LEVER FOR MANUAL <br> OPERATION | Allows manual operation of the relay, with the cover closed, using a screwdriver. |


| Ordering scheme |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Finish ${ }^{(3)}$ | Keying position code ${ }^{(4)}$ |
| RMB |  | E: Energy <br> F: Railway Fixed Equipment | 1: Standard <br> 3: Diode // <br> 4: Gold plating <br> 6: Gold plating <br> + Diode// | 3: 7 CO contacts <br> 5: 11 CO contacts <br> 7: 19 CO contact | F | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 012-024-048 \\ 110-125-132 \\ 144-220-230 \\ 380-440 \end{gathered}$ | T: Tropicalized coil <br> M: Manual operation ${ }^{(6)}$ | xxx |
|  |  | Z12-8 CO contacts ${ }^{(5)}$ <br> Z13-12 CO contacts ${ }^{(5)}$ <br> Z14-20 CO contacts ${ }^{(5)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RMB | E | 4 | 3 | F | C | 110 |  | SAH |
|  | RMBE43F-C110-SAH = ENERGY series relay, with 7 CO gold-plated contacts, 110Vdc coil and keying position SAH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RMB | E | 1 | 4 | F | C | 110 |  |  |
|  | RMBF15F-C110 = RAILWAY series relay, fixed equipment, with 11 CO contacts, 110VDC coil |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) ENERGY: all applications except for railway.

RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: application on fixed power systems and electrical railway traction. For list of RFI approved and conforming products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
Also available is the STATIONS series, with ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications. For list of ENEL compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalog "STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20".
(2) Other values on request. Voltages 380 V and 440 V available as Vac only.
(3) Optional value. Multiple selection possible (e.g. TM).
(4) Optional value. Positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.
(5) Suitable for " $E$ " and " $F$ " applications. Gold-plated $(2 \mu)$ contacts and terminals available on request.
(6) With manual operation, no optical indicator.

## Wiring diagram



RMB.x3-5-7


RMBZ12-13-14

(*) Models with manual operating lever (optional) are provided with a hole at the front giving access to the lever.
The position of the data plate holder and the mechanical optical indicator can vary depending on the version.

Electrical life expectancy


| U | 1 (A) | L/R (ms) | Operations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110 Vdc | 0.5 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.6 | 10 | 300,000 |
| 120 Vdc | 0.7 | 40 | 50,000 |
| 125 Vdc | 1.2 | 0 | 1,000,000 |
| 220 Vdc | 0.1 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 220 Vdc | 0.25 | 10 | 100,000 |
| U | 1 (A) | $\cos \varphi$ | Operations |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 1 | 2,000,000 |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | 1,500,000 |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 1 | 1,000,000 |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vac | 0.5 | 1 | 2,000,000 |
| 220 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | 600,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 1 | 650,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 600,000 |

Switching frequency: 1,200 operations/hour

| Sockets and retaining clips | RMB.x3-Z12 | RMB.x5-Z13 | RMB.x7-Z14 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs |  |  |  |
| Wall or DIN rail mounting | Screw | PAVM321 | PAVM481 | PAVM801 |
| Flush mounting | Double faston $(4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | PRDM321 | PRDM481 | PRDM801 |
|  | Screw | PRVM321 | PRVM481 | PRVM801 |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
Retaining clips are not required, as a secure connection is guaranteed by the fixing screws. These same screws also serve to facilitate installation and removal of the relay. To ensure correct use, the screws must be tightened / loosened in alternating sequence, by degrees. No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.



## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in instantaneous bistable relay
- Solid and rugged construction
- Long life expectancy
- Automatic de-energization following operation, energy saving
- Magnetic holding action
- Patent operating mechanism, designed to ensure high contact pressure
- Magnetic arc blow-out standard
- Independent and self-cleaning contacts
- Pulsed or permanent power supply, a.c. or d.c.
- Excellent shock and vibration resistance
- Wide range of sockets
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

OKBA bistable relays are electromechanical devices having two stable states controlled by two distinct power inputs. There are many possible applications: these relays are used mainly because they are able to maintain the status assumed after the last switching operation, even in event of a power outage occurring - in short, they have a guaranteed "memory" capability. Given their superior reliability and durability, these components are capable of filling roles that call for a high level of responsibility; in effect, they are used in environments where continuous duty is an essential requirement (e.g. electrical transformer stations and continuous cycle manufacturing processes).

OKBA relay are equipped with a mechanism (electronic or mechanical, depending on the model) that cuts off the power supply to the coil leads after the switching operation; this means that power consumption can be reduced to zero, while maintaining the required operating position. The OKBA has a common negative pole and is configured with the two negative poles separate from one another, for greater flexibility of connection.

In this model the core of a monostable relay is replaced by a special element made of magnetic material, which magnetizes when the relay is operated. In the event of a power outage, the magnet is able to hold the contacts in the operating position with a force on the armature of 10 N . The magnet is demagnetized by a de-energize winding, which generates a magnetic field opposite to that of the energize winding, and allows the relay contacts to return to their initial position. The release winding forms part of the same coil that incorporates the latch winding. Available in versions with 4 or 8 changeover contacts.

Like all our relays, OKBA model are assembled, calibrated and tested, individually and manually, as part of a sequential manufacturing process in which each step of production is tested automatically during the course of the subsequent step.

| OKBA | 4 | $\bullet$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| OKBA8 | 8 |  |

FOR CONFIGURATION OF PRODUCT CODE，SEE＂ORDERING SCHEME＂TABLE
Coil specifications

| Nominal voltages Un ${ }^{(1)}$ | DC： $24,36,48,72,110,125,132,144,220$｜AC： $24,48,110,127,220,230$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Max．consumption at Un ${ }^{(2)}$ | 7W／VA（latch）3．5W／VA（unlatch）${ }^{(3)}$ |
| Version for rolling stock at Un ${ }^{(2)}$ | 12，5W（latch）5，5W（unlatch） |
| Operating range | 80．．．115\％Un <br> DC：70．．．125\％Un |
| Version for rolling stock | Continuous |

Minimum control pulse 100 ms ．
（1）Other values on request．
（2）At the moment of the relay being switched．De－energization occurs after 100 ms approx．Power consumption with relay energized： $\mathrm{OKBA}=0.6 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{VA}$ ．
（3）For versions with 8 contacts，double the value．

Contact specifications

| Number and type | 4 CO, form $\mathrm{C}^{(1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Current Nominal ${ }^{(2)}$ | 10A |
| Maximum peak（1 min）${ }^{(3)}$ | 20 A |
| Maximum pulse（10 ms）${ }^{(3)}$ | 150 A |
| Exemple de durée de vie électrique ${ }^{(4)}$ | 0．5 A－110 Vdc－L／R＝ 40 ms ： $10^{5}$ operations， 900 operations／hour |
| Minimum load Standard contacts | $500 \mathrm{~mW}(20 \mathrm{~V}, 20 \mathrm{~mA})$ |
| Gold－plated contacts P4GEO ${ }^{(5)}$ | $100 \mathrm{~mW}(10 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~mA})$ |
| Maximum breaking voltage | 350 Vdc／ 440 Vac |
| Contact material | AgCu |
| Operating time at Un（ms）${ }^{(6)}$ | DC－AC |
| Pick－up（NO contact closing） | $\leq 30$ |
| Drop－out（NC contact closing） | $\leq 40$ |

（1）Version with 8 CO contacts available．
（2）On all contacts simultaneously，reduction of $30 \%$ ．
（3）The max．peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled，for a specified time，by the contact．They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents．
（4）For other values，see electrical life expectancy curves．
（5）Specifications of gold－plated contacts on new relay
a）Plating material：P4 GEO：gold－nickel alloy（ $>6 \mu$ ）
b）When the gold－plated contact is subject to heavy loads，it will be degraded on the surface．In such case，the characteristics of the standard contact should be taken into consideration．
This does not impair relay operation．
（6）Unless specified otherwise，the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact（including bounces）．

Insulation

| Insulation resistance（at 500Vdc） <br> between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts | $\begin{aligned} & >1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \\ & >1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Withstand voltage at industrial frequency <br> between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts between adjacent contacts Impulse withstand voltage（ $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ ） <br> between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts | $\begin{gathered} 2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \\ 2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \\ 2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \\ 5 \mathrm{kV} \\ 5 \mathrm{kV} \end{gathered}$ |



## Configurations - Options

| P2 | Tropicalization of the coil with epoxy resin for use with $95 \% \mathrm{RH}\left(@ \mathrm{~T} 50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. This treatment also protects the coil <br> against corrosion which could occur by combination of the humidity with certain chemical agents, such as those <br> found in acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| :--- | :--- |
| P4GEO | Gold plating of contacts with gold-nickel alloy, thickness $\geq 6 \mu$. This treatment ensures long-term capacity <br> of the contact to conduct lower currents in harsh ambient conditions such as acid atmospheres (typical of <br> geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| P5GEO | P4GEO gold-plating of contacts + P2 coil tropicalization. |
| P6GEO | P4GEO type gold-plating, but applied to contacts, contact terminals and output terminals + <br> P2 coil tropicalization. |
| FLYBACK DIODE | Polarized component connected in parallel with the coil (type 1 N 4007 or BYW56 for rolling stock version) <br> designed to suppress overvoltages generated by the coil when de-energized. |
| IP40 | IP40 protection with " 6 " handle or closure with screws. |
| 8 contacts | Version with 8 change-over contacts, obtained using $2 \times 4$ CO relays, coils connected in series. |
| LOW TEMPERATURE | Minimum operating temperature $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, only for Rolling stock version (option "L"). |
| (OKBA, 4 CO only) |  |

OKBA Ordering scheme

| Product code | Number of contacts | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Keying position <br> (3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OKBA | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4: } 4 \mathrm{CO}^{(4)} \\ & \text { 8: } 8 \mathrm{CO} \end{aligned}$ | E: Energy / <br> Railway <br> Fixed <br> Equipment <br> R: Railway <br> Rolling <br> Stock | 1: Standard <br> 2: Diode // | 0 : Standard <br> 2 : P2 <br> 4 : P4 GEO <br> 5 : P5 GEO <br> 6 : P6 GEO | F | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C: Vdc } \\ & \text { A: Vac } 50 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 024-036-048 \\ & 072-096-110 \\ & 125-127-132 \\ & 144-220-230 \end{aligned}$ | XXX <br> L: Low temperature |


|  | OKBA |  | E | 1 | 0 | F | C | 144 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | OKBAE10F-C144-OKBA relay, ENERGY series, nominal voltage 144 Vdc |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | OKBA | 8 | E | 1 | 2 | F | C | 024 |  |
|  | OKBA8E12F-C024-OKBA relay, ENERGY series, nominal voltage 24 Vdc , equipped with 8 contacts and P2 finish (tropicalization of coil) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) $\mathrm{E}=$ ENERGY: all applications, except for railways rolling stock.

Suitable on energy production, transport and distribution plants, railways fixed equipment, petrolchemical and heavy industry.
R = RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: Application on board rolling stock (rail-tram-trolley vehicles). Electrical characteristics according to EN60077. Availables also the product series:
RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: Approved and conforming relays and products to RFI (FS Group) specification no. RFI DPRIM STF IFS TE 143 A
For the list of RFI approved and conforming products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
STATIONS: ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications.
For the list of ENEL approved and conforming products, consult the dedicated catalogu"STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20".
(2) Other values on request.
(3) Optional value. The positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.
(4) For the standard version with 4 contacts, the field must be left empty.

## Wiring diagram



Dimensions



OKBA 8 contacts


6B handle IP20 (standard)



| Sockets and retaining clips | OKBA, 4 CO ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of terminals (standard dimensions $5 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 16 | Retaining clip ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| For wall or rail mounting |  |  |
| Spring clamp, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | PAIR160 | RL48 |
| Screw, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | 48BIP20-I DIN | RL48 |
| Screw, wall mounting | 48BL | RL48 |
| Double faston, wall mounting | 48L | RL48 |
| For flush mounting |  |  |
| Double faston ( $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | ADF2 | RL48 |
| Screw | 43IL ${ }^{(3)}$ | RL43 |
| For mounting on PCB |  |  |
|  | 65 | RL43 |

(1) For version with 8 contacts, assume 2 sockets respectively for each relay. In this instance, the mounting distance between centers of the sockets must be 45 mm

The ADF socket cannot be used.
(2) Assume 2 clips for relays with 8 contacts.
(3) Insert the clip before fastening the socket to the panel.

For more details, see specifications of mounting accessories.

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
These bistable relays are equipped with automatic de-energization. When mounting, accordingly, there is no need for them to be spaced apart as they do not draw power continuously and therefore will not overheat.
For safe and secure operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

Notes

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


$\square$


## FAST-ACTING

 (MONOSTABLE AND BISTABLE)


RMMV12X

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- High speed operation, tripping applications
- High Burden configuration, providing immunity to capacitance discharges
- Plug-in relays
- High performance, compact dimensions, light weight
- Solid and rugged construction for intensive duty
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts, C/O type
- Wide contact gap for a very high breaking capacity, electrical life expectancy and insulation.
- Magnetic arc blow-out as standard
- Wide range of sockets
- Retaining clip for secure relay locking on socket
- Transparent cover, LED as standard and pull-out handle


## DESCRIPTION

RGMV and RMMV relays are highly reliable, high performance products, suitable for applications in very harsh and disturbed environments, such as protection, command and control systems in HV electrical substations or power stations.

The range includes relays with 4,8 and 12 contacts.
These relays are specially designed for tripping circuit breaker applications, where a fast-acting contact is essential, in order to minimize the total operating time and to avoid destruction of very expensive equipment in emergency situations.

The high speed operation, the valuable breaking capacity and the ability to switch very low loads (few mA) as well allow their use in demanding applications, where a minimum switching time is required.

- Multiplication of HV/MV protective outputs.
- Direct actuation on HV/MV primary equipment.
- Transmission of trip alarms.

High insulation levels help to limit the propagation of induced voltages, keeping different parts of the system separated for functional safety purposes, thus avoiding unwanted intrusive phenomena.

The contacts are designed to provide remarkable performance both for high, inductive loads and very low loads. Each contact is able to switch from $10 \mathrm{~mA}-10 \mathrm{~V}$ even without gold-plating.

The knurled surface ensures excellent self-cleaning and a lower ohmic resistance thanks to the various points of electrical contact, while also improving the electrical life expectancy of the component.

Magnetic arc blow-out helps to increase the breaking capacity: the relay is suitable for controlling heavy duty loads with intensive switching frequencies.

The "High burden" (HB) configuration provides immunity against capacitance (currents and power) discharge to the coil, in order to avoid relay operations in the event of transients due to extensive wiring, for example.

The construction of the relays and a careful choice of the materials ensure long life expectancy and considerable ruggedness even in harsh operating environments and in the presence of strong temperature fluctuations. IP40 protection is guaranteed.

| Models | Number of contacts | HIGH BURDEN ${ }^{(1)}$ configuration | Manual operation | Operating tim Pick-up (ms) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RGMV16X | 4 | - | - | $\leq 8 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| RGMV17X | 4 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
| RMMV12X | 8 | - | $\checkmark$ | $\leq 8 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| RMMV16X | 8 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
| RMMV11 | 12 | - | Option | $\leq 10 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| RMMV17 | 12 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |

(1) HIGH BURDEN Configuration: for the operating and the specifications refer to the paragraph "COIL DATA - HIGH BURDEN Configuration" (see the table below).

| FOR PRODUCT CODE CONFIGURATION, SEE THE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COIL DATA - STANDARD Configuration | $4 \mathrm{CO}, 8 \mathrm{CO}$ | 12 CO |
| Nominal voltages at Un | DC: 24-48-110-125-220V \| AC: 230 V |  |
| Consumption at Un | $\leq 3,5 \mathrm{~W}$ | $\leq 6 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Current AVG peak at pick-up ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\begin{gathered} 24 \mathrm{Vdc}<0.8 \mathrm{~A} / 20 \mathrm{~ms} \\ 48-110-125 \mathrm{Vdc}:<0.3 \mathrm{~A} / 20 \mathrm{~ms} \\ 220 \mathrm{Vdc}:<0.1 \mathrm{~A} / 20 \mathrm{~ms} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24 \mathrm{Vdc}:<1.2 \mathrm{~A} / \\ 48-110-125 \mathrm{Vdc}: \\ 220 \mathrm{Vdc}:<0.1 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |
| Operating range | DC: $80 \div 110 \%$ Un / AC: $80 \div 110 \%$ |  |
| Type of duty | Continuous |  |
| Drop-out voltage | DC: > 5\% Un |  |
| (1) $\pm 15 \%$. |  |  |
| Coil data <br> HIGH BURDEN configuration | $4 \mathrm{CO}, 8 \mathrm{CO}$ | 12 CO |
| Nominal voltages at Un | DC: 24-48-110-125-220V |  |
| Consumption at Un | $\leq 3,5 \mathrm{~W}$ | $\leq 6 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Consumption at pick-up | $24-48 \mathrm{Vdc}:<150 \mathrm{~W}$ (<2ms) \| $110-125-220 \mathrm{Vdc}$ < 300 W (<2ms) |  |
| Immunity to capacitive discharge | $10 \mu \mathrm{~F} @ 120 \%$ Un across the coil |  |
| Operating range | $80 \div 110 \%$ Un |  |
| Type of duty | Continuous |  |
| Drop-out voltage | DC: > 5\% Un |  |

The CONFIGURATION HIGH BURDEN provides higher security in plant control system, avoiding unwanted relay operation due to capacitive discharge currents, for example in case of an earth fault in long DC cables.

A typical application is where the initiating contact may be remote from tripping relay.
HIGH BURDEN Tripping Relays is designed to withstand a " $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor discharge test".

- Relay will not operate when a $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor, charged @ $120 \%$ Un, is applied across the coil.

While switching, high energy is required. After operation, high coil burden is reduced to a very low value, ensuring energy saving and avoiding overload on power supply circuit or station battery.

An electronic circuit acts as coil voltage' regulator and controls the duration of burden.

| Contact data | 4 CO | 8 CO | 12 CO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current $\quad$Nominal ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> Maximum pulse ${ }^{(2)}$ | $10 \mathrm{~A}$ <br> 20A for $1 \mathrm{~min} \mid 40 \mathrm{~A}$ for $1 \mathrm{~s} \mid 150 \mathrm{~A}$ for 10 ms |  |  |
| Example of electrical life ${ }^{(3)}$ | 1A - 110Vdc - L/R 0ms - 350,000 operations 0.5A - 220Vdc - L/R 0ms - 300,000 operations |  |  |
| Making capacity | 30 A (for 200 ms ) - 110Vdc - L/R 0ms: 2,000 operations |  |  |
| Minimum load ${ }^{(4)} \quad$ Standard contacts Gold-plated contact ${ }^{(5)}$ | $200 \mathrm{~mW}(10 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{~mA})$ <br> 50 mW ( $5 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |  |  |
| Maximum breaking voltage | $250 \mathrm{Vdc} / 350 \mathrm{Vac}$ |  |  |
| Contact material | AgCdO |  |  |
| Operating time at Un (ms) ${ }^{(6)}$ Pick-up ms Drop-out ms | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Vdc}: \leq 8 \\ \mathrm{Vdc}: \leq 40 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Vdc}: \leq 10 \\ & \mathrm{Vdc}: \leq 50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Vdc}: \leq 10 \\ & \mathrm{Vdc}: \leq 50 \end{aligned}$ |

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) The maximum pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to make or break currents.
(3) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Values referred to a new product, measured in laboratory.

The ability to maintain this performance over the time depends on the environmental conditions and the contact' frequency use.
The use of gold plated contacts is recommended in the case of very low loads.
(5) A gold contact, if subjected to high loads, degrades superficially. In this case, the characteristics of the standard contact must be considered. This does not affect the operation of the relay. (6) Unless specified otherwise, the operating times are expressed excluding bounces.

Only for Vac power supply: actual value may increase of max 5 ms (pick-up, worst case) or 10 ms (drop-out, worst case). It depends on the sinusoid front (rising or falling) while energizing or de-energizing.

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
Dielectric withstanding voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and ground between adjacent contacts
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically indipendent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts

| Mecanical specifications | 4 CO | 8CO | 12 CO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mechanical life expectancy | $10 \times 10^{6}$ operations |  |  |
| Maximum switching rate Mechanical | 3,600 operations / h |  |  |
| Degre of protection (with relay mounted) | IP40 |  |  |
| Dimensions (mm) ${ }^{(1)}$ | Mod. RGMV16X 45x50x86 | 45x90x100 | 58x188x84 |
|  | Mod. RGMV17X 45x50x112 |  |  |
| Weight (g) | 270 | 400 | 810 |

(1) Output terminals excluded.

## Environmental characteristics

Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Fire behaviour

```
-25\div+55}\mp@subsup{}{}{\circ}\textrm{C
-40\div+85}\mp@subsup{}{}{\circ}\textrm{C
Standard: 75% UR - Tropicalized: 95% UR
V0
```


## Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
EN 60529
EN 61000

Electromechanical elementary relays
Fire behaviour
Degree of protection provided by enclosures
Electromagnetic compatibility

Configurations - Options
TROPICALIZATION
GOLD PLATING

LEVER FOR MANUAL
OPERATION

HIGH BURDEN (HB)

Surface treatment of the coil with protective coating for use with RH 95\%.
Surface treatment of the contacts, blades and output terminals with gold-cobalt alloy $\geq 2 \mu$. This treatment ensures long-term ability of the contact to conduct lower currents.

Allow to manual operating the relay (available only for the RMMV11 and RMMV17 models)

The HB "High Burden" Configuration provide immunity to capacitance discharge currents \& power to the coil, in order to avoid relay operations, for example in case of transients coming from extensive wiring.

Ordering scheme

| Product code | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) | Finish ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RGMVX | 1: Standard <br> 4: Gold Plating | 6X: 4 contacts <br> 7X: 4 contacts with HB | F | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac | Vdc 024-048-110-125 Vac $230{ }^{(2)}$ | T: Tropicalized coil (lever for manual operation not available) |
| RMMVX | 1: Standard <br> 4: Gold Plating | 2X: 8 contacts <br> 6X: 8 contacts with HB |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C: Vdc } \\ & \text { A: Vac } \end{aligned}$ | Vdc 024-048-110-125 Vac $230{ }^{(2)}$ | T: Tropicalized coil (lever for manual operation always included) |
| RMMVX | 1: Standard <br> 4: Gold Plating | 1: 12 contacts <br> 7: 12 contacts with HB |  | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vdc 024-048-110-125 } \\ & \text { Vac } 230^{(2)} \end{aligned}$ | T: Tropicalized coil M : Lever for manual operation |

(1) Optional value. Possible the multiple choice (Ex. TM)
(2) NOT AVAILABLE FOR HB Configuration

|  | RGMV | 1 | 7X | C | 024 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RGMV17X-C024= Relay with standard contacts, 4 C/O, High Burden configuration, 24Vdc coil |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RMMV | 4 | 1 | A | 230 | M |
|  | RMMV41-A230/M = Relay with gold plating, $12 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}, 230 \mathrm{Vac}$ coil, lever for manual operation |  |  |  |  |  |

## Wiring diagram



RMMV12X - RMMV16X


A



RMMV12X - RMMV16X


## Electrical life expectancy



LEGEND

| $-\quad-\quad \mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=40 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| ---: |
| $\square$ |




| Sockets |  | RGMV.x6X - RGMV.x7X | RMMVx2X - RMMVx6X | RMMVx1 - RMMVx7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs | Model |  |  |
| Wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | Screw | 48BIP20-I DIN | 96IP20-I DIN | PAVM481 |
|  | Spring clamp | PAIR160 | PAIR320 | - |
| Flush mounting | Screw | - | - | PRVM481 |
|  | Spring clamp | PRIR160 | PRIR320 | - |
|  | Double faston ( $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | ADF2 | ADF4 | PRDM481 |


| Retaining clip | RGMV.x6X - RGMV.x7X | RMMVx2X - RMMVx6X | RMMVx1 - RMMVx7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sockets models | Modèle |  |  |
| 48BIP20-I DIN, 96IP20-I DIN | RG48 | RMC48 ${ }^{(1)}$ | - |
| PAIR160, PAIR320 |  |  | - |
| ADF2, ADF4 |  |  | - |
| PAVM481, PRVM481, PRDM481 | - | - | Fixing with integrated screws |

(1) 2 pieces for each relay

RELAYS


## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

$\qquad$

- Fast-acting monostable relay
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Very long electrical life expectancy and exceptional endurance
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Direct current operation
- Retaining clip or fixing screws for secure locking of relay to socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle or fixing/pulling screws
- Label holder in cover for customer's use
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

Fast-acting monostable relays are available in 6 models with different types and numbers of contacts. This family of relays is able to guarantee high speed switching of contacts during pick-up or during drop-out, depending on the model. All models are based on the electromechanical design of the G series, except for the RGRE, which utilizes reed contact technology. These relays can be operated off a d.c. power supply.

In an instantaneous monostable relay, the closure of an NO contact takes normally between 15 and 40 ms , depending on the particular product specifications. By contrast, a fast-acting relay is able to close the contact in a time of between 2.5 and 10 ms .
The operating time is measured from the moment when the coil is energized/de-energized until completion of the change in status and stabilization of the contact, including bounces. A 'bounce' is an intermediate position assumed by the contact during the course of stabilization in its final position. Unless specified otherwise, the operating times indicated for our relays include the duration of the bounce. It is advisable to discuss this aspect thoroughly, with the manufacturer, when selecting the component. Knurled contacts ensure not only better self-cleaning characteristics, but also lower ohmic resistance thanks to multiple points of electrical connection, thereby extending the electrical life expectancy of the component.

Typical sectors of use are among the most demanding, such as, for example, electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, fixed equipment for railways, or industries using continuous production processes (chemical and petrochemical, rolling mills, cement factories, etc.). The performance and reliability of the product have secured its approval with ENEL and other multi-utilities.

Fast-acting relays are often incorporated into circuits of special importance, such as those providing protection and breaker functions on a power line in the event of faults occurring. With this in mind, the operating speed is an essential parameter for electrical system designers. The contacts are connected to multifunction digital protection devices or recording instruments (disturbance recorders).

Like all our relays, the models in the fast-acting monostable series are assembled as part of a controlled manufacturing process in which every step of production is verified by the next step in succession. In effect, each relay is calibrated and tested individually, by hand, in such a way as to guarantee top reliability.

| Models | Type | Number of contacts | Nominal current | Operating time ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Pick-up | Drop_out |
| RGRE12 | Monostable | 2 CO (reed) | 2 A | $\leq 2,5 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $\leq 3 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| RGMV12 | Monostable | 4 CO | 10 A | $\leq 8 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $\leq 45 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| RGMV13 | Monostable | 4 NC | 10 A | - | $\leq 8 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| RMMV12 | Monostable | 8 NO | 10 A | $\leq 6 \mathrm{~ms}$ | - |
| RMMV13 | Monostable | $4 \mathrm{NO}+4 \mathrm{NC}$ | 10 A | $\leq 6 \mathrm{~ms}$ ( NO ) | $\leq 6 \mathrm{~ms}$ ( NC ) |
| RMMZ11 | Monostable | 8 CO | 10 A | $\leq 8+5 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $\leq 50 \mathrm{~ms}$ |

(1) Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces).

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) Maximum peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Unless specified otherwise, operating times are understood as comprising stabilization of the contact (inclusive of bounces).
(5) Bounces $=5 \mathrm{~ms}$.

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground

Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between adjacent contacts

Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
$>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

2 kV (1 min) - 2.2 kV (1 s)
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$

5 kV

| Mechanical specifications | RGRE12 | RGMV12 | RGMV13 | RMMV12 | RMMV13 | RMMZ11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mechanical life expectancy | $20 \times 10^{6}$ operations | $20 \times 10^{6}$ operations |  | $10 \times 10^{6}$ operations |  |  |
| Maximum switching rate Mechanical | 3,600 ops. / h | 1,800 operations / hour |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP40 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions (mm) | $45 \times 50 \times 112^{(1)}$ | $45 \times 50 \times 112^{(1)}$ | $45 \times 50 \times 86{ }^{(1)}$ | $132 \times 58 \times 84{ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |
| Weight (g) | 190 | 320 | 270 | 530 |  |  |

[^7]Environmental specifications
Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
-25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Fire behaviour
-25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Standard: 75\% RH - Tropicalized: 95\% RH
V0

## Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
EN 50082-2
EN 60529

## Electromechanical elementary relays

Fire behavior
Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above
In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity.
Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

## Configurations - Options

TROPICALIZATION
LEVER FOR MANUAL OPERATION

Surface treatment of the coil with protective coating for use with RH 95\%.

Allows manual operation of the relay, with the cover closed, using a screwdriver (RMMZ11 only)

Ordering scheme

|  | Product code | Configuration | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(1)}$ | Finish ${ }^{(2)}$ | Keying position code ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RGRE | 12: 2 CO reed contacts | F | C : Vdc | $\begin{gathered} 024-048-110 \\ 125-220 \end{gathered}$ | T: Tropicalized coil <br> M: Manual operation ${ }^{(4)}$ | xxx |
|  | RGMV | 12 : 4 CO contacts <br> 13 : 4 NC contacts |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RMMV | 12:8 NO contacts <br> 13:4 NO contacts <br> +4 NC contacts |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RMMZ | 11:8 CO contacts |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RGMV | 12 | F | C | 110 |  |  |
| $\frac{0}{0}$ | RGMV12F-C110 = Fast-acting monostable relay with 4 change-over contacts and 110Vdc coil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\underset{\sim}{\tilde{0}}$ | RMMZ | 11 | F | C | 048 | T |  |
|  | RMMZ11F-C048 = Fast-acting monostable relay with 8 change-over contacts and 48Vdc tropicalized coil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) Other values on request.
(2) Optional value. Multiple selection possible (e.g. TM)
(3) Optional value. Positive mechanical keying is defined according to the manufacturer's model
(4) RMMZ11 only.



Electrical life expectancy


Contact loading: 110Vdc, L/R 40 ms
Curve A: RMMZ11
Curve B: RGMV12-13, RMMV12-13

| RMMZ11 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | L/R (ms) | Operations |
| 110 Vdc | 0.5 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.6 | 10 | 300,000 |
| 120 Vdc | 0.7 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 125 Vdc | 1.2 | 0 | $1,000,000$ |
| 220 Vdc | 0.1 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 220 Vdc | 0.25 | 10 | 100,000 |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\cos \varphi$ | Operations |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | $1,500,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 1 | $1,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vac | 0.5 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 220 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | 600,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 1 | 650,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 600,000 |

Switching frequency: 1,200 operations/hour

| Sockets and retaining clips |  | RGRE - RGMV12-RGMV13 |  |  | RMMV12 - RMMV13 - RMMZ11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs | Sockets | Clip for RGRE/RGMV12 | Clip for RGMV13 | Sockets |
| Wall or DIN rail mounting | Screw | PAVG161 | VM1222 | VM1223 | PAVM321 |
| Flush mounting | Double faston ( $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | PRDG161 | VM1222 | VM1223 | PRDM321 |
|  | Screw | PRVG161 | VM1222 | VM1223 | PRVM321 |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction ( G series) and 20 mm in the vertical direction ( $G$ and $M$ series). This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental conditions during operation, and on the relay duty cycle. For safe and secure operation of $G$ series relays, it is advisable to use retaining clips. Retaining clips are not required for M series relays, as a secure connection is guaranteed by the fixing screws. These same screws also serve to facilitate installation and removal of the relay. To ensure correct use, the screws must be tightened / loosened in alternating sequence, by degrees.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.



## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- High speed operation, tripping applications
- High Burden configuration, providing immunity to capacitance discharges
- Plug-in relays
- High performance, compact dimensions, light weight
- Solid and rugged construction for intensive duty
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts, C/O type
- Wide contact gap for a very high breaking capacity, electrical life expectancy and insulation.
- Magnetic arc blow-out as standard
- Wide range of sockets
- Retaining clip for secure relay locking on socket
- Transparent cover, LED as standard and pull-out handle


## DESCRIPTION

RGBV and RMBV relays are highly reliable, high performance products, suitable for applications in very harsh and disturbed environments, such as protection, command and control systems for HV electrical substations or power stations.
The range includes relays with 4,8 and 12 contacts.
These lockout (latching) relays have 2 stable positions; contacts are able to hold their position after energizing the "SET" coil or the "RESET" coil.
All models are equipped with an automatic coil cut-off system, designed to have no power consumption once the operation is completed.
A manual lever allows the relays to be operated manually. These relays are designed for circuit breaker tripping applications, where fast-acting contact is essential in order to minimize the total trip time and avoid, in case of emergency situation, damages to the transmission station equipments.
The high speed in operation, the high breaking capacity and the ability also to switch very low loads (few mA) make them suitable for use in demanding applications such as:

- Duplication of HV/MV protection outputs
- Direct action on HV/MV primary equipment
- Trip alarms transmission

The knurled contact surface ensures excellent self-cleaning, and a lower ohmic resistance thanks to the various points of electrical contact, while also improving the electrical life expectancyof the component.
The contacts are designed to achieve remarkable performance both for high, inductive loads and very low loads. Contact is able to switch from $10 \mathrm{~mA}-10 \mathrm{~V}$ without gold-plating the contacts.
Magnetic arc blow-out helps to increase the breaking capacity: the relay can manage heavy duty loads with intensive switching frequency.
The "High burden" (HB) configuration provides immunity against capacitance (currents and power) discharge to the coil, in order to avoid relay operations in the event of transients due to extensive wiring, for example.

| Models | Number of | HIGH BU configur | Manual opera | Operating tim Pick-up (ms) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RGBV14X | 4 | - | Option | $\leq 10 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| RGBV16X | 4 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
| RMBV12X | 8 | - | $\checkmark$ | $\leq 10 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| RMBV14X | 8 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
| RMBV15 | 12 | - | Option | $\leq 10 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| RMBV16 | 12 | $\checkmark$ |  |  |

(1) HIGH BURDEN Configuration: for the operating and the specifications refer to the paragraph "COIL DATA - HIGH BURDEN Configuration" (see the table below).

| FOR PRODUCT CODE CONFIGURATION, SEE THE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COIL DATA - STANDARD Configuration | 4 CO | 8 CO | 12 CO |
| Nominal voltages at Un | DC: 24-48-110-125-220V / AC: 230 V |  |  |
| Consumption at Un | < 22 W | < 35 W | $\leq 75 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Current AVG peak at pick-up ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\begin{gathered} 24 \mathrm{Vdc}<0.8 \mathrm{~A} / 20 \mathrm{~ms} \\ 48-110-125 \mathrm{Vdc}:<0.3 \mathrm{~A} / 20 \mathrm{~ms} \\ 220 \mathrm{Vdc}:<0.1 \mathrm{~A} / 20 \mathrm{~ms} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 24 \mathrm{Vdc}:<1.2 \mathrm{~A} / 20 \mathrm{~ms} \\ 48-110-125 \mathrm{Vdc}:<0.5 \mathrm{~A} / 20 \mathrm{~ms} \\ 220 \mathrm{Vdc}:<0.1 \mathrm{~A} / 20 \mathrm{~ms} \end{gathered}$ |
| Operating range | DC: $80 \div 110 \%$ Un / AC: $80 \div 110 \%$ |  |  |
| Type of duty | Continuous |  |  |



The CONFIGURATION HIGH BURDEN provides higher security in plant control system, avoiding unwanted relay operation due to capacitive discharge currents, for example in case of an earth fault in long DC cables.

A typical application is where the initiating contact may be remote from tripping relay.
HIGH BURDEN Tripping Relays is designed to withstand a " $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor discharge test".

- Relay will not operate when a $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor, charged @ $120 \%$ Un, is applied across the coil.

While switching, high energy is required. After operation, the high coil burden is reduced to a very low value, ensuring energy saving and avoiding overload on the power supply circuit or station battery.

An electronic circuit acts as a coil voltage regulator and controls the duration of the burden.

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) The maximum pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to make or break currents.
(3) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Values referred to a new product, measured in laboratory.

The ability to maintain this performance over the time depends on the environmental conditions and the contact' frequency use.
The use of gold plated contacts is recommended in the case of very low loads.
(5) A gold contact, if subjected to high loads, degrades superficially. In this case, the characteristics of the standard contact must be considered. This does not affect the operation of the relay. (6) Unless specified otherwise, the operating times are expressed excluding bounces.

Only for Vac power supply: actual value may increase of max 5 ms (pick-up, worst case) or 10 ms (drop-out, worst case). It depends on the sinusoid front (rising or falling) while energizing or de-energizing.

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
Dielectric withstanding voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and ground between adjacent contacts

2 kV (1 min) - 2.2 kV (1 s)
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically indipendent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts

| Mecanical specifications | 4 CO | 8CO | 12 CO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mechanical life expectancy | $10 \times 10^{6}$ operations |  |  |
| Maximum switching rate Mechanical | 3,600 operations / h |  |  |
| Degre of protection (with relay mounted) | IP40 |  |  |
| Dimensions (mm) ${ }^{(1)}$ Weight (g) | $\begin{gathered} 45 \times 50 \times 86 \\ 270 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 45 \times 90 \times 100 \\ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 58 \times 188 \times 84 \\ 810 \end{gathered}$ |

(1) Output terminals excluded.

## Environmental characteristics

Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
$+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Fire behaviour Standard: 75\% UR - Tropicalized: 95\% UR V0

## Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
EN 60529
EN 61000

Electromechanical elementary relays
Fire behaviour
Degree of protection provided by enclosures
Electromagnetic compatibility

Configurations - Options
TROPICALIZATION
GOLD PLATING

LEVER FOR MANUAL
OPERATION

HIGH BURDEN (HB)

Surface treatment of the coil with protective coating for use with RH 95\%.
Surface treatment of the contacts, blades and output terminals with gold-cobalt alloy $\geq 2 \mu$. This treatment ensures long-term ability of the contact to conduct lower currents.

Allow to manual operating the relay (available only for the RMMV11 and RMMV17 models)

The HB "High Burden" Configuration provide immunity to capacitance discharge currents \& power to the coil, in order to avoid relay operations, for example in case of transients coming from extensive wiring.

Ordering scheme

| Product code | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) | Finish ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RGBV | 1: Standard <br> 4: Gold Plating | 4X: 4 contacts <br> 6X: 4 contacts with HB | F | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C: Vdc } \\ & \text { A: Vac } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vdc 024-048-110-125 } \\ & \text { Vac } 230^{(2)} \end{aligned}$ | T: Tropicalized coil M : Lever for manual operation |
| RMBV | 1: Standard <br> 4: Gold Plating | 2X: 8 contacts <br> 4X: 8 contacts with HB |  | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vdc 024-048-110-125 } \\ & \text { Vac } 230^{(2)} \end{aligned}$ | T: Tropicalized coil (lever for manual operation always included) |
| RMBV | 1: Standard <br> 4: Gold Plating | 5: 12 contacts <br> 6: 12 contacts with HB |  | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vdc 024-048-110-125 } \\ & \text { Vac } 230^{(2)} \end{aligned}$ | T: Tropicalized coil M: Lever for manual operation |

(1) Optional value. Possible the multiple choice (Ex. TM)
(2) NOT AVAILABLE FOR HB Configuration

| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{O}{E} \\ & \widetilde{\pi} \\ & \underset{\sim}{x} \end{aligned}$ | RGBV | 1 | 6X | C | 024 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RGBV16X-C024= Relay with standard contacts, 4 C/O, High Burden configuration, 24Vdc coil |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RMBV | 4 | 5 |  | 230 | M |
|  | RMBV45-A230/M= Relay with gold plating, 12 C/O, 230Vac coil, lever for manual operation |  |  |  |  |  |

## Wiring diagram



RMBV12X - RMBV14X


RMBV15 - RMBV16


RMBV12X - RMBV14X


## Electrical life expectancy



| LEGEND |
| :---: |
| $-\quad-\quad \mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=40 \mathrm{~ms}$ <br> $\square$ <br> $L / R=0 \mathrm{~ms}$ |




| Sockets |  | RGMV.x6X - RGMV.x7X | RMMVx2X - RMMVx6X | RMMVx1 - RMMVx7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs | Model |  |  |
| Wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | Screw | 48BIP20-I DIN | 96IP20-I DIN | PAVM481 |
|  | Spring clamp | PAIR160 | PAIR320 | - |
| Flush mounting | Screw | - | - | PRVM481 |
|  | Spring clamp | PRIR160 | PRIR320 | - |
|  | Double faston ( $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | ADF2 | ADF4 | PRDM481 |


| Retaining clip | RGMV.x6X - RGMV.x7X | RMMVx2X - RMMVx6X | RMMVx1 - RMMVx7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sockets models | Modèle |  |  |
| 48BIP20-I DIN, 96IP20-I DIN | RG48 | RMC48 ${ }^{(1)}$ | - |
| PAIR160, PAIR320 |  |  | - |
| ADF2, ADF4 |  |  | - |
| PAVM481, PRVM481, PRDM481 | - | - | Fixing with integrated screws |

(1) 2 pieces for each relay

5<br>3

$\left.\begin{gathered}\text { Heavy } \\ \text { industry }\end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$


RGBZ10

PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Fast-acting bistable relay
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Very long electrical life expectancy and exceptional endurance
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Direct current operation
- Retaining clip or fixing screws for secure locking of relay to socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle or fixing/pulling screws
- Label holder in cover for customer's use
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

Fast-acting bistable relays are available in 3 models with 3, 4 and 7 change-over contacts. This family of relays is able to guarantee high speed switching of contacts. Sharing the same basic electromechanical design as relays of the G series, they offer the same specifications and benefits. These relays can be operated off a d.c. power supply.

In an instantaneous bistable relay, the closure of an NO contact takes normally between 30 and 60 ms , depending on the particular product specifications. In contrast, a fast-acting relay is able to close the contact in a time of between 10 and 20 ms .

The operating time is measured from the moment when the coil is energized until completion of the change in status and stabilization of the contact, including bounces. A 'bounce' is an intermediate position assumed by the contact during the course of stabilization in its final position. It is advisable to discuss this aspect thoroughly with the manufacturer, when selecting the component. The contacts used are of a type designed to give good levels of performance both with high and strongly inductive d.c. loads, and with particularly low loads such as interface signals; inclusion of the magnetic arc blow-out function (optional) helps to achieve a considerable increase in breaking capacity.

Knurled contacts ensure not only have better self-cleaning characteristics, but also lower ohmic resistance thanks to multiple points of electrical connection, thereby extending the electrical life expectancy of the component.
Typical sectors of use are among the most demanding, such as, for example, electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, fixed equipment for railways, or industries using continuous production processes (chemical and petrochemical, rolling mills, cement factories, etc.). The performance and reliability of the product have secured its approval with ENEL and other multi-utilities.

Fast-acting relays are often incorporated into circuits of key importance, such as those providing protection and breaker functions on a power line in the event of faults occurring. With this in mind, operating speed is an essential parameter for electrical system designers. The contacts are connected to multifunction digital protection devices or recording instruments (disturbance recorders).

Like all our relays, the models in the fast-acting bistable series are assembled as part of a controlled manufacturing process in which every step of production is verified by the next step in succession. In effect, each relay is calibrated and tested individually, by hand, in such a way as to guarantee top reliability.

| Models | Type | Number of contacts | Nominal current | Operating time ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Pick-up | Drop-out |
| RGBZ10 | Bistable | 3 | 12 A | $\leq 8+4 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $\leq 9+25 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| RGBZ11 | Bistable | 4 | 12 A | $\leq 8+7 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $\leq 9+25 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| RMBZ30 | Bistable | 7 | 10 A | $\leq 10+8 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $\leq 10+35 \mathrm{~ms}$ |

(1) Operating times are expressed as time of first contact + bounce times.

## FOR CONFIGURATION OF PRODUCT CODE, SEE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE

| Coil specifications | RGBZ10 | RGBZ11 | RMBZ30 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal voltages Un | DC: 24-48-110-125-220 (1) |  |  |
| Consumption at Un (DC/AC) | $18 \mathrm{~W}{ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |
| Operating range | DC: 80...120\% Un |  |  |
| Type of duty | Continuous |  |  |

Minimum control pulse 50 ms .
(1) Other values on request.
(2) During latch and unlatch. Power consumption is zero on completion of the operating cycle, as the coil de-energizes automatically.

| Contact specifications | RGBZ10 | RGBZ11 | RMBZ30 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and type | 3 CO, form C | 4 CO, form C | 7 CO, form C |
| Nominal ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> Maximum peak ${ }^{(2)}$ <br> Maximum pulse ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  | 10 A |
|  | 20A for 1min-40A for 1 s |  |  |
|  | 150A for 10ms |  |  |
| Example of electrical life expectancy ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0.5A - 110 Vdc - L/R 40ms - $10^{5}$ operations - 1,800 operations/hour |  |  |
| Minimum load | 200 mW (10 V, 10 mA ) |  |  |
| Maximum breaking voltage | 350 VDC / 440 VAC |  |  |
| Contact material | AgCdO |  |  |
| Operating time at Un (ms) ${ }^{(4)}$ | RGBZ10 | RGBZ11 | RMBZ30 |
| Pick-up (NO contact closing) | $\leq 8+4$ | $\leq 8+7$ | $\leq 10+8$ |
| Drop-out (NC contact closing) | $\leq 9+25$ | $\leq 9+25$ | $\leq 10+35$ |

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) Maximum peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Operating times are expressed as time of first contact + bounce times.

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts
Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts between adjacent contacts
Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts

## $>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

$>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
2 kV (1 min) - 2.2 kV (1 s)
5 kV
4 kV

| Mechanical specifications | RGBZ10 | RGBZ11 | RMBZ30 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mechanical life expectancy | $20 \times 10^{6}$ operations |  |  |
| Maximum switching rate Mechanical | 900 operations/hour |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP40 |  |  |
| Dimensions (mm) Weight (g) | $\begin{gathered} 45 \times 50 \times 86^{(1)} \\ 280 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 45 \times 50 \times 112^{(1)} \\ 370 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 132 \times 58 \times 86^{(1)} \\ 450 \end{gathered}$ |

[^8]
## Environmental specifications

Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Fire behavior

Standard: 75\% RH - Tropicalized: 95\% RH

Standards and reference values
EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
EN 50082-2
EN 60529

Electromechanical elementary relays Fire behavior
Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

| Configurations - Options |
| :--- | :--- |
| TROPICALIZATION Surface treatment of the coil with protective coating for use with RH 95\%. <br> LEVER FOR MANUAL OPERATION Allows manual operation of the relay, with the cover closed, using a screwdriver (except RGBZ11). |

Ordering scheme

| Product code | Configuration | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage <br> (V) ${ }^{(1)}$ | Finish ${ }^{(2)}$ | Keying position code ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RGBZ | 10: 3 CO contacts <br> 11: 4 CO contacts | F | C: Vdc | $\begin{gathered} 024-048-110 \\ 125-132-144 \\ 220 \end{gathered}$ | T: Tropicalized coil | xxx |
| RMBZ | 30: 7 CO contacts |  |  |  | M: Manual operation ${ }^{(4)}$ |  |


| $\stackrel{0}{o}$$\underset{\sim}{\xi}$$\underset{\sim}{x}$ | RGBZ | 10 | F | C | 110 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RGBZ10F-C110 = Fast-acting bistable relay with 3 change-over contacts and 110Vdc coil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RMBZ | 30 | F | C | 048 | T |  |
|  | RMBZ30F-C048/T = Fast-acting bistable relay with 7 change-over contacts and 48Vdc tropicalized coil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) Other values on request.
(2) Optional value. Multiple selection possible (e.g. TM).
(3) Optional value. Positive mechanical keying is defined according to the manufacturer's model .
(4) RMBZ30 only.

## Wiring diagram



RMBZ30


Electrical life expectancy


| $U$ | $I(A)$ | $L / R(m s)$ | Operations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110 Vdc | 0.5 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.6 | 10 | 300,000 |
| 120 Vdc | 0.7 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 125 Vdc | 1.2 | 0 | $1,000,000$ |
| 220 Vdc | 0.1 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 220 Vdc | 0.25 | 10 | 100,000 |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\cos \varphi$ | Operations |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | $1,500,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 1 | $1,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vac | 0.5 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 220 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | 600,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 1 | 650,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 600,000 |

Switching frequency: 1,200 operations/hour

| Sockets and retaining clips |  | RGBZ10-RGBZ11 |  | RMBZ30 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs | Socket | Clip for RGBZ10 | Clip for RGBZ11 | Socket |
| Wall or DIN rail mounting | Screw | PAVG161 | VM1222 | VM1223 | PAVM321 |
| Flush mounting | Double faston $(4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | PRDG161 | VM1222 | VM1223 | PRDM321 |
|  | Screw | PRVG161 | VM1222 | VM1223 | PRVM321 |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For safe and secure operation of $G$ series relays, it is advisable to use retaining clips. Retaining clips are not required for M series relays, as a secure connection is guaranteed by the fixing screws. These same screws also serve to facilitate installation and removal of the relay. To ensure correct use, the screws must be tightened / loosened in alternating sequence, by degrees.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.



RV

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in monostable type fast-acting relay
- Ultra fast switching $\leq 6 \mathrm{~ms}$, including bounces
- Solid and rugged construction
- Long life expectancy
- High electromagnetic interference immunity
- Separate arc breaking chambers
- Magnetic arc blow-out standard
- Independent and self-cleaning contacts
- Direct current operation
- Excellent shock and vibration resistance
- Wide range of sockets
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

The RV series is a range of 4 monostable relays able to guarantee high speed switching. These relays have 6 contacts rated 5 A, with different configurations including all normally open, or mixed ( $\mathrm{NO}+\mathrm{NC}$ ). The relays are assembled with coils sized in such a way as to obtain magnetic flux of particularly high strength when powered up.

Accordingly, optimization of the ferromagnetic circuit enables ultra fast switching of the contacts. The relay is immune to strong electromagnetic interference, typical of high voltage electricity distribution stations.

The self-cleaning contacts are independent, being anchored neither one to another nor to a common operating mechanism. Positioned in separate chambers, they enable better breaking of the arc. In addition, they are equipped with magnetic arc blowout, guaranteeing a particularly efficient break of direct current loads. The common contact is mounted to a separate return device, consisting in a flexible blade designed to ensure uniformity of the pressures on break contacts.

Excellent electrical and mechanical performance levels allow the product to be used in the most demanding of sectors such as, for example, control and signalling functions in electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations or heavy industry. The most common application is as a trip relay downstream of high voltage line protection systems.

The construction of the relays and careful choice of the materials are such that they ensure long life and considerable ruggedness even in harsh operating environments.

The performance and reliability of the component have secured its approval with ENEL and other multi-utilities.

(1) Nominal current: on all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) The max. peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) Specifications of contacts on new relay
a) Plating material: gold-nickel alloy (>6 $\mu$ )
b) When the gold-plated contact is subject to heavy loads, it will be degraded on the surface. In such case, the characteristics of the standard contact should be taken into consideration. This does not impair relay operation.
(4) Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces).

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts
Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts between adjacent contacts
Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts

$$
\begin{gathered}
>1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \\
>1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \\
2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \\
1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-1.1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \\
2,5 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-3 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})
\end{gathered}
$$

| between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground <br> between open contact parts <br> between adjacent contacts |
| ---: |
| Impulse withstand voltage $(1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J})$ <br> between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground <br> between open contact parts |

5 kV
3 kV

O2 Mechanical specifications

| Mechanical life expectancy | $10^{6}$ operations |
| :---: | :---: |
| Maximum switching rate Mechanical | 900 operations/hour |
| Degree of protection (with relay mounted) | IP40 |
| Dimensions (mm) | $45 \times 60 \times 109{ }^{(1)}$ |
| Weight (g) | ~ 300 |

Environmental specifications

Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Resistance to vibrations
Resistance to shock
Fire behavior
-10 to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-25 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Standard: 75\% RH, Tropicalized: 95\% RH
$5 \mathrm{~g}-10$ to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{~min}$.
$20 \mathrm{~g}-11 \mathrm{~ms}$
Vo

Standards and reference values
EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
EN 61000
EN 60529

Electromechanical elementary relays
Fire behavior
Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity.
Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

## Configurations - Options

| P2 | Tropicalization of the coil with epoxy resin for use with $95 \% \mathrm{RH}$ (@ T $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). This treatment also protects the coil <br> against corrosion which could occur by combination of the humidity with certain chemical agents, such as those <br> found in acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| :--- | :--- |
| P4GEO | Gold plating of contacts with gold-nickel alloy, thickness $\geq 6 \mu$. This treatment ensures long-term capacity <br> of the contact to conduct lower currents in harsh ambient conditions such as acid atmospheres (typical of <br> geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| P5GEO | P4GEO gold-plating of contacts + P2 coil tropicalization. |

## RV Ordering scheme

| Product code | Number of contacts | Configuration <br> A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) | Keying position ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RVLV16/1 | 6 NO | 1: Standard | 0: Standard | F | C: Vdc | 110-125 | XXX |
| RVLV16/2 | $4 \mathrm{NO}+2 \mathrm{NC}$ |  | 2: P2 |  |  |  |  |
| RVLV16/3 | $3 \mathrm{NO}+3 \mathrm{NC}$ |  | 4: P4 GEO |  |  |  |  |
| RVLV16/5 | $2 \mathrm{NO}+4 \mathrm{NC}$ |  | 5: P5 GEO |  |  |  |  |


| 0000 | RVLV16/1 | 1 | 2 | F | C | 110 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RVLV16/112F-C110 : RV relay with 6 NO contacts, ENEL-approved according to LV16 specification, nominal voltage 110Vdc, P2 finish |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RVLV16/5 | 1 | 0 | F | C | 110 |  |
|  | RVLV16/510F-C110 : RV relay with 2 NO contacts + 4 NC contacts, ENEL-approved according to LV16 specification, nominal voltage 110Vdc |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) This product is available only in the ENEL type-approved version, according to LV15/LV16 specification. The designation "LV16/x" contained in the product code identifies the typeapproved model.
For a full list of ENEL compliant and type-approved products, refer to the dedicated catalog "STATIONS SERIES
(2) Optional value. Mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's coding.

## Wiring diagram

(


RV

| Sockets and retaining clips | RV |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of terminals (standard dimensions $5 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 14 | Retaining clip |
| For wall or rail mounting |  | RL48 |
| Spring clamp, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | PAIR240 | RL48 |
| Screw, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | 78BIP20-I DIN | RL48 |
| Screw, wall mounting | 78 BL | RL48 |
| Double faston, wall mounting | 78L |  |
| For flush mounting |  | RL48 |
| Double faston $(4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | ADF3 | RL43 |

(1) Insert the clip before fastening the socket on the panel.

For more details, see specifications of mounting accessories.

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate. For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For safe and secure operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

$\square$


TIME DELAY RELAYS (ON PICK-UP OR DROP-OUT), LOGIC FUNCTION



RDT

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in relay with time delay on pick-up or on drop-out
- Only model programmable on pick-up or on drop-out
- High performance, compact dimensions
- Wide time setting range from 0.1 s to more than 16 hours, great accuracy over the entire adjustment range
- Led optical indicators monitoring power supply and timer status
- Magnetic arc blow-out for higher breaking capacity
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Relay coupled automatically to socket, with no need for a retaining clip
- Operation with d.c. and/or a.c. power supply
- Wide variety of configurations and customizations
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle
- Label holder in cover for customer's use
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

The RDT series is a range of relays with electronic time delay on pick-up or on drop-out, consisting of 6 models with 4 changeover contacts, from 10 A (nominal). RDT relays are created by assembling electromechanical units of the RDM series with a digital electronic circuit. The electronic circuit is assembled using a small number of selected professional components for top reliability. The electronics are immune to strong EMC interference, typical of high voltage electricity distribution stations.

These monostable relays are capable of switching times ranging from 0.1 second to over 16 hours, providing extreme accuracy over the entire setting range. This is made possible by the fact that the relay offers intermediate scales, which the user can select by means of rotary switches positioned on the front of the enclosure.

The contacts used are of a type designed to give good levels of performance both with high and strongly inductive d.c. loads, and with particularly low loads such as interface signals; inclusion of the magnetic arc blow-out function, when installed, helps to achieve a considerable increase in breaking capacity. Knurled contacts ensure not only better self-cleaning characteristics, but also lower ohmic resistance thanks to multiple points of electrical connection, thereby extending the electrical life expectancy of the component.

The timing function can be utilized in two modes: "on pick-up" or "on drop-out"; models are available with 4 timer contacts or with 2 timer contacts and 2 instantaneous contacts.

The construction of the relays and their simplified mechanical design combine to ensure these products offer high reliability in operation, as proven by their use for over 40 years in electrical energy transmission and distribution systems, and fixed equipment used in the railway sector. Typical sectors of use are among the most demanding, such as, for example, electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, fixed equipment for railways, or industries using continuous production processes (chemical and petrochemical, rolling mills, cement factories, etc.).

Like all our relays, the models in the RDT series are assembled as part of a controlled manufacturing process in which every step of production is verified by the next step in succession. In effect, each relay is calibrated and tested individually, by hand, in such a way as to guarantee top reliability.

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) Maximum peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces).
(5) Times for instantaneous contacts, if installed

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts
Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts
between adjacent contacts
Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts
$>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$
$>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

2 kV (1 min) - 2.2 kV (1 s)
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
2 kV (1 min) - 2.2 kV (1 s)

5 kV
3 kV

Mechanical specifications

| Mechanical life expectancy |  | $20 \times 10^{6}$ operations |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum switching rate | Mechanical | 3,600 operations/hour |
| Degree of protection | IP40 |  |
| $2 i m e n s i o n s(m m)$ | $40 \times 40 \times 82^{(1)}$ |  |
| Weight $(\mathrm{g})$ | 150 |  |

(1) Excluding output terminals

## Environmental specifications

Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
-25 to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-25 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Fire behavior
Standard: 75\% RH - Tropicalized: 95\% RH

## Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN61812-1
EN 60695-2-10
EN 61000
EN 60529

Electromechanical elementary relays
Timer relays
Fire behavior
Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity.
Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

## Configurations - Options

TROPICALIZATION $\quad$ Surface treatment of coil with protective coating for use in conditions of RH 95\%

GOLD PLATING

Surface treatment of contacts, blades and output terminals with gold-cobalt alloy, thickness $\geq 2 \mu$. This treatment guarantees the contact's ability to cut weaker currents over the long term.

Ordering scheme

| Ordering scheme |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage(V) <br> (2) | Finish ${ }^{(3)}$ | Keying position code |
| RDT | E: Energy | 1: Standard | 1C: 4 CO timer contacts <br> 2C: 2 CO timer contacts <br> +2 CO instantaneous contacts | $\mathrm{C}: \mathrm{Vdc}$ | $\begin{gathered} 012-024-048 \\ 110-125-132 \\ 144-220 \end{gathered}$ | T: Tropicalized coil | xX |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 4C: 4 CO timer contacts with control voltage |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 7C: 4 CO timer contacts with magnetic arc blow-out | A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz |  |  |  |
|  | F: Railway <br> Fixed Equipment | 4: Gold plating |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 8C: 2 CO timer contacts + 2 CO instantaneous contact with magnetic arc blow-out | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T}^{(5)}: \mathrm{Vdc}+ \\ & \quad \text { Vac } 50 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 9C: 4 CO timer contacts with control voltage and magnetic arc blow-out |  |  |  |  |


| RDT | E | 1 | 7C | T | 110 | T | ZH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RDTE17C-T110/T-ZH = ENERGY series relay with 4 CO timer contacts, magnetic arc blow-out, 110Vdc or Vac (50Hz) tropicalized coil, and keying position ZH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RDT | F | 4 | 2C | C | 024 |  | XG |
| RDTF42c-C024 = RAILWAY series relay, fixed equipment, with 2 CO timer contacts and 2 instantaneous, gold-plated contacts, and 24Vdc coil |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## (1) ENERGY: all applications except for railway.

RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: application on fixed power systems and electrical railway traction. For list of RFI compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
Also available is the STATIONS series, with ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications. For list of ENEL compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalog "STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20"
(2) Other values on request.
(3) Optional value.
(4) Optional value. The positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.
(5) $A C+D C$ power input possible only with models RDT. $\times 1 C$ and RDT.x7C


Pick-up diagram RDT.x1c-x7c


Pick-up diagram RDT.x2c-x8c


Pick-up diagram RDT.x4c-x9c


Drop-out diagram RDT.x1c-x7c


Drop-out diagram RDT.x2c-x8c


Drop-out diagram RDT.x4c-x9c

## Functional diagram



Pick-up delay RDT.x1c-x7c


Pick-up delay RDT.x2c-x8c


Pick-up delay RDT.x4c-x9c Drop-out


Drop-out delay RDT.x1c-x7c


Drop-out delay RDT.x2c-x8c


Drop-out delay RDT.x4c-x9c

Time delay - Switching time setting

| Time setting | By means of DIP switches and selectors |
| :--- | :--- |
| Time setting range | $100 \mathrm{~ms} \ldots .990 \mathrm{~min}$ |
| Intermediate scales | $6(0.99-9.9-99-990$ secondes $/ 99-990$ minutes) |
| Resolution of switching time setting | $1 / 100$ of selected scale |
| Operating accuracy (0.8...1.1 Un, $\left.\mathrm{t}=\mathrm{CO}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)^{(1)}$ | $\pm 3 \%$ at low end of scale - $\pm 0.5 \%$ at high end of scale |
| Accuracy, repeatability | $\pm 2 \%$ |
| Reset | $<200 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Insensitivity to voltage drops | Red led $=$ presence of power supply <br> Green led $=$ status of relay outputs (lights up with relay energized) |
| Indication |  |

(1) Additional error for drop-out versions: 100 ms

The timer function and the switching time are set by way of a single 4-bit DIP switch and two rotary selectors adjustable through 10 positions, located on the front of the relay (see "FRONT"). These are accessible by opening the flap on the cover of the relay. The time delay function can be associated either with pick-up or with drop-out; settings range from 100 ms up to 990 minutes.

Selection of function: select the OFF or ON position at switch no. 4. OFF: Pick-up - ON: Drop-out.
Selection of operating time: the unit of measure is selected with switches no. 1-2-3, and the desired delay interval by means of the 2 rotary selectors.

To set the switching time correctly, the first step required is to identify and select one of the 6 intermediate scales indicated in table 1. The intermediate scale should be the next higher numerically than the value of the required switching time.
E.g. Switching time: 1'14" (74 seconds), Intermediate scale setting: 99 seconds.

This done, proceed to set the desired value with the two rotary selectors. E.g. 74 seconds, select 7 on the "TENS" selector and 4 on the "UNITS" selector.


| Scales / Setting range |  |  | Switch position |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Min | Max | Unit of measure | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 1 | 99 | Hundredths (0.01s) | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 1 | 99 | Tenths (0.1s) | OFF | ON | ON |
| 1 | 99 | Seconds | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 1 | 99 | Seconds x 10 | ON | OFF | ON |
| 1 | 99 | Minutes | ON | ON | OFF |
| 1 | 99 | Minutes $\times 10$ | ON | ON | ON |
| Table 1 |  |  |  |  |  |

## Dimensions




| RDT_x1-x2-x4 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $U$ | $I(A)$ | L/R (ms) | Operations |
| 110 Vdc | 0.2 | 40 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vdc | 0.2 | 10 | 80,000 |
| U | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\cos \varphi$ | Operations |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 1 | $1,200,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | $1,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 1 | 500,000 |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 300,000 |
| 220 Vac | 0.5 | 1 | $1,200,000$ |
| 220 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 1 | 400,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 300,000 |

Switching frequency: 1,200 operations/hour
(*) 600 operations/hour

| RDT_x7-x8-x9 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | $I(A)$ | $L / R(m s)$ | Operations |
| 110 Vdc | 0.2 | 40 | $1,000,000$ |
| 110 Vdc | 0.5 | 40 | 150,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.6 | 10 | 300,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 1 | 10 | $100,000(*)$ |
| 220 Vdc | 0.2 | 10 | 100,000 |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\cos \varphi$ | Operations |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | $1,500,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 1 | 950,000 |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vac | 0.5 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 220 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | 800,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 1 | 600,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 500,000 |

Switching frequency: 1,200 operations/hour

| Sockets and retaining clips |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs | Model | Retaining clip |
| Wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | Screw | PAVD161 | VM1823 |
| Flush mounting | Screw | PRVD161 | - |
| PCB-mount | Solder | PRCD161 | - |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

## RDTE15-16 RGTO SERIES




RDTE161


RGTO233

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

$\qquad$

- Plug-in relay with time delay on drop-out
- Time settings up to 60s, no auxiliary power supply required
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- High performance, compact dimensions
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Very long electrical life expectancy and exceptional endurance
- Wide variety of configurations and customizations
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket

The timer relays in the RDT. 15 / RDT. 16 and RGTO series are delay-on-drop-out devices using a capacitor wired in parallel with the coil. They require no auxiliary power supply during the timing step. The delay can be fixed (RDT.15), or adjustable (RDT.16, RGTO), from 0.1 s to 60 s . The delay capacitor is fitted internally on all versions.

The construction of the relays and their simplified mechanical design combine to ensure these products offer high reliability in operation, as proven by their use for over 40 years in electrical energy transmission and distribution systems, and fixed equipment used in the railway sector.

The contacts used for relays of the RDT. 15 and RDT. 16 series are of a type able to give good levels of performance both with high and strongly inductive d.c. loads, and with particularly low loads such as interface signals.

Knurled contacts ensure not only better self-cleaning characteristics, but also lower ohmic resistance thanks to multiple points of electrical connection, thereby extending the electrical life expectancy of the component.

Typical sectors of use are among the most demanding, such as, for example, electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, fixed equipment for railways, or industries using continuous production processes (chemical and petrochemical, rolling mills, cement factories, etc.).

Like all our relays, the models in the RDT.15-16 and RGTO series are assembled as part of a controlled manufacturing process in which every step of production is verified by the next step in succession. In effect, each relay is calibrated and tested individually, by hand, in such a way as to guarantee top reliability.

| Models | Number of timed <br> contacts | Nominal current | Time delay | Time settings range |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RDT.15x | 4 | 10 A | On drop-out, fixed | $0.1 \ldots 1 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| RDT.161 | 4 | 10 A | On drop-out, adjustable | $0.1 \ldots 6 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| RGTO23x | 1 | 5 A | On drop-out, adjustable | $3 \ldots 60 \mathrm{~s}$ |

## FOR CONFIGURATION OF PRODUCT CODE, SEE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE

| Coil specifications | RDT.15x | RDT. 161 | RGTO23x |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal voltages Un ${ }^{(1)}$ | DC: 24-48-110-125-220 | DC: 24-48-110-125-220 | AC: 24-48-110-125-220 |
| Consumption at Un (DC/AC) | 3.5 W |  | 1.5 W |
| Operating range | DC: $80 \ldots 120$ \% Un AC: $85 \ldots 110$ \% Un |  |  |
| Type of duty | Continuous |  |  |
| Drop-out voltage ${ }^{(2)}$ | DC: > 5 \% Un AC : > 15 \% Un |  |  |

(1) Other values on request.
(2) Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as $\%$ of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certain to be de-energized.

(1) Excluding output terminals

## Environmental specifications

Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Fire behavior
-25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Standard: 75\% RH - Tropicalized: 95\% RH V0

Standards and reference values
EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
EN 61000
EN 60529

Electromechanical elementary relays
Fire behavior
Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

## Configurations - Options

TROPICALIZATION
Surface treatment of the coil with protective coating for use with RH 95\%.

| Ordering scheme |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Type of input supply (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Finish ${ }^{(3)}$ | Keying position code |
| RDT | E: Energy <br> F: Railway <br> Fixed <br> Equipment | 15: Fixed duration | 1: Fixed duration 0.1s <br> 2: Fixed duration 0.2 s <br> 3: Fixed duration 0.5 s <br> 4: Fixed duration 1s | F | C: Vdc | $\begin{gathered} 024-048-110 \\ 125-220 \end{gathered}$ | T: Tropicalized coil |  |
|  |  | 16: Adjustable duration | 1: Adjustable from 0.1 to $6 s$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| RGTO | - | 23: Adjustable duration | 3: Adjustable from 3 to 10s <br> 4: Adjustable from 10 to 30s <br> 5: Adjustable from 20 to 60s |  | A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz |  |  |  |


|  | RDT | E | 16 | 1 | F | C | 110 | T |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RDTE161F-C110/T = ENERGY series relay, with 4 CO contacts, time delay on drop-out adjustable from 0.1 to 6 s , and 110Vdc tropicalized coil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | RGTO | 23 | 3 | F | C | 024 |  |  |

(1) ENERGY: all applications except for railway.

RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: application on fixed power systems and electrical railway traction. For list of RFI approved and conforming products, consult dedicated catalogue "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
Also available is the STATIONS series, with ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications. For list of ENEL compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalogue
"STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20". (2) Other values on request.
(3) Optional value
(4) Optional value. Positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.


| Time delay - Switching time setting | RDT.15x | RDT. 161 | RGT023x |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time setting | Fixed duration | By way of potentiometer, with slotted head screw | By way of potentiometer |  |  |
| Full scale times available 0.1s - | 0.1s-0.2s-0.5s-1s | 6 s | 10 s | 30 s | 60 s |
| Time setting range | - | 0.1-6 s ${ }^{(1)}$ | $3 . . .10$ s | $10 . .30 \mathrm{~s}$ | $30 . .60$ s |
| Operating accuracy ( $0,8 \ldots 1,1 \mathrm{Un}, \mathrm{t}=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | $\pm 10 \%$ at high end of scale |  |  |  |  |
| Accuracy, repeatability | $\pm 2$ \% |  |  |  |  |
| Reset | <200ms |  |  |  |  |

[^9]

RDT. 161
RDT.15x


## Electrical life expectancy



| RDT_15x, RDT_161 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | I (A) | LR (ms) | Operations |
| 110 Vdc | 0.2 | 40 | $1,000,000$ |
| 110 Vdc | 0.5 | 40 | 150,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 1 | 10 | 100,000 (*) |
| 220 Vdc | 0.2 | 10 | 100,000 |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | I (A) | $\cos \varphi$ | Operations |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 1 | 0.5 | $1,500,000$ |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 1 | 950,000 |
| 110 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vac | 0.5 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 220 Vac | 1 | 0,5 | 800,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 1 | 600,000 |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 500,000 |
| 220 Vac | 0.5 | 1 | $2,000,000$ |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 1 | 500,000 |

Switching frequency: 1,200 operations/hour
(*) 600 operations/hour

| Sockets and retaining clips |  | RDTE15x, RDTE161 |  |  | RGT023x |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs | Socket | Clip for RDTE15x | Clip for RDTE161x | Socket | Clip |
| Wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | Screw | PAVD161 | VM1822 | VM1823 | PAVG161 | VM1222 |
| Flush mounting | Double faston ( $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | - | - | - | PRDG161 | VM1222 |
|  | Screw | PRVD161 | - | - | PRVG161 | VM1222 |
| PCB-mount | Solder | PRCD161 | - | - | - | - |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental conditions during operation, and on the relay duty cycle.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

## TMM SERIES




TMM

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in relay with time delay, multifunction
- 10 different time delay functions
- 4 time delay contacts or 2 time delay contacts
+ 2 instantaneous contacts
- Wide time setting range from 0.1 s to 99 hours, extreme accuracy across the adjustment range
- High electromagnetic interference immunity
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Long life expectancy
- Independent and self-cleaning contacts
- Magnetic arc blow-out standard
- Separate arc breaking chambers
- Excellent shock and vibration resistance
- Wide range of sockets
- Wide variety of configurations and customizations
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket

The TMM series is a range of multifunction relays with electronic time delay, consisting of 2 models with 4 changeover contacts, rated 10 A (nominal). They are obtained by assembling the electromechanical units of the POKS series with a digital electronic circuit. The electromechanical part features the reliability and ruggedness of relays belonging to the POKS series, while the electronics offers high reliability thanks to the use of a circuit requiring few components and to the careful choice of professional products.

A single TMM series relay offers 10 different timer functions, freely programmable by the user; these include, by way of example, time delay on pick-up or on drop-out, flasher, one-shot, etc.

The switching time can be selected within a wide range extending from 0.1 second to 99 hours, with extreme accuracy guaranteed across the full scale of adjustment. This is made possible by providing the relay with 10 intermediate scales.

The timer function, the scale and the switching time are adjustable by means of 4 rotary switches, each having 10 positions, located on the front of the relay.
The electronic circuit is immune to high electromagnetic interference, typical of high voltage electricity distribution stations. The construction of the relays and careful choice of the materials are such that they ensure long life and considerable ruggedness even in harsh operating environments and in the presence of strong temperature fluctuations.

Excellent electrical and mechanical performance levels allow the product to be used in the most demanding of sectors such as, for example, rail transport, control and signalling functions in electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, or in industries with continuous production processes (chemical and petroleum industries, rolling mills, cement factories, etc.). Above all, the excellent ability to withstand shock and vibration allow their use on rolling stock.

| Models | Nominal current | Number of contacts |  | Rolling stock application |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Time-delayed | Instantaneous |  |
| TMM2 | 10 A | 2 | 2 | - |
| TMM4 | 10 A | 4 | - | - |

## FOR CONFIGURATION OF PRODUCT CODE, SEE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE

Coil specifications

| Nominal voltages Un ${ }^{(1)}$ | DC: 12-24-36-48-72-110-125-132-144-220 | AC: 12-24-48-110-127-220-230 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max. consumption at Un (DC/AC) $^{\text {Operating range }{ }^{(1)}}$ | TMM2:5.5 W / 7.5 VA | TMM4: 4.5 W / 6.5 VA |
| Rolling stock version $^{(2)}{ }^{(3)}$ | $80 \div 115 \%$ Un |  |
| Type of duty | DC: $70 \div 125 \%$ Un |  |
| Drop-out voltage ${ }^{(4)}$ | Continuous |  |

(1) Other values on request.
(2) See "Ordering scheme" table for order code.
(3) For operating ranges different to that specified by EN60077, refer to table "Rolling stock versions - Special Ranges"
(4) Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as $\%$ of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certainly de-energized.

| Contact specifications | TMM2 | TMM4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and type | 2 timed + 2 instantaneous CO, form C | 4 timed, CO, form C |
| Current Nominal ${ }^{(1)}$ <br>  Maximum peak (1 s) ${ }^{(2)}$ <br>  Maximum pulse (10 ms) ${ }^{(2)}$ | $20 \mathrm{~A}(1 \mathrm{r}$ |  |
| Example of electrical life expectancy ${ }^{(3)}$ 1800 operations/h | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \mathrm{~A}-132 \mathrm{Vdc}- \\ & 1 \mathrm{~A}-110 \mathrm{Vdc}- \end{aligned}$ | erations rations |
| Making capacity | 30 A (for 200 ms - 11 | 00 operations |
| Minimum load Standard contacts Gold-plated contact P4GEO ${ }^{(4)}$ Gold-plated contact P8 ${ }^{(4)}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 500 \mathrm{~m} \\ 100 \mathrm{~m} \\ 50 \mathrm{~m} \end{array}$ |  |
| Maximum breaking voltage | 250 |  |
| Contact material |  |  |
| Operating time at Un (ms) ${ }^{(5)(6)}$ Pick-up (NO contact closing) Drop-out (NC contact closing) |  |  |

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) The max. peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other values, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Specifications of contacts on new relay
a) Plating material: P4 GEO: gold-nickel alloy ( $>6 \mu$ ) P8: gold-cobalt alloy ( $>5 \mu$ ), knurled contact
b) When the gold-plated contact is subject to heavy loads, it will be degraded on the surface. In such case, the characteristics of the standard contact should be taken into consideration. This does not impair relay operation.
(5) Times for the instantaneous component of the relay (TMM2 model).
(6) Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces). They should be added to the preset delay time.
(7) Addition of a flyback diode connected in parallel with the coil (DC version only) causes an increase in operating time when the relay drops out.

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )

| between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts | $\begin{aligned} & >1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \\ & >1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Withstand voltage at industrial frequency <br> between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts between adjacent contacts | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \\ & 1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-1.1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \\ & 2,5 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-3 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ ) <br> between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 3 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |

Mechanical specifications

|  | Mechanical life expectancy | $10 \times 10^{6}$ |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum switching rate | Mechanical | 3,600 operations $/ \mathrm{h}$ |
| Degree of protection (with relay mounted) | IP40 |  |
| 2 Dimensions $(\mathrm{mm})^{(1)}$ | $40 \times 50 \times 97$ |  |
| Weight $(\mathrm{g})$ | $\sim 220$ |  |

(1) Excluding output terminals

Environmental specifications

| Operating temperatureStandard <br> Rolling stock version <br> Storage and shipping temperature | $-25 \div+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $-25 \div+70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $-40 \div+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity | Standard: 75\% RH, Tropicalized: 95\% RH |
| Resistance to vibrations | $5 \mathrm{~g}-10 \div 55 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{~min}$ |
| Resistance to shock | $20 \mathrm{~g}-11 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Fire behavior | V0 |
| Standards and reference values |  |
| EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7 <br> EN 61812-1 <br> EN 60695-2-10 <br> EN 50082, EN 61000-4 <br> EN 60529 | Electromechanical elementary relays <br> Timer relays <br> Fire behavior <br> Electromagnetic compatibility <br> Degree of protection provided by enclosures |

Unless otherwise specified, the products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the above-mentioned European and International standards. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all technical data are referred to ambient temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure of 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

## Railways, rolling stock - Standards

EN 60077 Electric equipment for rolling stock - General service conditions and general rules
EN 50155
EN 61373
EN 45545-2
ASTM E162, E662

Electronic equipment used on rolling stock
Shock and vibration tests, Cat 1 Class B
Fire behavior, Cat E10, Requirement R26, V0
Fire behavior

Railways, rolling stock - Special operating ranges ${ }^{(1)}$

| Nominal voltage | Minimum pick-up voltage | Maximum operating voltage | Order symbol ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 Vdc | 16.8 | 32 | Z01 |
| 72 Vdc | 55 | 104 | Z01 |
| 110 Vdc | 77 | 144 | Z01 |

(1) To request the special range, indicate the "ZOx" symbol in the "Keying position" field in the "Ordering scheme" table. The special range may be subject to operating specifications different from standard specifications. Please contact us for further information.

## Configurations - Options

| P2 | Tropicalization of coil with epoxy resin for exposure to $95 \% \mathrm{RH}$ (@ $\mathrm{T} 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). This treatment also protects the coil <br> against corrosion which could occur by combination of the humidity with certain chemical agents, such as those <br> found in acidic or saline atmospheres. |
| :--- | :--- |
| P4GEO | Gold plating of contacts with gold-nickel alloy, thickness $\geq 6 \mu$. This treatment ensures long-term capacity of the <br> contact to conduct lower currents in harsh ambient conditions such as acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal <br> power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| P5GEO | Gold-plating of contacts P4GEO + tropicalization of coil P2. |
| P6GEO | P4GEO type gold-plating, but applied to contacts, contact terminals and output terminals <br> + P2 coil tropicalization. |
| P7 | AgCdO (silver cadmium oxide) contacts. |
| P8 | Gold plating of contacts with gold-cobalt alloy, thickness $\geq 5 \mu$, knurled fixed contact. This finish allows further <br> improvement of the gold-plated contact performance compared to the treatment P4GEO. |
| FLYBACK DIODE | Polarized component connected in parallel with the coil (type 1 N4007 or BYW56 for rolling stock version) <br> designed to suppress overvoltages generated by the coil when de-energized. |
| TRANSIL | Non-polarized component connected in parallel with the coil. Behavior is similar to that of a varistor, with <br> faster operating times. |

Ordering scheme

| Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Keying position ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TMM2 <br> TMM4 | E: Energy <br> Railway Fixed <br> Equipment <br> R: Railway <br> Rolling <br> Stock | 1: Standard <br> 2: Diode // <br> 3: Varistor <br> 7: Transil | 0 : Standard <br> 2: P2 <br> 4: P4 GEO <br> 5: P5 GEO <br> 6: P6 GEO <br> 7: P7 <br> 8: P8 | F | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac 50 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 012-024-036 \\ 048-072-100 \\ 110-125-127 \\ 132-144-220 \\ 230 \end{gathered}$ | XXX |


|  | TMM2 | E | 1 | 8 | F | C | 024 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TMM2E18F-C024-TMM2 relay, ENERGY series, nominal voltage 24 Vdc , with P8 finish (gold-plated contacts) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | TMM4 | R | 1 | 0 | F | C | 110 |  |
|  | TMM4R10F-C110 - TMM4 relay, ROLLING STOCK series, nominal voltage 110 Vdc |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) $\mathrm{E}=$ ENERGY: all applications, except for railways rolling stock.

Suitable on energy production, transport and distribution plants, railways fixed equipment, petrolchemical and heavy industry. R = RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: Application on board rolling stock (rail-tram-trolley vehicles). Electrical characteristics according to EN60077.
Availables also the product series:
RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: Approved and conforming relays and products to RFI (FS Group) specification no. RFI DPRIM STF IFS TE 143 A
For the list of RFI approved and conforming products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
STATIONS: ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications.
For the list of ENEL approved and conforming products, consult the dedicated catalog "STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20"
(2) Other values on request.
(3) Optional value. The positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.

## Dimensions and indicators



## Wiring diagram



TMM2


TMM4

T= time delay contacts
Terminals 2 B and 1 A are allocated to the auxiliary power supply.
Terminal 1 B is allocated to CONTROL. The negative of the control circuit is common with that of the auxiliary power supply.
Certain functions require an auxiliary power supply to guarantee operation of the time delay (terminal 2B).

(1) Whichever of the two values is higher.

The function and switching time are adjustable by means of 4 rotary-switch selectors located on the front of the relay, each having 10 positions, with which the user can select time delay settings between 100 ms and 99 hours.
The position of the arrow point on each rotary switch indicates the number selected. Adjustments are made by discrete steps, which means that no intermediate settings are possible.


## Adjustment of switching time (except for function F6)

To adjust the switching time, the first step is to adjust the intermediate scale $\mathrm{T}(\mathrm{s})$, by selecting one of the 10 available scales using the S 2 rotary switch. The values available are given in table 1.

| Scale | Minimum <br> value | Maximum <br> value | Step |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0.1 s | 9.9 s | 100 ms |
| 1 | 1 s | 99 s | 1 s |
| 2 | 3 s | 297 s | 3 s |
| 3 | 5 s | 495 s | 5 s |
| 4 | 10 s | 990 s | 10 s |


| Scale | Minimum <br> value | Maximum <br> value | Step |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 1 min | 99 min | 1 min |
| 6 | 3 min | 297 min | 3 min |
| 7 | 5 min | 495 min | 5 min |
| 8 | 10 min | 990 min | 10 min |
| 9 | 1 h | 99 h | 1 h |

Table 1 - Available scales

Next, the switching time is adjusted by means of rotary-switch selectors S3 and S4.
The combination of these two 10-position controls, located on the right, allows the selection of a number between 1 and 99 . The number selected with the "Tens" arrow combined with the number selected with the "Units" arrow represents the multiplier of the step selected via the "Range" control. The resulting value gives the time used by the relay in operation.


Example of setting " 53 ".
The scale selected previously is number 4, which has an adjustment step of 10s.
The time used by the relay in operation will be:


Setting's changes have to be operate with relays switched off Setting's changes with energized relay have no effect.

Adjustment of switching time for function F5 - Asymmetric flash
Function F5 pilots an asymmetric flash. The "ON" time and the "OFF" time are adjustable independently
"ON" time ( t ) $\rightarrow$ selector S 4
"OFF" time $(T) \rightarrow$ selector S4
In this instance, selector S3 and selector S4 are both calibrated in UNITS. Position "0" assumes the value of 10 integers.
Once the scale has been set by means of selector S2, selectors S3 and S4 are used to set the number that will provide the multiplier for the step of the selected scale.

Example: $\mathrm{S} 2=1 \rightarrow$ unit of time $:$ seconds
$\mathrm{S} 4=3 \rightarrow \mathrm{t}=3$ seconds
S3 $=0 \rightarrow T=10$ seconds

## Functions - selections and operating diagrams

## SELECTING THE FUNCTION

The function is selected by positioning the arrow of selector $S 1$ so that the point is aligned with the number of the required function.

| Function | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| F0 | Time delay on pick-up. |
| F1 | Time delay on drop-out. Instantaneous contacts follow the status of the auxiliary power supply. |
| F2 | Time delay on drop-out, instantaneous contacts on "CONTROL". Instantaneous contacts follow the status of the control signal. |
| F3 | One-shot function. |
| F4 | Flasher, symmetrical. The "ON" time and the "OFF" time are the same. |
| F5 | Flasher, asymmetrical. The "ON" time and the "OFF" time are different, and adjustable independently. |
| F6 | One-shot function on "CONTROL". The timing cycle starts on activation of the control signal. |
| F7 | One-shot function with fixed pulse (3s), delayed at pick-up. Pulse delay adjustable. |
| F8 | One-shot function, on "CONTROL", with fixed pulse (3s), delayed at pick-up. <br> The timing cycle starts on activation of the control signal. Pulse delay adjustable. |
| F9 | Step function |



FO - Time delay on pick-up.


F2- Time delay on drop-out.

The instantaneous contacts follow the status of the control signal ("COM", 1B terminal).


F1 - Time delay on drop-out, instantaneous contacts follow the status of the auxiliary power supply.
The instantaneous contacts follow the status of the auxiliary power supply (2B terminal).


F3 - One-shot function.
The control signal ("COM", 1B terminal) resets the time "t", on drop-out.


Applicable note for all operatings diagrams:

[^10]

Some Exemples of electrical life expectancy
$12 \mathrm{Vdc}-10 \mathrm{~A}$ - Resistive: $10^{5}$ operations $48 \mathrm{Vdc}-5 \mathrm{~A}$ - LR $10 \mathrm{~ms}: 5 \times 10^{5}$ operations $80 \mathrm{Vdc}-5 \mathrm{~A}$ - Resistive: $5 \times 10^{5}$ operations $110 \mathrm{Vdc}-0,5 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{LR} 10 \mathrm{~ms}: 5 \times 10^{5}$ operations $110 \mathrm{Vdc}-1 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R} 0 \mathrm{~ms}$ : $10^{5}$ operations

$132 \mathrm{Vdc}-0,7 \mathrm{~A}-132 \mathrm{Vdc}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R} 40 \mathrm{~ms}: 10^{5}$ operations
$220 \mathrm{Vdc}-0,2 \mathrm{~A}$ - LR 10 ms : $10^{5}$ operations
$110 \mathrm{Vac}-5 \mathrm{~A}-\cos \varphi 0,7: 5 \times 10^{5}$ operations
$220 \mathrm{Vac}-3 \mathrm{~A}-\cos \varphi 0,7: 5 \times 10^{5}$ operations $440 \mathrm{Vac}-0,2 \mathrm{~A}$ - Resistive: $5 \times 10^{5}$ operations
(1) Switching frequency 1,200 operations/hour, $50 \%$ cycle.

| Sockets and retaining clips |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of terminals (standard dimensions $5 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 16 | Retaining clip |
| For wall or rail mounting |  |  |
| Spring clamp, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | PAIR160 | RT48 |
| Screw, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | 48BIP20-I DIN | RT48 |
| Screw, wall mounting | 48BL | RT48 |
| For flush mounting |  |  |
| Spring clamp | PRIR160 | RT48 |
| Double faston ( $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | ADF2 | RT48 |
| Screw | 43IL ${ }^{(1)}$ | RT43 |
| For mounting on PCB | 65 | RT43 |

(1) Insert the clip before fastening the socket on the panel.

For more details, see specifications of mounting accessories.

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate. For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For safe and secure operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.


Rolling
Stock
Fixed railway
installations


PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in relay with time delay on pick-up or on drop-out
- 4 time delay contacts or 2 time delay contacts
+2 instantaneous contacts
- Wide time setting range from 0.1 s to 9 hours, great accuracy over the entire adjustment range
- High electromagnetic interference immunity
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Long life expectancy
- Independent and self-cleaning contacts
- Magnetic arc blow-out standard
- Separate arc breaking chambers
- Excellent shock and vibration resistance
- Wide variety of configurations and customizations
- Option for use in geothermal sites available
- Wide range of sockets
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

The TM series is a range of relays with eletronic time delay on pick-up or drop-out, consisting of 8 models with 4 change-over contacts, from 5 to 10 A (nominal). They are obtained by assembling the electromechanical units of the POK or BIPOK series with a digital electronic circuit.
The electromechanical part features the reliability and ruggedness of relays belonging to the POK series, while the electronics offers high reliability thanks to the use of an electronic circuit requiring few components and to the careful choice of professional products.
With the same product it is possible to obtain switching times ranging from 0.1 second to over 9 hours, with the greatest of accuracy over the entire setting range. This is thanks to the fact that the relay has 16 intermediate scales, freely selectable by the user.

Switching time is adjustable by means of two dipswitches, 4 - and 8 -bit respectively, located on the front of the relay. The 4-bit dipswitch serves for selecting the most suitable intermediate scale, while the 8-bit dipswitch is used for precision selection of the switching time.

On request, the models are available with fixed switching time to avoid modifications to the time setting.

The electronic circuit is immune to high electromagnetic interference, typical of high voltage electricity distribution stations.

The construction of the relays and careful choice of the materials are such that they ensure long life and considerable ruggedness even in harsh operating environments and in the presence of strong temperature fluctuations.

Excellent electrical and mechanical performance levels allow the product to be used in the most demanding of sectors such as, for example, control and signalling functions in electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, rail transport or in industries with continuous production processes (chemical industry, petroleum industry, rolling mills, cement factories, etc.). A specific treatment (P5GEO or P6GEO) combining coil tropicalization with gold-plated contacts allows the use of these items in geothermal electric power stations, as relays for signalling functions, for controlling intermediate devices and for all non-power circuits.

Above all, the excellent ability to withstand shock and vibration allow their use on rolling stock.

| Models | Function |  | Nominal current |  | Number of contacts |  | Rolling stock application |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pick-up | Drop-out | 5 A | 10 A | Time-delayed | Instantaneous |  |
| TM2E | - |  | - |  | 2 | 2 | - |
| TM4E | - |  | - |  | 4 | - | - |
| TMS2E | - |  |  | - | 2 | 2 | - |
| TMS4E | - |  |  | - | 4 | - | - |
| TM2R |  | - | $\bullet$ |  | 2 | 2 | - |
| TM4R |  | - | - |  | 4 | - | $\bullet$ |
| TMS2R |  | - |  | $\bullet$ | 2 | 2 | - |
| TMS4R |  | - |  | - | 4 | - | - |

## FOR CONFIGURATION OF PRODUCT CODE, SEE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE

Coil specifications

| Nominal voltages Un $^{(1)}$ | DC: 12-24-36-48-72-96-110-125-132-144-220 | AC: 12-24-48-110-127-220-230 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max. consumption at Un (DC/AC) | $4 \mathrm{~W} / 5 \mathrm{VA}$ |  |
| Operating range $^{(1)}$ | $80 \ldots 115 \%$ Un |  |
| Rolling stock version $^{(2)}{ }^{(3)}$ | DC: 70...125\% Un |  |
| Type of duty $^{\text {Drop-out voltage }{ }^{(4)}}$ | Continuous |  |

1. Other values on request. - 2. See "Ordering scheme" table for order code. - 3. For operating ranges different to that specified by EN60077, refer to table "Rolling stock versions - Special Ranges". - 4. Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as \% of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certainly de-energized.

| Contact specifications | TM2E - TM2R | TM4E - TM4R | TMS2E - TMS2R | TMS4E - TMS4R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and type | $2+2$ instantaneous CO, form C | 4 CO, form C | $2+2$ instantaneous CO, form C | 4 CO, form C |
| Current Nominal ${ }^{(1)}$ <br>  Maximum peak $(1 \mathrm{~min})^{(2)}$ <br>  Maximum pulse $(10 \mathrm{~ms})^{(2)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| EExample of electrical life expectancy ${ }^{(3)}$ 1,800 operations/h | 0.2 A - $110 \mathrm{Vdc}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=40 \mathrm{~ms}: 10^{5}$ operations $0.7 \mathrm{~A}-110 \mathrm{Vdc}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=0 \mathrm{~ms}: 10^{5}$ operations |  | 0.5 $\mathrm{A}-110 \mathrm{Vdc}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=40 \mathrm{~ms}: 10^{5}$ operations <br> $1 \mathrm{~A}-110 \mathrm{Vdc}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=0 \mathrm{~ms}: 10^{5}$ operations |  |
| Minimum load Standard contacts Gold-plated contact P4GEO (4) Gold-plated contact P8 |  | 500 mW 100 mW 50 mW | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}, 20 \mathrm{~mA}) \\ & \mathrm{V}, 5 \mathrm{~mA}) \\ & \mathrm{V}, 5 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Maximum breaking voltage | 250 Vdc / 350 Vac |  |  |  |
| Contact material | AgCu |  | $\mathrm{Ag} / \mathrm{AgCu}$ |  |
| Operating time at Un (ms) ${ }^{(5)}{ }^{(6)}$ | DC ${ }^{(7)}-\mathrm{AC}$ |  |  |  |
| Pick-up (NO contact closing) | $\leq 20-\leq 20$ |  |  |  |
| Drop-out (NC contact closing) | $\leq 15-\leq 20$ |  |  |  |

[^11]
## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts
Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts between adjacent contacts Withstand voltage at industrial frequency (1.2/50 $\mathrm{ss}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts

$$
\begin{aligned}
& >1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \\
& >1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega
\end{aligned}
$$

$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$ $1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-1.1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$ $2.5 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-3 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$

5 kV 3 kV

Mechanical specifications

|  | Mechanical life | DC: $20 \times 10^{6}$ |
| ---: | ---: | :---: |
| AC: $10 \times 10^{6}$ operations |  |  |
| Maximum switching rate | Mechanical life expectancy | 3,600 operations $/$ hour |
| Degree of protection (with relay mounted) | IP40 |  |
| Dimensions $(\mathrm{mm})^{(1)}$ | $40 \times 50 \times 97$ |  |
| Masse $(\mathrm{g})$ | $\sim 220$ |  |

## (1) Excluding output terminals

Environmental specifications

Operating temperature Version for railway, rolling stock
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Resistance to vibrations
Resistance to shock
Fire behavior
$-25^{\circ}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$-25^{\circ}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$-40^{\circ}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Standard: 75\% RH Tropicalized: 95\% RH
$5 \mathrm{~g}-10$ to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{~min}$
$20 \mathrm{~g}-11 \mathrm{~ms}$
V0

## Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 61812-1
EN 60695-2-10
EN 61000
EN 60529

Electromechanical elementary relays
Timer relays
Fire behavior
Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, the products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the above-mentioned European and International standards.
In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity.
Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

## Railways, rolling stock - Standards

EN 60077
EN 50155
EN 61373
EN 45545-2
ASTM E162, E662
CU TR 001/2011

Electric equipment for rolling stock. General service conditions and general rules Electronic equipment used on rolling stock
Rolling stock equipment. Shock and vibration tests, Cat 1 Class B
Fire behavior, Cat E10, Requirement R26, V0
Fire behavior
Safety of railway rolling stock - EAC certification

Railways, rolling stock - Special operating ranges (1)

| Nominal voltage | Minimum pick-up voltage | Maximum operating voltage | Order symbol (1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 Vdc | 18 | 33 | Z01 |
| 24 Vdc | 16 | 32 | Z02 |
| 24 Vdc | 16.8 | 32 | Z03 |
| 72 Vdc | 55 | 104 | Z01 |
| 110 Vdc | 77 | 144 | Z01 |

[^12]
## Configurations - Options

| P2 $\quad \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Tr } \\ & \text { a } \\ & \text { for }\end{aligned}\right.$ |  | Tropicalization of the coil with epoxy resin for use with $95 \% \mathrm{RH}$ (@T $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). This treatment also protects the coil against corrosion which could occur by combination of the humidity with certain chemical agents, such as those found in acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P4GEO ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |  | Gold plating of contacts with gold-nickel alloy, thickness $\geq 6 \mu$. This treatment ensures long-term capacity of the contact to conduct lower currents in harsh ambient conditions such as acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |  |  |  |  |  |
| P5GEO |  | P4GEO gold-plating of contacts + P2 coil tropicalization. |  |  |  |  |  |
| P6GEO |  | P4GEO type gold-plating, but applied to contacts, contact terminals and output terminals + P2 coil tropicalization. |  |  |  |  |  |
| P7 |  | AgCdO (silver cadmium oxide) contacts. |  |  |  |  |  |
| P8 $\quad$ imp |  | Gold plating of contacts with gold-cobalt alloy, thickness $\geq 5 \mu$, knurled fixed contact. This finish allows further improvement of the gold-plated contact performance compared to the treatment P4GEO. |  |  |  |  |  |
| LED |  | LED indicator showing presence of power supply, wired in parallel with the coil |  |  |  |  |  |
| FLYBACK DIODE |  | Polarized component connected in parallel with the coil (type 1N4007 or BYW56 for rolling stock version) designed to suppress overvoltages generated by the coil when de-energized. |  |  |  |  |  |
| TRANSIL |  | Non-polarized component connected in parallel with the coil. Behavior is similar to that of a varistor, with faster operating times. |  |  |  |  |  |
| LOW TEMPERATURE |  | Minimum operating temperature $\mathbf{- 5 0}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, only for rolling stock version (option "L"). |  |  |  |  |  |
| TM Ordering scheme |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Keying position ${ }^{(3)} /$ options |
| TM2E <br> TM4E <br> TMS2E <br> TMS4E <br> TM2R <br> TM4R <br> TMS2R <br> TMS4R | E: Energy <br> Railway <br> Fixed <br> Equipment <br> R: Railway <br> Rolling <br> Stock | 1: Standard <br> 2: Diode // <br> 3: Varistor <br> 4: Led <br> 5: Diode // + Led <br> 6: Varistor + Led <br> 7: Transil <br> 8: Transil + Led | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \text { : Standard } \\ & \text { 2: P2 } \\ & \text { 4: P4 GEO } \\ & \text { 5: P5 GEO } \\ & \text { 6: P6 GEO } \\ & \text { 7: P7 } \\ & \text { 8: P8 } \end{aligned}$ | F | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 012-024-036 \\ 048-072-096 \\ 100-110-125 \\ 127-132-144 \\ 220-230 \end{gathered}$ | $x X x$ L = <br> low temperature |
| , TMS2R | E | 4 | 2 | F | A | 230 |  |
| TMS2RE42F-A230-TMS2R relay, ENERGY series, nominal voltage 230 Vac, provided with LED, with P2 finish (tropicalized coil) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{l\|l} \stackrel{c}{0} & \text { TM4R } \\ & \\ & \end{array}$ | R | 1 | 8 | F | C | 024 | L |
| TM4RR18F-C024-TM4R relay, ROLLING STOCK series, nominal voltage 24 Vdc , with P8 finish (gold-plated contacts) and option "L" (low temp.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (1) $\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{ENERGY}$ : all applications, except for railways rolling stock. Suitable on energy production, transport and distribution plants, railways fixed equipment, petrolchemical and heavy industry. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R = RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: Application on board rolling stock (rail-tram-trolley vehicles). Electrical characteristics according to EN60077. Availables also the product series: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: Approved and conforming relays and products to RFI (FS Group) specification no. RFI DPRIM STF IFS TE 143 A For the list of RFI approved and conforming products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| STATIONS: ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications. <br> For the list of ENEL approved and conforming products, consult the dedicated catalog "STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20". |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (2) Other values on request. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Wiring diagram




Time-delay on pick-up (version 2E, 4E)


Time-delay on drop-out (version 2R, 4R)
${ }^{(1)}$ Instantaneous contacts are present only on versions " 2 E " and " 2 R "

## Time delay - Switching time setting

| Time setting | By means of DIP switches |
| :--- | :--- |
| Time setting range | $100 \mathrm{~ms} \ldots 32,768 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Intermediate scale | 16, from 1 second to 32,768 seconds |
| Resolution of switching time setting | $1 / 256$ of the selected scale |
| Accuracy, time-delay ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\pm 1 \%$ of the switching time $\pm 0.5 \%$ of the scale |
| Accuracy, repeatability | DC $: \pm 0.5 \% \quad$ AC $: \pm 0.5 \%+20 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Reset | $<100 \mathrm{~ms}$ in time-delay phase $<400 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Insensitivity to voltage drops | $<100 \mathrm{~ms}$ |

(1) Additional error for drop-out versions: 100 ms

The switching time is adjustable via the dipswitches (4- and 8-bit respectively) located on the front of the relay, through which it is possible to obtain time delays from 100 ms to 32,768 seconds (about 9 hours).
To adjust the switching time, the first step is to adjust the intermediate scale $T(s)$, by selecting one of the 16 available scales using the 4-bit dipswitch. The values available are given in table 1.
The value of the $T(s)$ scale should be the next highest numerically than the value of the required switching time.
E.g. Switching time: 3600 seconds $\rightarrow$ intermediate scale to set: 4096 seconds

The $T(s)$ scale is set by identifying the switches that add up to the $\Sigma T$ value indicated in table 1, and positioning them at " 1 ".
Next, proceed to set the switching time by means of the 8 -bit dipswitch.


The switching time is set by identifying the 16 -bit dipswitches that add up to the $\Sigma$ t value, as calculated below, and positioning them at " 1 ":

| T T(s) | $\Sigma$ | Switch reference |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 4 | 2 | 1 |  |
|  |  |  | Switch position |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 2 | 1 |  | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |
| 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |
| 8 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |  |
| 16 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 32 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |
| 64 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |
| 128 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| 256 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 512 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |
| 1024 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |
| 2048 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |  |
| 4096 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 8192 | 13 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |
| 16384 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |
| 32768 | 15 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |

$\Sigma \mathrm{t}=\frac{\mathrm{t} \times 256}{\mathrm{~T}}$
where $\mathrm{t}(\mathrm{s})$ : required switching time $\mathrm{T}(\mathrm{s})$ : full scale time set previously

Example: Relay with time delay 22 sec . and full scale time 32 sec .
For the full scale time of 32 s , select value 5 in the $\Sigma \mathrm{T}$ column (see table), then identify the switches corresponding to 4 and 1 ( $4+1=5$ ) and position them at " 1 ". For the delay time of 22 s , set an $\Sigma$ t value of 176 (i.e. $22 \times 256 / 32$ ), then identify the switches corresponding to 128,32 and $16(128+32+16=176)$ and position them at " 1 ".

(1) Switching frequency 1200 operations/hour, cycle $50 \%$.

| Sockets |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| Nor wall or rail mounting | 16 |
| Spring clamp, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | PAIR160 |
| Screw, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | 48BIP20-I DIN |
| Screw, wall mounting | 48 BL |
| Double faston, wall mounting | 48 L |
| For flush mounting | Double faston $(4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ |
| Screw |  |
| For mounting on PCB |  |

For more details, see specifications of mounting accessories.

Retaining clips - correspondence with sockets
Number of clips per relay
1, 2 for use on rolling stock

| SOCKET MODEL | CLIP MODEL |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| For wall or rail mounting |  |  |  |
| PAIR160, 48BIP20-I DIN, 48BL, 48L | RT48 |  |  |
| For flush mounting | ADF2 | RT48 |  |
| 43IL ${ }^{(1)}$ | RT43 |  |  |
| For mounting on PCB |  |  |  |

(1) Insert the clip before fastening the socket on the panel.

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate. For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For safe and secure operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips. No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

| USER SECTORS |  <br> Power generation | Nuçlear | Power transmission | Rolling Stock | Fixed railway installations | Shipbuilding | Petroleum industry | Heavy industry |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- TOK: Relay with time delay on pick-up or on drop-out
- Wide range of time settings available
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Very long electrical life expectancy and exceptional endurance
- Independent and self-cleaning contacts with high breaking capacity
- Patent operating mechanism, designed to ensure high contact pressure
- Magnetic arc blow-out for higher breaking capacity
- Excellent shock and vibration resistance
- Wide range of sockets
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket

The relays in the TOK series are monostable types with time delay, using 4 CO contacts. Manufactured following the same basic electromechanical design of the OK Series, they embody all the features and benefits of this product. These models are suitable for use in the most demanding of sectors such as, for example, electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, industries using continuous production processes, and railways - fixed equipment and rolling stock alike. An ample clearance between open contact elements is instrumental in ensuring optimum performance when breaking high loads. The use of a magnetic arc blow-out helps to achieve a considerable increase in breaking capacity, even when handling highly inductive loads.

## TOK Series

The TOKe and TOKr relays provide time delays on pick-up and drop-out respectively, using 4 CO contacts. Intended originally for use in nuclear power plants, these relays are designed to guarantee particularly high reliability and superior strength. The time interval is adjusted by way of a potentiometer with a flat-head slotted screw, accessed from the top of the cover. A LED indicates energized status of the coil.

For further details of electromechanical construction, see chapter 1.2 "OK series".

| Models | Function |  | Number of contacts | Magnetic arc blow-out | Adjustable | Fixed time delay, capacitor controlled | Rolling stock application |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pick-up | Drop-out |  |  | Time delay |  |  |
| TOKe | - |  | 4 | $\bullet$ | - |  | - |
| TOKr |  | - | 4 | - | - |  | - |


(1) Nominal current: on all contacts simultaneously.
(2) The max. peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other values, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Specifications of gold-plated contacts on new relay
a) Plating material: P4GEO : gold-nickel alloy (>6ر).
b) When the gold-plated contact is subject to heavy loads, it will be degraded on the surface. In such case, the characteristics of the standard contact should be taken into consideration. This does not impair relay operation.
(5) Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces). It should be added to the preset delay time.
(6) $\mathrm{e}(\mathrm{t})=\mathrm{DC}<15 \% / \mathrm{AC}<20 \%$ of selected time delay

Insulation
Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts
between adjacent contacts
Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J})$
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts

## $>1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

$>1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

2 kV (1 min) - 2.2 kV (1 s)
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$
$2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$

5 kV
5 kV

## Mechanical specifications

| Mechanical life expectancy | $20 \times 10^{6}$ operations |
| :---: | :---: |
| Maximum switching rate Mechanical | 3,600 operations/hour |
| Degree of protection (with relay mounted) | IP20 |
| Dimensions (mm) | $45 \times 45 \times 109{ }^{(1)}$ |
| Weight (g) | ~ 330 |

(1) Excluding output terminals

Environmental specifications

Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Resistance to vibrations
Resistance to shock
Fire behavior

```
-10 to +55 呂
-25 to + 70 % C
-25 to + 85 ' C
Standard: 75% RH, Tropicalized: 95% RH
5g-10 to 60 Hz - 1 min.
30g-11ms
V0
```


## Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 61812-1
EN 60695-2-10
EN 61000
EN 60529

Electromechanical elementary relays
Timer relays
Fire behavior
Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, the products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the above-mentioned European and International standards.
In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity.
Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

Railways, rolling stock - Standards

EN 60077
EN 50155
EN 61373
EN 45545-2
ASTM E162, E662

Electric equipment for rolling stock - General service conditions and general rules
Electronic equipment used on rolling stock
Shock and vibration tests, Cat 1, Class B
Fire behavior, Cat E10, Requirement R26, V0
Fire behavior

## Configurations - Options

| P2 | Tropicalization of coil with epoxy resin for use with $95 \%$ RH (@ T $\left.50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. This treatment also protects the coil <br> against corrosion which could occur by combination of the humidity with certain chemical agents, such as those <br> found in acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| :--- | :--- |
| P4GEO | Gold plating of contacts with gold-nickel alloy, thickness $\geq 6 \mu$. This treatment ensures long-term capacity <br> of the contact to conduct lower currents in harsh ambient conditions such as acid atmospheres (typical of <br> geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| P5GEO | P4GEO gold-plating of contacts + P2 coil tropicalization. |
| P6GEO | P4GEO type gold-plating, but applied to contacts, contact terminals and output terminals <br> + P2 coil tropicalization. |
| LED | LED indicator showing presence of power supply, wired in parallel with the coil. |

TOKx Ordering scheme

|  | Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Full scale time | Keying position ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TOKe TOKr | E: Energy <br> Railway <br> Fixed <br> Equipment <br> R: Railway <br> Rolling <br> Stock | 4: Led <br> (as standard) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0: Standard } \\ & \text { 2: P2 } \\ & \text { 4: P4 GEO } \\ & \text { 5: P5 GEO } \\ & \text { 6: P6 GEO } \end{aligned}$ | F | C: Vdc ${ }^{(4)}$ <br> A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 024-036-048 \\ 072-110-125 \\ 132-144-220 \\ 230 \end{gathered}$ | 01s: 1 s <br> 02S: 2 s <br> 04s: 4 s <br> 08S: 8 s <br> 16S: 16 s <br> 32s: 32 s <br> 01M: 1 min <br> 02M: 2 min <br> 04M: 4 min <br> 08M: 8 min <br> 16M: 16 min <br> 32M: 32 min <br> 64M: 64 min | XXX |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \underset{\varrho}{E} \\ & \underset{\sim}{x} \end{aligned}$ | TOKe | E | 4 | 0 | F | C | 110 | 04S |  |
|  | TOKeE40F-C110-04S - TOKe relay, ENERGY series, 110Vdc coil, full scale 4 seconds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | TOKr | R | 4 | 4 | F | C | 024 | 08M |  |

(1) $\mathrm{E}=$ ENERGY: all applications, except for railways rolling stock.

Suitable on energy production, transport and distribution plants, railways fixed equipment, petrolchemical and heavy industry.
R = RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: Application on board rolling stock (rail-tram-trolley vehicles). Electrical characteristics according to EN60077.
Availables also the product series:
RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: Approved and conforming relays and products to RFI (FS Group) specification no. RFI DPRIM STF IFS TE 143 A
For the list of RFI approved and conforming products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
STATIONS: ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications.
For the list of ENEL approved and conforming products, consult the dedicated catalog "STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20".
(2) Other values on request.
(3) Optional value. The positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.
(4) Rolling Stock version, Vdc only available.


Functional diagram

$e(t): D C<15 \% / A C<20 \%$ of time $t$

| (D) Time delay - Switching time setting |
| :--- |
| Time setting |
| Full scale times available |
| Time setting range |
| Accuracy, setting $\left(0.8 \ldots 1.1 \mathrm{Un}, \mathrm{t}=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Accuracy, repeatability |
| Reset |

(1) The time varies by the same percentage as the input voltage fluctuation, within limits of $\pm 10 \%$.

## Dimensions




Finish for ROLLING STOCK version (TOK)


Time setting (TOK) The scale shown on the relay (0.1-1) is approximate


Sockets and retaining clips

| Number of terminals (standard dimensions $5 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 16 | Retaining clip |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For wall or rail mounting |  |  |
| Spring clamp, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | PAIR160 | RL48 |
| Screw, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | 48BIP20-I DIN | RL48 |
| Screw, wall mounting | 48BL | RL48 |
| Double faston, wall mounting | 48L | RL48 |
| For flush mounting |  |  |
| Double faston ( $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | ADF2 | RL48 |
| Screw | 43IL ${ }^{(1)}$ | RL43 |
| For mounting on PCB | 65 | RL43 |

(1) Insert the clip before fastening the socket on the panel.

For more details, see specifications of mounting accessories.

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate. For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For safe and secure operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

## OKT OKR SERIES




Time setting flat head slotted screw


Time setting knob

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in relay with time delay on pick-up or on drop-out
- Time delay setting from 0.1 second up to 1 hour
- Wide range of time settings available
- Operation using d.c. or a.c. power supply with a single product
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Long life expectancy
- Separate arc breaking chambers
- Magnetic arc blow-out standard
- Independent and self-cleaning contacts
- Excellent shock and vibration resistance
- Wide range of sockets
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

The relays in the OKR and OKT series are monostable types with time delay, using 4 or 3 COfollowing the same basic electromechanical design of the POK model, they embody all the features and benefits of this product.
Excellent electrical and mechanical performance levels allow the product to be used in the most demanding of sectors such as, for example, control and signalling functions in electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, rail transport or in industries with continuous production processes (chemical industry, petroleum industry, rolling mills, cement factories, etc.). In particular, with their notable shock and vibration resistance, they are ideal for use on rolling stock.

The electronic timing circuit is designed using analog technology: by adopting a limited number of select components, the end product is guaranteed to meet high standards of quality and reliability.

OKRe and OKTa models offer time delay on pick-up, whereas OKRr and OKTr models offer time delay on drop-out. In the case of the OKTr model, one of the 4 contacts must be
connected to the power coil (see functional diagram). This obviates the need for connection of an auxiliary power supply to the relay, separate from the control. In this situation, the contacts available for switching purposes are 3 in number.
Models are available with different full scale time values (from 1 second up to 60 minutes), so as to offer a wide range of time delay settings. The full scale value is a fixed, factory set value determined as part of the manufacturing process. The end user can adjust the response time from a minimum $10 \%$ up to $100 \%$ of full scale with absolute ease, by way of the knob-operated or slotted screw-driven potentiometer located on the top of the relay housing. Power can be supplied to the relay from a d.c. or an a.c. source operating at 50 or 60 Hz .

For further details of electromechanical construction, see the chapter on the "POK series".

| Models | Function |  | Number of time delayed contacts | Setting control |  | Rolling stock application |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pick-up | Drop-out |  | Knob | Flat head slotted screw |  |  |
| OKTa | - |  | 4 | - | - | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
| OKTr |  | $\bullet$ | 3 | - | - | $\bullet$ | - |
| OKRe | - |  | 4 | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | - |
| OKRr |  | $\bullet$ | 4 | - | - | - | - |

## FOR CONFIGURATION OF PRODUCT CODE, SEE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE

## Coil specifications

| Nominal voltages Un ${ }^{(1)}$ | DC / AC: 24-36-48-72-110-125-132-144-220-230 |
| ---: | :---: |
| Max. consumption at Un (DC/AC) | $4 \mathrm{~W} / 5 \mathrm{VA}$ |
| Operating range $^{(1)}$ | $80 \ldots 115 \%$ Un |
| Rolling stock version ${ }^{(2)(3)}$ | DC: 70...125\% Un |
| Type of duty $^{\text {Drop-out voltage }}{ }^{(4)}$ | Continuous |

(1) Other values on request. Operation with d.c. or a.c. power supply.
(2) See "Ordering scheme" table for order code
(3) For operating ranges different to that specified by EN60077, refer to table "Rolling stock versions - Special Ranges"
(4) Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as $\%$ of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certainly de-energized

| Contact specifications | OKTa | OKTr | OKRe - OKRr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and type | 4 CO, form C | 3 CO, form C | 4 CO , form C |
| CurrentNominal ${ }^{(1)}$ <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Maximum peak (1 s) $)^{(2)}$ <br>  |  | 5 A 10 A 100 A |  |
| Example of electrical life expectancy ( ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0.5A-110 Vdc - L/R $=40 \mathrm{~ms}$ : $10^{5}$ operations, 1,800 operations/hour |  |  |
| Minimum load Standard contacts Gold-plated contacts P4GEO Gold-plated contacts P8 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mW}(20 \mathrm{~V}, 20 \\ & \mathrm{mW}(10 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{n} \\ & \mathrm{mW}(5 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Maximum breaking voltage | 250 Vdc / 350 Vac |  |  |
| Contact material | AgCu |  |  |
| Switching time at Un (ms) ${ }^{(5)(6)}$ <br> Pick-up (NO contact closing) <br> Drop-out (NC contact closing) |  | DC - AC $\leq 20-\leq 20$ $\leq 15-\leq 20$ |  |

(1) Nominal current: on all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) The max. peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) 1,800 operations/hour - For other values, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Specifications of gold-plated contacts on new relay
a) Plating material: P4 GEO: gold-nickel alloy ( $>6 \mu$ ) P8 : gold-cobalt alloy ( $>5 \mu$ ), knurled contac
b) When the gold-plated contact is subject to heavy loads, it will be degraded on the surface. In this case, the characteristics of the standard contact should be taken into consideration. This does not impair relay operation.
(5) Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces). It should be added to the preset delay time.
(6) Addition of a flyback diode connected in parallel with the coil (DC version only) causes an increase in operating time when the relay drops out.

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts

Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts
between adjacent contacts
Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts

$$
\begin{aligned}
& >1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \\
& >1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega
\end{aligned}
$$

2 kV (1 min) - 2.2 kV (1 s)
$1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-1.1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})$ 2.5 kV (1 min) - 3 kV (1 s)

5 kV 3 kV

| Mechanical life expectancy | $20 \times 10^{6}$ operations |
| :---: | :---: |
| Maximum switching rate Mechanical | 3600 operations/hour |
| Degree of protection (with relay mounted) | IP40 |
| Dimensions (mm) | $40 \times 45 \times 97{ }^{(1)}$ |
| Weight (g) | ~ 220 |

(1) Excluding output terminals and adjuster knob, if specified.

## Environmental specifications

Operating temperature
Standard -10 to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Version for rolling stock
-25 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Resistance to vibrations
Resistance to shock
Fire behavior
-25 to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Standard: 75\% RH, Tropicalized: 95\% RH
$5 \mathrm{~g}-10$ to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{~min}$.
20g-11ms
vo

## Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 61812-1
EN 60695-2-10
EN 61000
EN 60529

## Electromechanical elementary relays

Timer relays
Fire behavior
Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

[^13]Railways, rolling stock - Standards
EN 60077 Electric equipment for rolling stock - General service conditions and general rules
EN 50155
EN 61373 Electronic equipment used on rolling stock Shock and vibration tests, Cat 1, Class B
EN 45545-2 $\quad$ Fire behavior, Cat E10, Requirement R26, V0
ASTM E162, E662

Railways, rolling stock - Special operating ranges

| Nominal voltage | Minimum pick-up voltage | Maximum operating voltage | Order symbol ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 Vdc | 18 | 33 | Z01 |
| 72 Vdc | 55 | 104 | Z01 |
| 110 Vdc | 77 | 140 | Z01 |
| 128 Vdc | 85 | 155 | Z01 |

(1) To order the relay with the special operating range, indicate the "Z0x" symbol in the "Keying position" field of the ordering scheme. The special range may be subject to operating specifications different from standard specifications. Please contact us for further information.
\(\left.\begin{array}{l|l}Configurations - Options \& Tropicalization of coil with epoxy resin for use with 95 \% \mathrm{RH}\left(@ \mathrm{~T} 50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) . This treatment also protects the coil <br>
against corrosion which could occur by the combination of humidity with certain chemical agents, such as those <br>

found in acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres\end{array}\right]\)| P4GEO | Gold plating of contacts with gold-nickel alloy, thickness $\geq 6 \mu$. This treatment ensures long-term capacity of the <br> contact to conduct lower currents in harsh ambient conditions such as acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal <br> power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| :--- | :--- |
| P5GEO | P4GEO type gold-plating + P2 coil tropicalization. |
| P6GEO | Gold-plating of contacts, contact terminals and output terminals + P2 coil tropicalization. |
| P7 | Silver cadmium oxide contacts. |
| P8 | Gold plating of contacts with gold-cobalt alloy, thickness $\geq 5 \mu$, knurled fixed contact. This finish allows further <br> improvement of the gold-plated contact performance compared to the treatment P4GEO. |
| LED | LED indicator showing presence of power supply, wired in parallel with the coil. |
| FLYBACK DIODE | Polarized component connected in parallel with the coil (type 1 N 4007 or BYW56 for rolling stock version) <br> designed to suppress overvoltages generated by the coil when de-energized. |
| TRANSIL | Non-polarized component connected in parallel with the coil. Behavior is similar to that of a varistor, with <br> faster operating times. |

Ordering scheme

| Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Setting control | Full scale time | Keying position ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OKRe <br> OKTa <br> OKRr <br> OKTr | E: Energy <br> Railway <br> Fixed <br> Equipment <br> R: Railway <br> Rolling <br> Stock | 1: Standard <br> 2: Diode // <br> 3: Varistor <br> 4: Led <br> 5: Diode // <br> + Led <br> 6: Varistor <br> + Led <br> 7: Transil <br> 8: Transil <br> + Led | 0: Standard <br> 2: P2 <br> 4: P4 GEO <br> 5: P5 GEO <br> 6: P6 GEO <br> 7: P7 <br> 8: P8 | F | T: Vdc/ac <br> $\mathrm{C}: \mathrm{Vdc}{ }^{(4)}$ | $\begin{gathered} 024-036-048 \\ 072-110-125 \\ 132-144-220 \\ 230 \end{gathered}$ | M: Knob <br> C: Flat <br> head <br> slotted <br> screw | 01s: 1 s <br> 05: 5 s <br> 10s: 10 s <br> 15S: 15 s <br> 30s: 30 s <br> 01M: 1 min <br> 02M: 2 min <br> 05M: 5 min <br> 10M: 10 min <br> 15M: 15 min <br> 30M: 30 min <br> 60M: 60 min | XXX |


| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{0}{\xi} \\ & \sqrt[0]{x} \end{aligned}$ | OKRe | E | 1 | 0 | F | T | 110 | M | 05S |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | OKReE10F-T110-M05S - OKRe relay, ENERGY series, nominal voltage 110Vdc, full scale 5 seconds, knob setting control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | OKRr | R | 5 | 0 | F | C | 072 | C | 30M |  |

OKRrR50F-C072-C30M - OKRr relay, rolling stock series, nominal voltage 72Vdc, special range 55-104V, equipped with diode, led, full scale 30 minutes, slotted screw setting control
(1) $\mathrm{E}=$ ENERGY: all applications, except for railways rolling stock.

Suitable on energy production, transport and distribution plants, railways fixed equipment, petrolchemical and heavy industry.
R = RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: Application on board rolling stock (rail-tram-trolley vehicles). Electrical characteristics according to EN60077. Availables also the product series:

RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: Approved and conforming relays and products to RFI (FS Group) specification no. RFI DPRIM STF IFS TE 143 A For the list of RFI approved and conforming products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
STATIONS: ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications.
For the list of ENEL approved and conforming products, consult the dedicated catalog "STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20".
(2) Other values on request.
(3) Optional value. The positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.
(4) Rolling Stock version, Vdc only available.

## Functional diagram



## Functional diagram



OKRe - OKTa


OKRr-OKTr

Time delay - Switching time setting

| Time setting | By way of potentiometer, with knob or flat head slotted screw setting control |
| :--- | :---: |
| Full scale times available | $1-5-10-15-30$ seconds, 1-2-5-10-30-60 minutes |
| Time setting range | $10 \ldots 100 \%$ of full scale |
| Accuracy, setting $\left(0.8 \ldots 1.1 \mathrm{Un}, \mathrm{t}=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm 10 \%$ of time delay |
| Accuracy, repeatability | $\pm 0.5 \%(\mathrm{Vdc})- \pm 0.5 \%+20 \mathrm{~ms}$ (Vac) |
| Reset | $<100 \mathrm{~ms}-$ in time-delay phase $<1 \mathrm{~s}$ |

[^14]

Relay with knob setting control


Knob setting control


Relay with flat head slotted screw setting control


Flat head slotted screw setting control

The scale shown on the relay (0.1-1) is approximate

## Electrical life expectancy



Some examples of electrical life expectancy
$48 \mathrm{Vdc}-5 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=10 \mathrm{~ms}: 5 \times 10^{5}$ operations
$80 \mathrm{Vdc}-5 \mathrm{~A}$ - Resistive: $5 \times 10^{5}$ operations
$110 \mathrm{Vdc}-0,5 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=10 \mathrm{~ms}: 5 \times 10^{5}$ operations

$220 \mathrm{Vdc}-0,2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=10 \mathrm{~ms}: 10^{5}$ operations $110 \mathrm{Vac}-5 \mathrm{~A}-\operatorname{Cos} \varphi=0.7: 5 \times 10^{5}$ operations $220 \mathrm{Vac}-3 \mathrm{~A}-\operatorname{Cos} \varphi=0.7: 5 \times 10^{5}$ operations 440 Vac - 0,2 A - Resistive: $5 \times 10^{5}$ operations
(1) Switching frequency 1,200 operations/hour, 50\% cycle.

Sockets and retaining clips

| Number of terminals (standard dimensions $5 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 16 | Retaining clip |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For wall or rail mounting |  |  |
| Spring clamp, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | PAIR160 | RC48 |
| Screw, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | 48BIP20-I DIN | RC48 |
| Screw, wall mounting | 48BL | RC48 |
| Double faston, wall mounting | 48L | RC48 |
| For flush mounting |  |  |
| Double faston ( $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | ADF2 | RC48 |
| Screw | 43IL ${ }^{(1)}$ | RC43 |
| For mounting on PCB | 65 | RC43 |

(1) Insert the clip before fastening the socket on the panel.

For more details, see specifications of mounting accessories.

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used.
Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For maximum reliability in operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

| USER SECTORS |  <br> Power generation | Nuclear | Power transmission | Rolling Stock | Fixed railway installations | Shipbuilding | Petroleum industry | Heavy industry |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Static timer unit, operating on pick-up or drop-out
- Compact dimensions
- Timer control suitable for all our relays
- Wide time setting range from 0.1 s to 9 hours, great accuracy over the entire adjustment range
- Availability of 2 outputs: timed and instantaneous
- Led indicating power-up status
- Time setting with dipswitches
- High electromagnetic interference immunity
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
Wide range of sockets
- Retaining clip for secure locking of unit on socket
- Transparent cover


## DESCRIPTION

The UTM unit is a static timer module, designed for applications requiring a time delay activated on pick-up or on drop-out.

Offered in 2 versions, these units can be used to control an external load, introducing a delay either on pick-up (UTME) or on drop-out (UTMR).

There are 2 outputs available: one timed, the other instantaneous, with maximum rated power 6W.

The UTM offers high reliability, thanks to the use of an electronic circuit requiring few components, and to the selection of professional grade products.

Switching times ranging from 0.1 second to over 9 hours are obtainable, with extreme accuracy guaranteed over the entire setting range. This is made possible as the module has 16 intermediate scales, freely selectable by the user.

Switching time is adjustable by means of two dipswitches, 4- and 8-bit respectively, located on the front of the relay. The 4-bit dipswitch allows selection of the most suitable intermediate scale, whilst the 8 -bit dipswitch is used for selection of the exact switching time.

The electronic circuit is immune to high electromagnetic interference, typical of high voltage electricity distribution stations.

The construction of the module and careful choice of the materials are such as to ensure long life and considerable strength even in harsh operating environments and in the presence of strong temperature fluctuations.

In particular, with its notable shock and vibration resistance, the unit is ideal for use on rolling stock

| 4 | Models | Function |  |  | Output |  |  | Rolling st | application |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Pick-up |  | Drop-out | Instantaneous |  | Time-delayed |  |  |
|  | UTME | - |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | UTMR |  |  | - | - |  | - | - |  |
| 4 | FOR CONFIGURATION OF PRODUCT CODE, SEE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C | Power supply data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nominal voltages Un ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  | DC: 24-36-72-110-128 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Max. consumption at Un (DC/AC) |  |  | 0.6 W |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Operating range ${ }^{(1)}$ Rolling stock version ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 80 . . .115 \% \text { Un } \\ & 70 . . .125 \% \text { Un } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Type of duty |  |  | Continious |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Maximum power at outputs |  |  | 6 W (total) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1. Other values on request. - 2. See "Ordering scheme" table for order code. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Insulation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Insulation resistance (at 500Vdc) <br> between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground Withstand voltage at industrial frequencybetween electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ ) <br> between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground |  |  |  |  |  | $2 \text { kV (1 }$ | $\Lambda \Omega$ $2 \mathrm{kV} \text { (1 s) }$ |  |
| 0 | Mechanical Specifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Degree of protection (with unit mounted) |  |  |  |  | IP40 |  |  |  |
|  | Dimensions (mm) ${ }^{(1)}$ Weight (g) |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 40 \times 40 \times 50 \\ \sim 60 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
|  | 1. Output terminals excluded. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Environmental specifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Storage and shipping temperature <br> Relative humidity <br> Resistance to vibrations <br> Resistance to shock <br> Fire behavior |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -25^{\circ} \text { to }+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -25^{\circ} \text { to }+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -40^{\circ} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ <br> Standard: 75\% RH <br> $5 \mathrm{~g}-10$ to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}-1$ min $20 \mathrm{~g}-11 \mathrm{~ms}$ <br> vo |  |  |  |
| 屇 | Standards and reference values |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | EN 61812-1 <br> EN 60695-2-10 <br> EN 61000 <br> EN 60529 |  |  |  |  | Timer relays <br> Fire behavior <br> Electromagnetic compatibility <br> Degree of protection provided by enclosures |  |  |  |
|  | Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Railways, rolling stock - Standards |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | EN 60077 <br> EN 50155 <br> EN 61373 <br> EN 45545-2 <br> ASTM E162, E662 |  | Electric equipment for rolling stock - General service conditions and general rules Electronic equipment used on rolling stock <br> Shock and vibration tests, Cat 1, Class B <br> Fire behavior, Cat E10, Requirement R26, V0 <br> Fire behavior |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 局 | Configurations - Options |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | LOW TEMPERATURE | Minimum operating temperature $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, only for rolling stock version (option " $\mathrm{L}^{\prime}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

UTM Ordering scheme

| Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration <br> A | Configuration <br> B | Label | Type of power <br> supply | Nominal <br> voltage (V) | Keying position <br> (3) <br> $/$ Options |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UTME | E: Energy |  |  |  |  | XXX |  |
| UTMR | Railway <br> Rolling <br> Stock | 1: Standard | 0: Standard | F | C: Vdc | $024-036$ <br> $072-110$ | L $=$ Low <br> temperature |


|  | UTME | E | 1 | 0 | F | C | 110 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | UTMEE10F-C110 - UTME unit, ENERGY series, nominal voltage 110Vdc |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | UTMR | R | 1 | 0 | F | C | 024 | L |
|  | UTMRR10F-C024L - UTMR unit, ROLLING STOCK series, nominal voltage 24 Vdc , with option "L" (low temp.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) ENERGY: all applications except for railway.

RAILWAY, ROLLING STOCK: Application on board rolling stock (rail-tram-trolley vehicles). Electrical specifications according to EN60077.
(2) Other values on request.
(3) Optional value. Multiple selection possible. Positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.

## Timing - Time delay setting

| Time setting | By means of dipswitches |
| :--- | :--- |
| Time setting range | $100 \mathrm{~ms} \ldots 32,768 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Intermediate scales | 16, from 1 second to 32,768 seconds |
| Resolution of operating time setting | $1 / 256$ of selected scale |
| Accuracy, time-delay ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\pm 1 \%$ of the switching time $\pm 0.5 \%$ of the scale |
| Accuracy, repeatability | DC: $\pm 0.5 \% \quad$ AC: $\pm 0.5 \%+20 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Reset | $<100 \mathrm{~ms}$ in time-delay phase $<400 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Insensitivity to power losses | $<100 \mathrm{~ms}$ |

(1) Additional error for drop-out versions: 100 ms

The switching time is adjustable by way of two dipswitches (4- and 8-bit respectively) located on the front of the relay, which can be used to set time delays from 100 ms to 32,768 seconds (approximately 9 hours).
To determine the switching time, the first step is to adjust the intermediate scale $T(s)$, by selecting one of the 16 available settings with the 4 -bit dipswitch. The values available are given in table 1.
The value of the $\mathrm{T}(\mathrm{s})$ scale should be the next highest numerically than the value of the required switching time.
E.g. Switching time: 3,600 seconds $\rightarrow$ intermediate scale setting: 4,096 seconds

The $T(s)$ scale is set by identifying the switches that add up to the $\Sigma T$ value indicated in table 1 , and positioning them at " 1 ".
Next, proceed to set the switching time by means of the 8-bit dipswitch.

$\Sigma t$
Time setting dipswitches (8-bit)
$\Sigma T$
Intermediate scale
dipswitches
(4 bit)

The switching time is set by identifying the 16 -bit dipswitches that add up to the $\Sigma \mathrm{t}$ value, as calculated below, and positioning them at " 1 ":
$\Sigma \mathrm{t}=\frac{\mathrm{t} \times 256}{\mathrm{~T}}$ where $\mathrm{t}(\mathrm{s}):$ required switching time $\mathrm{T}(\mathrm{s})$ : full scale time set previously

Example: relay with time delay 22 s . and full scale time 32 s .
For the full scale time of 32 s , select value 5 in the $\Sigma \mathrm{T}$ column (see table), then identify the switches corresponding to 4 and 1 ( $4+1=5$ ) and position them at " 1 ". For the delay time of 22 s , set an $\Sigma t$ value of 176 (i.e. $22 \times 256 / 32$ ), then identify the switches corresponding to 128,32 and $16(128+32+16=176)$ and position them at " 1 ".


Dimensions


| Sockets |  |
| ---: | :---: |
| Number of terminals | 16 |
| For wall or rail mounting |  |
| Spring clamp, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | PAIR160 |
| Screw, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | $48 \mathrm{BIP20}$-I DIN |
| Screw, wall mounting | 48 BL |
| For flush mounting | Screw |
| For mounting on PCB | $43 I \mathrm{~L}$ |

For more details, see specifications of mounting accessories.

| Retaining clips - correspondence with sockets |
| :--- |
| Number of clips per relay <br> SOCKET MODEL |
| For wall or rail mounting |
| PAIR160, 48BIP20-I DIN, 48BL |
| For flush mounting |
| ADF2 |
| For mounting on PCB |

(1) Insert the clip before fastening the socket on the panel.

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the module positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate. For correct use, modules should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental conditions during operation, and on the relay duty cycle. For safe and secure operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips. No special maintenance is required.



OKRe Series,
flat head slotted screw setting control


OKRe Series, knob setting control

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- "L": flasher function with symmetrical output pulse, adjustable or fixed
- "FP": one-shot function, adjustable
- Wide range of time settings available
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Long life expectancy
- Patent operating mechanism, designed to ensure high contact pressure (TOK)
- Independent and self-cleaning contacts
- Magnetic arc blow-out standard
- Excellent shock and vibration resistance
- Wide range of sockets
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Transparent cover, pull-out handle
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket


## DESCRIPTION

5 models of "FLASHER" or "ONE SHOT" logic relays are available, derived from the TOK and OKR series. The TOK-L, OKRe-L and CLE models are flasher type relays, whereas the TOK-FP and OKRe-FP models are one-shot relays. The relays in the TOK series provide higher breaking capacity and longer mechanical life expectancy than those in the OKR / CLE series.

Flasher relays: when the component is energized, the coil of the relay is piloted by an electronic circuit, delivering voltage pulses in a continuous symmetrical ON/OFF cycle. Accordingly, the contacts change status cyclically, for as long as the control voltage is applied to the circuit. These relays can be specified with an adjustable or fixed intermittence frequency; in the case of an adjustable frequency, the setting is made by way of a potentiometer having a knob type or flat head slotted screw type control.

One-shot relay: Lorsque le relais est alimenté, la bobine when the component is energized, the coil of the relay is piloted by an electronic circuit, delivering voltage pulses. Accordingly, the contacts change status instantaneously and return to the break conditions after a predetermined interval of time, even with the control voltage applied to the circuit. Relays can be provided with a pulse of adjustable duration or a pulse of fixed duration. In the case of an adjustable pulse, the setting is made by way of a potentiometer having a knob type or a flat head slotted screw type control.
Excellent electrical and mechanical performance levels allow the product to be used in the most demanding of sectors such as, for example, in electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, rail transport or in industries using continuous production processes (chemical and petrochemical, rolling mills, cement factories, etc.). In particular, with their notable shock and vibration resistance, they are ideal for use on rolling stock.

(1) Nominal current: on all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) The max. peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other values, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Specifications of gold-plated contacts on new relay
a) Plating material: P4 GEO: gold-nickel alloy ( $>6 \mu$ ) P8: gold-cobalt alloy ( $>5 \mu$ ), knurled contact.
b) When the gold-plated contact is subject to heavy loads, it will be degraded on the surface. In this case, the characteristics of the standard contact should be taken into consideration.
This does not impair relay operation.

| 4 | Insulation |  | CLE | OKRe-L | OKRe-FP | TOK-L | TOK-FP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts |  | $\begin{aligned} & >1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \\ & >1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | Withstand voltage at industrial frequency between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits between open | round partss | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \\ & 1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-1.1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min} \\ & 2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \\ & 2.1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ ) <br> between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground between open contact parts |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 3 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 5 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 0 | Mechanical specifications | CLE | OKRe-L | OKRe-F |  | TOK-L | K-FP |
| Mechanical life expectancy |  | $20 \times 10^{6}$ operations |  |  |  | $100 \times 10^{6}$ operations |  |
| Degree of protection (with relay mounted) |  |  | IP40 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dimensions (mm) ${ }^{(1)}$ Weight (g) |  | $\begin{array}{r} 40 \times 45 \\ \sim 22 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 45 \times 45 x \\ \sim 30 \end{array}$ |  |

[^15]

Unless otherwise specified, products are designed and manufactured to the requirements of the European and International standards indicated above. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

## Railways, rolling stock - Standards

EN 60077
EN 50155
EN 61373
EN 45545-2
ASTM E162, E662

Electric equipment for rolling stock - General service conditions and general rules
Electronic equipment used on rolling stock
Shock and vibration tests, Cat 1, Class B
Fire behavior, Cat E10, Requirement R26, V0
Fire behavior

## Configurations - Options

| P2 | Tropicalization of coil with epoxy resin for use with $95 \% \mathrm{RH}\left(@ \mathrm{~T} 50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. This treatment also protects the coil <br> against corrosion which could occur by the combination of humidity with certain chemical agents, such as those <br> found in acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| :--- | :--- |
| P4GEO | Gold plating of contacts with gold-nickel alloy, thickness $\geq 6 \mu$. This treatment ensures long-term capacity of the <br> contact to conduct lower currents in harsh ambient conditions such as acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal <br> power stations) or saline atmospheres. |
| P5GEO | P4GEO type gold-plating, but applied to contacts, contact terminals and output terminals + P2 coil <br> tropicalization. |
| P6GEO | Gold-plating of contacts, contact terminals and output terminals + P2 coil tropicalization. |
| P7 | Silver cadmium oxide contacts. |
| P8 Gold plating of contacts with gold-cobalt alloy, thickness $\geq 5 \mu$, knurled fixed contact. This finish allows further |  |
| improvement of the performance provided by the gold-plated contact, compared to treatment P4GEO. |  |
| LED | LED indicator showing presence of power supply, wired in parallel with the coil. |
| FLYBACK DIODE | Polarized component connected in parallel with the coil (type 1 N 4007 or BYW56 for rolling stock version) <br> designed to suppress overvoltages generated by the coil when de-energized. |
| TRANSIL | Non-polarized component connected in parallel with the coil. Behavior is similar to that of a varistor, with <br> faster operating times. |

CLE Ordering scheme

| Function | Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Keying position ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \overline{ \pm} \\ & \frac{\tilde{N}}{4} \\ & \frac{\pi}{4} \end{aligned}$ | CLE | E: Energy <br> Railway <br> Fixed <br> Equipment | 1: Standard | 0: Standard <br> 2: P2 <br> 4: P4 GEO <br> 5: P5 GEO <br> 6: P6 GEO <br> 7: P7 <br> 8: P8 | F | C: Vdc <br> A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 024-048-110 \\ 125-230 \end{gathered}$ | XXX |
| Example | CLE | E | 1 | 0 | F | H | 125 |  |
|  | CLEE10F-H125: CLE relay, ENERGY series, standard coil, nominal voltage 125Vac 60 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

OKRE-L / OKRE-FP Ordering scheme

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Function \& Product code \& Application ${ }^{(1)}$ \& Configuration A \& Configuration B \& Label \& Type of power supply \& Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ \& Setting control \& Full scale times ${ }^{(3)}$ \& Keying position ${ }^{(3)}$ <br>
\hline  \& OKReL

OKReFP \& \begin{tabular}{l}
E: Energy <br>
Railway <br>
Fixed <br>
Equipment <br>
R: Railway <br>
Rolling <br>
Stock

 \& 

1: Standard <br>
2: Diode // <br>
3: Varistor <br>
4: Led <br>
5: Diode // <br>

+ Led <br>
6: Varistor <br>
+ Led <br>
7: Transil <br>
8: Transil <br>
+ Led

 \& 

0: Standard <br>
2: P2 <br>
4: P4 GEO <br>
5: P5 GEO <br>
6: P6 GEO <br>
7: P7 <br>
8: P8

\end{tabular} \& F \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { T: Vdc+ac } \\
& \text { C: Vdc }{ }^{(4)}
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
024-036-048 \\
072-110-125 \\
132-144-220 \\
230
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& | $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{Knob}$ |
| :--- |
| $C=$ Flat head slotted screw | \& | 01s: 1 s |
| :--- |
| 05s: 5 s |
| 10s: 10 s |
| 15s: 15 s |
| 30S: 30 s |
| 01M: 1 min |
| 02M: 2 min |
| 05M: 5 min |
| 10M: 10 min |
| 15M: 15 min |
| 30M: 30 min |
| 60M: 60 min | \& xxx <br>

\hline \multirow{4}{*}{} \& OKReL \& R \& 1 \& 2 \& F \& C \& 072 \& M \& 01S \& <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{10}{|c|}{OKReLR12F-C072-M01S: OKRe-L relay, rolling stock series, P2 coil tropicalization, nominal voltage 72Vdc, full scale 1 second, knob setting control} <br>
\hline \& OKReFP \& E \& 4 \& 8 \& F \& T \& 110 \& C \& 05M \& <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{OKReFPE48F-C110-C05M: OKRe-FP relay, energy series, nominal voltage 110Vdc/ac, full scale 5 minutes, slotted screw setting control, with led, P8 finish (gold-plated contacts)} <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

TOK-L / TOK-FP Ordering scheme

| Function | Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Full scale times ${ }^{(3)}$ | Keying position ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TOK-L | E: Énergy / <br> Railway <br> Fixed <br> Equipment <br> R: Railway <br> Rolling <br> Stock | 4: Led (fixed range) | 0 : Standard <br> 2: P2 <br> 4: P4 GEO <br> 5: P5 GEO <br> 6: P6 GEO | F | C: Vdc ${ }^{(4)}$ <br> A: Vac 50 Hz <br> H: Vac 60 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 024-036-048 \\ 072-110-125 \\ 132-144-220 \\ 230 \end{gathered}$ | 01s: 1 s <br> 02s: 2 s <br> 04S: 4 s <br> 08S: 8 s <br> 16S: 16 s <br> 32s: 32 s <br> 01M: 1 min <br> 02M: 2 min <br> 04M: 4 min <br> 08M: 8 min <br> 16M: 16 min <br> 32 M : 32 min <br> 64M: 64 min | xxx |
|  | TOK-L | R | 4 | 0 | F | C | 072 | 64M |  |
|  | TOKLR40F-C072-64M: TOK-L relay, railways series, rolling stock, nominal voltage 72Vdc, full scale 64 minutes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | TOK-FP | E | 4 | 2 | F | A | 220 | 04S |  |
|  | TOKFPE42F-A220-04S: TOK-FP relay, energy series, P2 coil tropicalization, nominal voltage 220Vac, full scale 4 seconds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) $\mathrm{E}=$ ENERGY: all applications, except for railways rolling stock.

Suitable on energy production, transport and distribution plants, railways fixed equipment, petrolchemical and heavy industry.
R = RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: Application on board rolling stock (rail-tram-trolley vehicles). Electrical characteristics according to EN60077.
Availables also the product series:
RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: Approved and conforming relays and products to RFI (FS Group) specification no. RFI DPRIM STF IFS TE 143 A For the list of RFI approved and conforming products, consult dedicated catalogue "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
STATIONS: ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications.
For the list of ENEL approved and conforming products, consult the dedicated catalog "STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20".CLE: also available is the Stations series, with ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications. Consult the dedicated catalog for more information.
(2) Other values on request.
(3) Optional value. The positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model.
(4) Rolling Stock version, Vdc only available.


Functional diagram


Time delay
Switching time settin

| Time setting | By way of potentiometer, with knob or flat head slotted screw control | By way of potentiometer, with flat head slotted screw control | No time setting 55 ... 90 pulse/min symmetrical |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full scale times available | $10 \div 100 \%$ of full scale | $20 \div 100 \%$ of full scale |  |
| Time setting rangee | $\pm 10 \%$ of time delay | $\pm 5 \%$ of time delay |  |
| Accuracy, setting (0.8...1,1 Un, $\mathrm{t}=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | DC : 0.5 \% / AC : $\pm 0.5$ \% + 20 ms | $\pm 5 \%$ of time delay |  |
| Accuracy, repeatability | DC: $0.5 \% / \mathrm{AC}: \pm 0.5 \%+20 \mathrm{~ms}$ |  |  |
| Reset | $<100 \mathrm{~ms}$, in time-delay phase < 1s |  |  |

Dimensions


OKRE-L / OKRE-FP with knob setting control


Knob setting control
The scale shown on the relay (0.1-1) is approximate

TOK-L / TOK-FP


$$
45
$$



Flat head slotted screw setting control

(0.1-1) is approximate


OKRE-L / OKRE-FP with flat head slotted screw setting control


TOK-L / TOK-FP finish for ROLLING STOCK version

CLE OKRE-L OKRE-FP


TOK-L TOK-FP


| Sockets and retaining clips |  | CLE OKRe-L OKRe-FP | TOK-L TOK-FP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of terminals (standard dimensions $5 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 16 | Retaining clip ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |
| For wall or rail mounting |  |  |  |
| Spring clamp, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | PAIR160 | RC48 | RL48 |
| Screw, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | 48BIP20-I DIN | RC48 | RL48 |
| Screw, wall mounting | 48BL | RC48 | RL48 |
| Double faston, wall mounting | 48L | RC48 | RL48 |
| For flush mounting |  |  |  |
| Double faston ( $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | ADF2 | RC48 | RL48 |
| Screw | 43IL ${ }^{(1)}$ | RC43 | RL43 |
| For mounting on PCB | 65 | RC43 | RL43 |

(1) Insert the clip before fastening the socket on the panel.
(2) Assume two clips for use on rolling stock.

For more details, see specifications of mounting accessories.

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used.
Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For safe and secure operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips. No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.


# TIME RELAYS WITH FORCIBLY GUIDED CONTACTS 

## RGK SERIES with forcibly guided contacts



## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Plug-in monostable timed relay, "pick-up" or "drop-out" function
- Forcibly guided (mechanically linked) contacts, relay compliant with EN 61810-3, tipo A
- Weld-no-transfer technology
- Wide time setting range from 0.1 s to more than 16 hours, great accuracy over the entire adjustment range
- Suitable for safety applications
- Operation with d.c. and/or a.c. power supply
- Self-cleaning knurled contacts
- Magnetic arc blow-out for higher breaking capacity
- Led optical indicators monitoring power supply and timer status


## DESCRIPTION

The relays in the RGK series are highly reliable products featuring high performance, suitable for applications in very harsh and disturbed environments. They are provided with forcibly guided (mechanically linked) contacts. The component conforms to the EN 61810-3 requirements, type A relay (all contacts are mechanically linked). Forcibly guided contacts are also known as weld-no-transfer contacts. A typical application is the check reading of a contact for determining, with absolute certainty, the state of the other contacts in self-monitoring control system. Timing is managed by high reliability electronic, made with professional components. The electronic is immune to strong EMC interference, typical of high voltage electricity distribution stations.

Switching times ranging from 0.1 s to over 16 hours, providing extreme accuracy over the entire setting range. This is made possible by the fact that the relay offers intermediate scales, which the user can select by means of rotary switches. The timing function can be set in two modes: "pick-up" or "drop-out".
The types of contacts allow obtaining remarkable performance levels both for high, very inductive loads or very low loads; the presence of the magnetic arc blow-out contributes considerably to the breaking capacity. The knurled contacts ensure better self-cleaning characteristics and lower ohmic resistance thanks to the various points of
electrical connection, thereby improving the electrical life expectancy of the component.
In relays with forcibly guided (mechanically linked) or weld-no-transfer contacts, special design and constructional measures are used to ensure that make (normally-open) contacts can not assume the same state as break (normally -closed) contacts.

- If, when powering up a relay, a NC contact fails to open, the remaining NO contacts must not close, maintaining a contact gap $\geq 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$
- When the relay is de-energized, if a NO contact fails to open, the remaining NC contact must not close, maintaining a contact gap $\geq 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$
EN 61810-3 defines the requirements for relays with forcibly guided contacts. This standard defines two types of relay with forcibly guided contacts:
- Type A: Relay whose contacts are all mechanically linked (forcibly guided).
- Type B: Relay containing mechanically linked contacts and contacts which are not mechanically linked.
In the case of relays that include changeover contacts, either the make circuit or the break circuit of a changeover contact can be considered to meet the requirements of this standard.

| Models | Number of contacts | Magnetic arc blow-out | Function |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RGK.x7X | 4 | $\bullet$ | Pick-up / Drop-out |


(1) Other values on request.
(2) Limit value for supply voltage, expressed as $\%$ of the nominal value, beneath which the relay is certainly de-energized.

| Contact specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number and type | 4 CO , form C |
| Current Nominal ${ }^{(1)}$ <br>  Maximum peak ${ }^{(2)}$ <br>  Maximum pulse ${ }^{(2)}$ | ```12A 20A for 1min-40A for 1s 150A for 10ms``` |
| Example of electrical life expectancy ${ }^{(3)}$ | $1 \mathrm{~A}-110 \mathrm{Vdc}$ - L/R $40 \mathrm{~ms}-10^{5}$ operations - 1,800 operations/hour |
| Minimum load $\begin{array}{r}\text { Standard contacts } \\ \text { Gold-plated contact }\end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \mathrm{~mW}(10 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{~mA}) \\ 50 \mathrm{~mW}(5 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{gathered}$ |
| Maximum breaking voltage | 350 VDC / 440 VAC |
| Contact material | AgCdO |
| Operating time at Un (ms) ${ }^{(4)}$ <br> Pick-up (NC contact opening) <br> Pick-up (NO contact closing) <br> Drop-out (NO contact opening) <br> Drop-out (NC contact closing) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{DC} / \mathrm{AC} \\ \leq 20 \\ \leq 35 \\ \leq 10 \\ \leq 53 \end{gathered}$ |

(1) On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
(2) The max. peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
(3) For other examples, see electrical life expectancy curves.
(4) Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces).

## Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )

| between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground | $>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| between open contact parts | $>10,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Withstand voltage at industrial frequency |  |
| between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground | 2 kV (1 min)-2.2 kV (1 s) |
| between open contact parts | $2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}$ (1 s) |
| between adjacent contacts | 2 kV (1 min)-2.2 kV (1 s) |
| Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ ) |  |
| between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground | 5 kV |
| between open contact parts | 4 kV |

Mechanical specifications

|  | Mechanical life expectancy | $10 \times 10^{6}$ operations |
| ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Maximum switching rate | Mechanical | 3,600 operations/h |
| Degree of protection | IP40 |  |
| 2 Dimensions $(\mathrm{mm})$ | $45 \times 50 \times 112^{(1)}$ |  |
| Weight $(\mathrm{g})$ | 300 |  |

[^16]Standard
Version for railways, rolling stock
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Fire behavior
-25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-40 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Standard: 75\% RH - Tropicalized: 95\% RH
V0

## Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7, EN 61812
EN 61810-3, type A
EN 61812-1
EN 60695-2-10
EN 60529
EN 61000

Electromechanical elementary relays
Relays with forcibly guided (mechanically linked) contacts Timer relays
Fire behavior
Degree of protection provided by enclosures
Electromagnetic compatibility

Unless otherwise specified, the products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the above-mentioned European and International standards.
In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

| Railways, rolling stock - Standards |  | Applicable to RGKR version |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EN 60077 |  | Electric equipment for rolling stock - Genera |
| EN 50155 |  | Electronic equipment used on rolling stock |
| EN $61373{ }^{(1)}$ |  | Shock and vibration tests, Cat 1, Class B |
| EN 45545-2 |  | Fire behavior, Cat E10, Requirement R26, V0 |
| ASTM E162, E662 |  | Fire behavior |
| (1) Permissible opening time of contacts on a de-energized relay t<3ms. |  |  |
| Configurations - Options |  |  |
| TROPICALIZATION | Surface treatment of the coil with protective coating for use with RH 95\%. |  |
| GOLD PLATING | Surface long-ter | ent of the contacts, blades and output term city of the contact to conduct lower curren |

## Ordering scheme

| Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration <br> A | Configuration <br> B | Label | Type of power <br> supply | Nominal voltage <br> (V) | Finish (3) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

(1) ENERGY: all applications except for rolling stock applications.

RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: application on board rolling stock (wire-rail-tramway vehicles). Electrical characteristics according to EN60077.
(2) Other values on request.
(3) Optional value.

|  | RGK | E | 1 | 7X | F | T | 048 | T |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RGKE17XF-T048T = ENERGY series standard relay and 48Vdc tropicalized coil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RGK | R | 4 | 7X | F | T | 110 |  |
|  | RGKR47XF-T110 = ROLLING STOCK railway series relay, gold-plated contacts and 110Vdc coil. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



## Functional diagram



Time delay - Switching time setting

| Time setting | By means of DIP switches and selectors |
| :--- | :--- |
| Time setting range | $100 \mathrm{~ms} \ldots 99 \mathrm{~min}$ |
| Intermediate scales | $6(0.99-9.9-99-990$ seconds $/ 99-990$ minutes $)$ |
| Resolution of switching time setting | $1 / 100$ of selected scale |
| Operating accuracy $\left(0.8 \ldots 1.1 \mathrm{Un}, \mathrm{t}=\mathrm{20}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)^{(1)}$ | $\pm 3 \%$ at the beginning of scale $- \pm 0.5 \%$ at full scale time |
| Accuracy, repeatability | $<200 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Reset | $<100 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Insensitivity to voltage drops | Red led $=$ presence of power supply <br> Green led $=$ status of relay outputs (lights up with relay <br> energized $)$ |
| Indication |  |

(1) Additional error for drop-out versions: 100 ms

Time lag and function are set through a 4-bit DIP switch and two rotary selectors located on the front of the relay (see "FRONT").
These are accessible by removing the relay identification plate.

## SETTINGS - Removing the plate



Plate is placed on the front of the cover.
To remove the plate:

1. Slightly lift the plate, by acting on the point shown in picture
2. Push upwards the plate.


## SETTINGS - Time lag and function



| Scales / Setting range |  |  | Switch position |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Min | Max | Unit of measure | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 10 | 99 | Hundredths (0.01s) | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 1 | 99 | Tenths (0.1s) | OFF | ON | ON |
| 1 | 99 | Seconds | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 1 | 99 | Seconds $\times 10$ | ON | OFF | ON |
| 1 | 99 | Minutes | ON | ON | OFF |
| 1 | 99 | Minutes $\times 10$ | ON | ON | ON |

Table 1

Function : acts on DIP switch no. 4.

- OFF: Pick-up function
- ON: Drop-out function


## Time lag:

Settings are possible from 100 ms up to 990 minutes.

1. Selects the RANGE: acts on DIP switch no. 1, 2, 3.
2. Selects the TIME LAG: acts on rotary selectors

Selects the RANGE: 6 ranges are available. Move DIP switches 1, 2, 3 to "ON" or "OFF" position to obtain the desired range, as shown in TABLE 1. The range should be the next higher than the value of the required time lag. E.g. Time lag: $1^{\prime} 14 "=74$ seconds. Closest range: 99 seconds.

Selects the TIME LAG: time lag could be set by step of $1 \%$ of the selected range. Move rotary selectors to obtain the desired time. E.g. Time lag: 1'14" = 74 seconds. "TENS" selector on " 7 " + "UNIT" selector on "4".


Electrical life expectancy


| $\mathrm{RGK} \times 7 \mathrm{X}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R} \mathrm{(ms)}$ | Operations |
| 24 Vdc | 1 | 0 | $7,000,000$ |
| 24 Vdc | 1 | 40 | $3,000,000$ |
| 24 Vdc | 2 | 40 | $2,000,000$ |
| 24 Vdc | 5 | 0 | $3,000,000$ |
| 24 Vdc | 5 | 40 | 200,000 |
| 24 Vdc | 9 | 0 | 800,000 |
| 48 Vdc | 5 | 20 | 200,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 0.4 | 40 | $1,000,000$ |
| 110 Vdc | 1 | 40 | 100,000 |
| 110 Vdc | 10 | 0 | 100,000 |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\cos \varphi$ | $0 p e r a t i o n s$ |
| 220 Vac | 5 | 0.5 | 100,000 |
| 220 Vac | 10 | 1 | 100,000 |
| 230 Vac | 1 | 0.7 | $2,500,000$ |
| 230 Vac | 3 | 0.7 | $1,200,000$ |


| Sockets and retaining clips |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of installation | Type of outputs | Model | Retaining clip |
| Wall or DIN rail mounting | Screw | 48BIP20-I DIN | RGL48 |
|  | Spring clamp | PAIR160 |  |
| Flush mounting | Spring clamp | PRIR160 | RGL48 |
|  | Double faston ( $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | ADF2 |  |

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.
For maximum reliability in operation, it is advisable to use retaining clips.
No special maintenance is required.
Condensation can form inside the relay when powered up and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.

Notes



# MEASURING RELAYS 

## MOK-V2 SERIES



MOK-V2

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- MOK-V2 voltage threshold relay
- Pick-up and drop-out thresholds adjustable by way of two independent potentiometers
- Electronic circuit requiring no auxiliary power supply
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Long life expectancy
- Excellent shock and vibration resistance
- Wide range of sockets
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket

The products in the MOK series are measuring relays with adjustable hysteresis. The device measures an electrical quantity (voltage or current, depending on the model) registering in a monitored circuit; the contacts switch to 'make' status when this same quantity exceeds the pick-up threshold, selected by the user and expressed as a percentage of the nominal voltage/current.

The relay reverts to 'break' status when the measured quantity drops below the drop-out threshold (also selected by the user), expressed as a percentage of the pick-up threshold. These models are suitable for the supervision and protection of electrical equipment used in the most demanding of sectors such as, for example, electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, industries using continuous production processes, and railways - fixed equipment and rolling stock alike.

## MOK-V2 voltage threshold relay

The MOK-V2 is a measuring relay with two adjustable voltage thresholds: Pick-up voltage and Drop-out voltage. The setting, which is made by way of the potentiometers located on the top of the relay, pilots an electronic circuit that does not require an auxiliary power supply. The PICK-UP VOLTAGE can be set at between $60 \%$ and $120 \%$ of nominal voltage. The DROP-OUT VOLTAGE can be set at between $70 \%$ and $98 \%$ of the pick-up voltage. The MOK-V2 model is equipped with two change-over contacts rated 8 A . In the case of the direct current version, the relay is equipped with a polarization diode that protects the circuits against an accidental inversion of polarities. Particularly suitable for monitoring battery voltages in the rail-tram-trolley vehicles sector.

| Models | Function | Threshold setting |  | Number of contacts | Rolling stock appli- |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| cation |  |  |  |  |  |


| FOR CONFIGURATION OF PRODUCT CODE, SEE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Coil specifications |  |
| Nominal voltages Un | DC: 24-48-36-72-110-125-132-144-220 AC: 24-48-110-125-220 ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| Max. consumption at Un (DC/AC) | $3.5 \mathrm{~W} / 4 \mathrm{VA}$ |
| Maximum operating range | 130\% Un for 1 min. |
| Type of duty | Continuous |
| (1) Other values on request. |  |
| Operating thresholds |  |
| Setting | By potentiometer, with flat head slotted screw |
| Selectable ranges | - |
| Pick-up threshold | $V$ (i) $=60 \%-120 \%$ Un |
| Drop-out threshold | V (r) 70\%-98\% V(i) |
| Accuracy, setting ( $\mathrm{t}=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | $\pm 1.5 \%$ Un |
| Additional error ( $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C},+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | +1\% Un |
| Accuracy, repeatability | 1\% |
| Front | PICK-UP <br> DROP-OUT <br> $\mathrm{V}=\% \mathrm{Vn}$ <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{r}}=\% \mathrm{VI}$ <br> MOK voltage monitoring relay |
| Functional diagram |  |

Important: the drop-out voltage Vr is expressed as a percentage of the pick-up thresholds.

| Contact specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number and type | 2 CO, form C |
| Current Nominal ${ }^{(1)}$ | 8 A |
| Example of electrical life expectancy ${ }^{(2)}$ | $8 \mathrm{~A}-250 \mathrm{Vac}-\cos \varphi=1: 10^{5}$ operations $0.2 \mathrm{~A}-110 \mathrm{Vdc}-\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=40 \mathrm{~ms}: 10^{5}$ operations |
| Minimum load | 100 mW (10 V, 5 mA$)$ |
| Maximum breaking voltage | $150 \mathrm{Vdc} / 400 \mathrm{Vac}$ |
| Contact material | AgSnO |
| Operating time at Un (ms) | Pick-up (NO contact closing): $\leq 100 \mathrm{~ms}$ Drop-out (NC contact closing): $\leq 30 \mathrm{~ms}$ |

(1) Nominal current: on all contacts simultaneously
(2) 450 operations/hour.

Insulation
Insulation resistance (at 500 Vdc )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts
Withstand voltage at industrial frequency
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground
between open contact parts
Impulse withstand voltage ( $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}-0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ )
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground

$$
\begin{gathered}
>1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \\
>1,000 \mathrm{M} \Omega \\
2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-2.2 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s}) \\
1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~min})-1.1 \mathrm{kV}(1 \mathrm{~s})
\end{gathered}
$$

> between open contact parts

```
5 kV
3 kV
```


## Mechanical specifications

| Mechanical life expectancy | $10 \times 10^{6}$ operations |
| ---: | :---: |
| Degree of protection (with relay mounted) | IP40 |
| Dimensions $(\mathrm{mm})^{(1)}$ | $48 \times 48 \times 118.5$ |
| Weight $(\mathrm{g})$ | $\sim 180$ |

(1) Excluding output terminals and adjuster knob, if specified.

## Environmental specifications

Operating temperature
Storage and shipping temperature
Relative humidity
Resistance to vibrations
Resistance to shock
Fire behavior
-25 to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-25 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-50 to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Standard: 75\% RH, Tropicalized: 95\% RH
$5 \mathrm{~g}-10$ to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}-1 \mathrm{~min}$.
$20 \mathrm{~g}-11 \mathrm{~ms}$
V0 - to EN 60695-2-10

## Standards and reference values

EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7
EN 60695-2-10
EN 61000
EN 60529

Electromechanical elementary relays
Fire behavior
Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, the products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the above-mentioned European and International standards. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity.

Railways, rolling stock - Standards

EN 60077 Electric equipment for rolling stock - General service conditions and general rules
EN 50155
EN 61373
EN 45545-2
ASTM E162, E662

Electronic equipment used on rolling stock
Shock and vibration tests, Cat 1, Class B
Fire behavior, Cat E10, Requirement R26, V0
Fire behavior

## Configurations - Options

| P2 | Tropicalization of coil with epoxy resin for use with $95 \% \mathrm{RH}\left(@ \mathrm{~T} 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. This treatment also protects the coil <br> against corrosion which could occur by the combination of humidity with certain chemical agents, such as <br> those found in acid or saline atmospheres. |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOW TEMPERATURE | Minimum operating temperature $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, only for the "rolling stock" version ("L" option). |

## Wiring diagram



[^17]| Product code | Application ${ }^{(1)}$ | Configuration A | Configuration B | Label | Type of power supply | Nominal voltage (V) ${ }^{(2)}$ | Keying position ${ }^{(3)} /$ Options |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MOK-V2 | E: Energy <br> Railway <br> Fixed <br> Equipment <br> R: Railway <br> Rolling <br> Stock | 1: Standard (fixed range) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0: Standard } \\ & \text { 2: P2 } \end{aligned}$ | F | C: Vdc ${ }^{(4)}$ <br> A: Vac 50 Hz | $\begin{gathered} 024-036-048 \\ 072-110-125 \\ 128-132-144 \\ 220-230 \end{gathered}$ | XXX L = low <br> temperature |


| MOKV2 | R | 1 | 2 | F | C | 024 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MOKV2R12F-C024-MOK-V2 relay, ROLLING STOCK series, 24Vdc coil, with P2 coil tropicalization |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) $\mathrm{E}=$ ENERGY: all applications, except for railways rolling stock.

Suitable on energy production, transport and distribution plants, railways fixed equipment, petrolchemical and heavy industry.
R = RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: Application on board rolling stock (rail-tram-trolley vehicles). Electrical characteristics according to EN60077.
(2) Other values on request.
(3) Optional value. The positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's model
(4) Railways and Rolling Stock version, Vdc only available.

Dimensions


Sockets and retaining clips

| Number of terminals (standard dimensions $5 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 16 | Retaining clip ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For wall or rail mounting |  |  |
| Spring clamp, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | PAIR160 | RM48 |
| Screw, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting | 48BIP20-I DIN | RM48 |
| Screw, wall mounting | 48BL | RM48 |
| Double faston, wall mounting | 48L | RM48 |
| For flush mounting |  |  |
| Double faston ( $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | ADF2 | RM48 |
| Screw | 43IL ${ }^{(1)}$ | RM43 |
| For mounting on PCB | 65 | RM43 |

(1) Insert the clip before fastening the socket on the panel.
(2) Assume two clips for use on rolling stock.

For more details, see specifications of mounting accessories.

## Mounting tips

The preferred mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the reading direction on the nameplate.
For correct use of the relays, they should be spaced apart by at least 5 mm in the horizontal direction and 20 mm in the vertical direction. This is to allow correct upward dissipation of the heat generated by the coil. Set these distances according to the socket used. Distances can be reduced depending on the environmental application conditions and on the relay duty cycle.


## SOCKETS

EXPLANATION OF SOCKET NUMBERING P. 192

## FRONT CONNECTION

FRONT CONNECTION WITH SPRING CLAMP. $\qquad$ P. 194

FRONT CONNECTION WITH SCREW. P. 196

FRONT CONNECTION WITH SINGLE FASTON ............. P. 205
REAR CONNECTION
P. 206

REAR CONNECTION WITH SPRING CLAMP P. 206

REAR CONNECTION WITH SCREW P. 210

REAR CONNECTION WITH SINGLE FASTON................. P. 217
REAR CONNECTION WITH DOUBLE FASTON............... P. 218
REAR CONNECTION WITH BLADE.................................... P. 226
REAR CONNECTION WITH DOUBLE BLADE ................ P. 227
MOUNTING ON PCB....................................................................... P. 228

## NUMBERING CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN RELAYS AND SOCKETS

- The relays in the "ENERGY" and "RAILWAY Rolling Stock" series have 2 types of numbering.

| Specifications | Specifications Models | Example |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OK numbering | OK, OKS, OKFC, OKSFC, OKSCD, OKSGcCd, OKUIC, OKBA, TOK, OKPh, MOK, UTM |  |
| POK numbering | POK/POKS, BIPOK/BIPOKS, TRIPOK/TRIPOKS, <br> TM, OKT, OKR <br> RCG, RDG, RGG |  |

QUADRIPOKS and ESAPOKS models are identified by international numbering.

- Sockets with more than 8 terminals carry both types of numbering (with the exception of the ADF series).



## EXAMPLE OF

"OK NUMBERING"


EXAMPLE OF


Notes


# PAIR080 | PAIR160 | PAIR240 | PAIR320 | PAIR480 

## CONNECTION

FRONT

TERMINAL TYPE<br>SPRING CLAMP

MOUNTING<br>PANEL / DIN RAIL

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

$\qquad$

- Cable secured with spring clamp mechanism
- Insertion of lug with no need for tools
- Quick and easy wiring, saving more than half the time taken with conventional wiring
- Mounting to panel and 35 mm DIN rail
- Excellent contact pressure on relay terminals
- Sturdy construction, no internal soldering
- Compatible with cable up to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, bare (flexible or rigid) and with lug; 2 inputs per terminal
- Provision for fitment of keying pins
- Provision for fitment of retaining clip
- Protection IP20



PAIR320


PAIR480


$X=$ Fixing holes
PAIR480

## SPECIFICATIONS

$\qquad$

Weight: 62 / 124 / 186 / $248 / 370 \mathrm{~g}$
Operating temperature: $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature: $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Panel mounting: • $\varnothing$ holes: 3.2 mm

- center distance between adjacent holes: 20 mm

Mounting to Omega support: H35 selon normes DIN 46277/3 - EN 60715
Degree of protection: IP20
Dielectric strength: 2.5 kV 50 Hz 1 min
Fire resistance: EN60695-2-1, UL94 - V0, EN45545-2, NFPA130
Standards: EN60255, EN60947, EN 61810, EN61373
Terminal type: spring clamp
Inputs for each relay terminal: 2
Minimum section of cable: • cable without lug: $1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$

- cable with lug: $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$

Maximum section of cable: $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Wire stripping length, $\mathrm{mm}: 10 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$
Length of lug: 12 mm
Wiring with rigid cables or lug: pressure grip
Wiring with flexible cables, extraction of cables: using screwdriver type tool with slim shaft and slotted head measuring $2.5 \mathrm{~mm} x$ 0.4 mm , inserted perpendicularly to the socket.

Side view

To order

| PAIR080 | P01 400355 |
| ---: | :--- |
| PAIR160 | P01 400356 |
| PAIR240 | P01 400357 |
| PAIR320 | P01 400358 |
| PAIR480 | P01 400364 |



50IP20-I DIN | 48BIP20-I DIN | 78BIP20-I DIN 96IP20-I DIN | 156IP20-I DIN

TERMINAL TYPE
SCREW

- Cable secured with screws
- Mounting to panel and 35mm DIN rail
- Sturdy construction
- Excellent contact pressure on relay terminals
- No internal soldering


50IP20-I DIN


48BIP20-I DIN


78BIP20-I DIN


96IP20-I DIN


156IP20-I DIN


50IP20-I DIN


48BIP20-I DIN


78BIP20-I DIN


96IP20-I DIN


156IP20-I DIN


Side view

## $\mathrm{X}=$ Fixing holes

## SPECIFICATIONS

Weight: 70 / $140 / 210 / 280 / 415$ g
Operating temperature: $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature: $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## Panel mounting:

- ø holes: 4.2 mm
- center distance between adjacent holes: 20 mm

Degree of protection: IP20
Dielectric strength: $2,5 \mathrm{kV} 50 \mathrm{~Hz} 1 \mathrm{~min}$

Mounting to Omega support: H35 to DIN 46277/3 - EN 60715 standards
Type and size of screw: M3 thread, cross head
Tightening torque: $0.5 \ldots 0.6 \mathrm{Nm}$
Width of slot: 6.9 mm
Maximum section of cable: $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Fire resistance: EN 60695-2-1, UL94 - V0, EN 45545-2, NFPA130
Standards: EN 60255, EN 60947, EN 61810, EN 61373


## 50L | 48BL | 78BL | 96BL

CONNECTION
FRONT

TERMINAL TYPE
SCREW

## MOUNTING

PANEL

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Cable secured with removable screws
- Panel mounting
- Sturdy construction
- Excellent contact pressure on relay terminals
- No internal soldering
- Inputs for maximum section $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
- Provision for fitment of keying pins
- Provision for fitment of retaining clip
- Protection IP10


50L


48BL


78BL


50L


48BL


78BL


96BL


Side view

X = Fixing holes

## SPECIFICATIONS

$\qquad$

Weight: 36 / 72 / 108 / 144 g
Operating temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Panel mounting: • ø holes: 4.2 mm

- center distance between adjacent holes: 20 mm

Degree of protection: IP10
Dielectric strength: 2,5 kV 50 Hz 1 min
Type and size of screw: M3 thread, cross head
Removable screw for use with eyelet terminals
Tightening torque: $0.5 \ldots 0.8 \mathrm{Nm}$
Width of slot: 7.1 mm
Maximum section of cable: $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Fire resistance: EN 60695-2-1, UL94 - V0, EN 45545-2, NFPA130
Standards: EN 60255, EN 60947, EN 61810, EN 61373

Notes

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## CONNECTION

FRONT

TERMINAL TYPE
SCREW

MOUNTING
PANEL / DIN RAIL

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Cable secured with screws
- Mounting to panel and 35mm DIN rail
- Sturdy construction
- No internal soldering
- Provision for fitment of keying pins
- Provision for fitment of retaining clip
- Snap-in relay (PAVC, PAVD)
- IP20 protection


PAVC081


PAVD161


PAVG161


## SPECIFICATIONS

$\qquad$

| To order |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| PAVC081 | P01 400301 |
| PAVD161 | P01 4003 04 |
| PAVG161 | P01 400317 |

Weight: 51 / 100 / 117 g
Operating temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Panel mounting: • $\varnothing$ holes: 5.5 mm
Mounting to Omega support:
H35 to DIN 46277/3 - EN 60715 standards
Degree of protection: IP20

Dielectric strength: $2,5 \mathrm{kV} 50 \mathrm{~Hz} 1 \mathrm{~min}$
Type and size of screw: M3 thread, cross head
Tightening torque: $0.5 \ldots 0.8 \mathrm{Nm}$
Width of slot: 7,1 mm / 7,3 pour PAVG161
Maximum section of cable: $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Fire resistance: EN 60695-2-1, UL94 - V0
Standards: EN 60255, EN 61810

Notes

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

FRONT

## TERMINAL TYPE

SCREW


PAVM321

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

$\qquad$

- Relay secured with screws
- Mounting to panel and 35mm DIN rail
- Sturdy construction
- No internal soldering
- Relay fastened with securing screws
- Provision for fitment of keying pins
- Protection IP20


PAVM801



PAVM801

| Outline and fixing |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Model | A |
| PAVM321 | 61 mm |
| PAVM481 | 89 mm |
| PAVM801 | 145 mm |



Fixing template

## SPECIFICATIONS

Weight: 305 / 440 / 710 g
Operating temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Panel mounting: • $\varnothing$ holes: 5 mm
Mounting to Omega support: H35 to DIN 46277/3 - EN 60715 standards
Degree of protection: IP20

Dielectric strength: $2,5 \mathrm{kV} 50 \mathrm{~Hz} 1 \mathrm{~min}$
Type and size of screw: M3 thread, cross head
Tightening torque: $0.5 \ldots 0.8 \mathrm{Nm}$
Width of slot: 7.3 mm
Maximum section of cable: $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Fire resistance:EN 60695-2-1, UL94 - V0
Standards: EN 60255, EN 61810

| To order |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| PAVM321 | P01 400346 |
| PAVM481 | P014003 85 |
| PAVM801 | P014003 86 |

FRONT CONNECTION (WITH SCREW)

## EVV 3100

## CONNECTION

FRONT
TERMINAL TYPE
MOUNTING
SCREW
PANEL

PRODUCT ADVANTAGES $\qquad$

- Cable fixed by screws
- Mounting on panel and on 35 mm DIN RAIL (option)
- Sturdy construction
- No internal soldering



## SPECIFICATIONS

Weight: 100 g
Maximum section of cable: 2.5 mm

## EVL 3100

## CONNECTION

FRONT

TERMINAL TYPE
FASTON

MOUNTING
PANEL

PRODUCT ADVANTAGES $\qquad$

- Cable fixed by screws
- Mounting on panel and on 35 mm DIN RAIL (option)
- Sturdy construction
- No internal soldering

```
Dimensions
```



## SPECIFICATIONS

Weight: 100 g
Blade width: 5 mm

# PRIR08x | PRIR16x | PRIR24x | PRIR32x | PRIR48x 

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

$\qquad$

- Cable secured with spring clamp mechanism
- Insertion of cable with no need for tools
- Quick and easy wiring, saving more than half the time taken with conventional wiring
- Panel mounting
- Excellent contact pressure on relay terminals
- Sturdy construction, no internal soldering
- Compatible with cable up to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, bare
(flexible or rigid) and with lug; 2 inputs per terminal
- Provision for fitment of keying pins

Provision for fitment of retaining clip
Protection IP20

PRIR08x


PRIR16x



Detail of connections


PRIR24x


PRIR08x



Drilling template


Side view

PRIR080
Rear view

PRIR16x



Rear view
PRIR160


Drilling template

PRIR24x



PRIR240
Model with "TRIPOK" numbering Rear view


PRIR241
Model with
numbering for RVLV16/1


PRIR242
Model with
numbering for RVLV16/2


PRIR243
Model with
numbering for RVLV16/3


PRIR244
Model with
numbering for RVLV16/5

PRIR32x



PRIR320 Rear view


PRIR321 Rear view


Drilling template

PRIR48x


Drilling template


PRIR480 / Model with "ESAPOK" numbering


PRIR481 / Model with "BAS8NB" numbering

## SPECIFICATIONS

Weight: 35 / $70 / 105 / 140 / 210 \mathrm{~g}$
Operating temperature: $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature: $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . .+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Panel mounting: • $\varnothing$ holes: 3.2 mm
Degree of protection: IP20
Dielectric strength: 2.5 kV 50 Hz 1 min
Fire resistance: EN 60695-2-1, UL94 - V0, EN 45545-2, NFPA130
Standards: EN 61810, EN 61373
Terminal type: spring clamp
Inputs for each relay terminal: 2

## Minimum section of cable:

- cable without lug: $1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
- cable with lug: $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$

Maximum section of cable: $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Wire stripping length, $\mathrm{mm}: 10 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ Length of lug: 12 mm
Wiring with rigid cables or lug: pressure grip Wiring with flexible cables, extraction of cables: using screwdriver type tool with slim shaft and slotted head measuring $2.5 \mathrm{~mm} x$ 0.4 mm , inserted perpendicularly to the socket.

| To order |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| PRIR080 | P01 400260 |
| PRIR160 | P01 4002 61 |
| PRIR240 | P01 400262 |
| PRIR320 | P014002 63 |
| PRIR480 | P014002 64 |

Notes

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 53IL | 43IL | 73IL

CONNECTION
REAR

TERMINAL TYPE
SCREW

## MOUNTING

PANEL

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Cable secured with removable screws
- Panel mounting
- Sturdy construction
- Excellent contact pressure on relay terminals
- No internal soldering
- Inputs for maximum section $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
- Provision for fitment of keying pins
- Provision for fitment of retaining clip


53IL


43IL


73IL


Clip



Side
view

Fit the retaining clips before attaching the connectors

## SPECIFICATIONS

$\qquad$

Weight: 41 / 82 / 123 g
Operating temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . .+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Degree of protection: IP10
Dielectric strength: 2.5 kV 50 Hz 1 min
Type and size of screw: M3 thread, cross head
Removable screw for use with eyelet terminals

Tightening torque: 0.5...0.8 Nm
Width of slot: 5.4 mm
Maximum section of cable: $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Fire resistance: EN 60695-2-1, UL94 - V0,
EN 45545-2, NFPA130
Standards: EN 60255, EN 60947, EN 61810, EN 61373

| To order |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 53IL | P01400240 |
| $43 I L$ | P01400241 |
| 731 L | P01400242 |

## CONNECTION

REAR

TERMINAL TYPE
SCREW
MOUNTING
PANEL

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

－Cable secured with screws
－Panel mounting
－Sturdy construction
－No internal soldering
－Snap－in relay
－Provision for fitment of keying pins
－Protection IP10


PRVC081


Detail
of connections


PRVD161


## SPECIFICATIONS

Weight： 39 ／ 789
Operating temperature：$-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ．．．$+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature：$-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Panel mounting：• $\varnothing$ holes： 3.5 mm
Degree of protection：IP10
Dielectric strength： 2.5 kV 50 Hz 1 min

Type and size of screw：M3 thread，cross head
Tightening torque： $0.5 . . .0 .8 \mathrm{Nm}$
Width of slot： 7 mm
Maximum section of cable： $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Fire resistance：EN 60695－2－1，UL94－V0
Standards：EN 60255，EN 61810


## CONNECTION

REAR

TERMINAL TYPE
SCREW
MOUNTING
PANEL

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Cable secured with screws
- Panel mounting
- Sturdy construction
- No internal soldering
- Provision for fitment of keying pins
- Provision for fitment of retaining clip
- Protection IP10


PRVG161



Drilling template

## SPECIFICATIONS

$\qquad$

Weight: 85 g
Operating temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Panel mounting: • ø holes: 3.5 mm
Degree of protection: IP10
Fire resistance: EN 60695-2-1, UL94 - V0
Standards: EN 60255, EN 61810

Dielectric strength: 2.5 kV 50 Hz 1 min
Type and size of screw: M3 thread, cross head
Tightening torque: $0.5 \ldots 0.8 \mathrm{Nm}$
Width of slot: 7 mm
Maximum section of cable: $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$

## CONNECTION

REAR

TERMINAL TYPE<br>SCREW

MOUNTING
PANEL

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Cable secured with screws
- Panel mounting
- Sturdy construction
- No internal soldering
- Relay fastened with securing screws
- Provision for fitment of keying pins
- Protection IP10

PRVM321



Detail of connections


PRVM481



PRVM321


Drilling template

| Model | A | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PAVM321 | 61 | 110 |
| PAVM481 | 89 | 166 |
| PAVM801 | 145 | 278 |



PRVM481


PRVM801


PRVM321

## SPECIFICATIONS

Weight: 220 / $350 / 520 \mathrm{~g}$
Operating temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
TStorage temperature: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Panel mounting: • ø holes: 5 mm
Degree of protection: IP10
Dielectric strength: 2.5 kV 50 Hz 1 min

Type and size of screw: M3 thread, cross head
Tightening torque: $0.5 \ldots 0.8 \mathrm{Nm}$
Width of slot: 7 mm
Maximum section of cable: $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Fire resistance: EN 60695-2-1, UL94 - V0
Standards: EN 60255, EN 61810

Notes

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## ERV 310

## CONNECTION

REAR

TERMINAL TYPE
SCREW

MOUNTING
FLUSH

PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Cable secured by screws
- Sturdy construction
- No internal soldering

Dimensions


## SPECIFICATIONS

$\qquad$

Weight: 100 g

REAR CONNECTION (SINGLE FASTON)

84F

## CONNECTION

REAR

TERMINAL TYPE
SCREW

MOUNTING
PANEL

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

$\qquad$

- Sturdy construction
- No internal soldering

Dimensions


1. Faston $4.8 \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$
2. Housing for keying pin

## SPECIFICATIONS

$\qquad$

Weight: 120 g
Operating temperature: -40 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

To order

| $84 F$ | ACC.84F |
| :---: | :---: |
| ADAPTER KIT N82 | P01 4002 11 |

## ADF1 | ADF2 | ADF3 | ADF4 | ADF6

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Connection of cable with faston clip
- 2 inputs for each relay terminal
- Sturdy construction
- Excellent contact pressure on relay terminals
- No internal soldering
- Provision for fitment of keying pins
- Provision for fitment of retaining clip
- Protection IP20


ADF1


ADF2


Detail of connections


ADF3


ADF4


ADF6

ADF1




Side view

ADF2


Rear view
ADF3



ADF3-TRIPOK
Model with "TRIPOK"
numbering
Rear view


Drilling template


ADF3-RVLV16/1
Model with
numbering for RVLV16/1


ADF3-RVLV16/2
Model with numbering for RVLV16/2


ADF3-RVLV16/3
Model with
numbering for RVLV16/3


ADF3-RVLV16/5
Model with
numbering for RVLV16/5
$\qquad$


Side view


ADF4 Rear view


ADF4-E1 Rear view


Drilling template

ADF6 $\qquad$



Drilling template


ADF6-ESAPOK / Model with "ESAPOK" numbering

## SPECIFICATIONS

Weight: 32 / 64 / 96 / 128 / 192 g
Operating temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Degree of protection: IP10
Dielectric strength: 2.5 kV 50 Hz 1 min
Type and size of faston clip: $2 \times 4,8 \times 0.8$
Width of slot: 8 mm
Maximum section of cable: $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Fire resistance: EN 60695-2-1, UL94 - V0, EN 45545-2
Standards: EN 60255, EN 60947, EN 61810, EN 61373

| To order |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| ADF1 | P01 400250 |
| ADF2-OK (UTM) | P01 400251 |
| ADF2 - BIPOK | P01 400252 |
| ADF3-TRIPOK | P01 400253 |
| ADF3-RVLV16/1 | P01 400254 |
| ADF3-RVLV16/2 | P01 400255 |
| ADF3 - RVLV16/3 | P01 400256 |
| ADF3 - RVLV16/5 | P01 400257 |
| ADF4 | P01 400259 |
| ADF6 | P01 400258 |

Notes

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

$\qquad$

- Connection of cable with faston clip
- No internal soldering
- Panel mounting
- Relay fastened with securing screws
- 2 inputs for each relay terminal
- Sturdy construction
- Provision for fitment of keying pins
- Protection IP10


PRDM321


Detail of connections


PRDM481



PRDM321


Drilling template

| Model | A | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PRDM321 | 61 | 110 |
| PRDM481 | 89 | 166 |
| PRDM801 | 145 | 278 |



Side view

PRDM321
PRDM481
PRDM801


PRDM801


PRDM321

## SPECIFICATIONS

Weight: 220 / 350 / 520 g
Operating temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Panel mounting:

- ø holes: 5 mm

Degree of protection: IP10

Dielectric strength: 2.5 kV 50 Hz 1 min
Type and size of faston: $2 \times 4.8 \times 0.8$
Width of slot: 7.8 mm
Maximum section of cable: $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Fire resistance: EN 60695-2-1, UL94 - V0
Standards: EN 60255, EN 61810
To order

| PRDM321 | P01 400349 |
| :--- | :--- |
| PRDM481 | P01 400350 |
| PRDM801 | P01 400351 |

## To order

## CONNECTION

REAR

TERMINAL TYPE
FASTON

MOUNTING
PANEL

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

$\qquad$

- Connection of cable with faston clip
- Panel mounting
- Sturdy construction
- No internal soldering


PRDC081


Detail of connections

- Snap-in relay (PRDC081)
- Provision for fitment of retaining clip (PRDG161)
- Provision for fitment of keying pins
- Protection IP10




## SPECIFICATIONS

$\qquad$

Weight: 28 / 69 g
Operating temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Panel mounting: • $\varnothing$ holes: 3.5 mm
Degree of protection: IP10
Dielectric strength: 2.5 kV 50 Hz 1 min

Type and size of faston clip: $2 \times 4.8 \times 0.8$
Width of slot: PRDC081: 7.3 mm
PRDG161: 7.8 mm
Maximum section of cable: $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Fire resistance: EN 60695-2-1, UL94 - V0
Standards: EN 60255, EN 60947, EN 61810

Notes

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## ERL 310

## CONNECTION

REAR

TERMINAL TYPE
BLADE

MOUNTING
FLUSH

PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Sturdy construction
- No internal soldering

Dimensions


SPECIFICATIONS $\qquad$

Weight: 100 g

To order
For other accessories, see page 201

REAR CONNECTION (WITH DOUBLE BLADE)

## ERL 320

## CONNECTION

REAR

TERMINAL TYPE
BLADE

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- Sturdy construction
- No internal soldering

Dimensions


SPECIFICATIONS $\qquad$

| To order |
| :--- |
| ERL 320 |

Weight: 100 g

ACCESSORIES FOR RE3000 SOCKETS $\qquad$

| Retaining clip |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Model | Relays | Reference |
| Clip for short cover ( 77.5 mm ) | RE 3000, RE 3000S, RE 3000N | ACCA 4162 |


| Mounting accessories | Reference |
| :--- | :---: |
| Model | ACCA 4162 |
| Panel-mounting terminal <br> strip (DFR310) | ACCA 4162 |
| Fitting strap for mounting <br> on bar (DFV310) |  |


| Mounting accessories | Sockets | Reference |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Model | EVV 3100, EVL 3100 | EVVA 1000 |
| Symmetric DIN rail <br> mounting | EVV 3100, EVL 3100 | EVVA 1001 |
| Asymmetric DIN rail <br> mounting |  |  |

PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

- PCB-mount
- Panel mounting
- Sturdy construction
- No internal soldering


PRCC081

TERMINAL TYPE
SOLDER

MOUNTING
PCB

CONNECTION
REAR

- No maintenance
- Snap-in relay
- Provision for fitment of keying pins


PRCD161


Detail of connections


## SPECIFICATIONS

Weight: 20 / 36 g
Operating temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . .+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Dielectric strength: 2.5 kV 50 Hz 1 min

Type and size of terminals: solder, $\varnothing 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ Fire resistance: EN 60695-2-1, UL94 - V0

Standards: EN 60255, EN 61810

## SOCKET NO. 65

## CONNECTION

REAR
TERMINAL TYPE
SOLDER MOUNTING

PCB

## PRODUCT ADVANTAGES

$\qquad$

- PCB-mount
- Sturdy construction
- Excellent contact pressure on relay terminals
- No internal soldering
- No maintenance
- Provision for fitment of keying pins
- Provision for fitment of retaining clip



Clip anchor points


Clip anchor points

## SPECIFICATIONS

$\qquad$

Weight: 51 g
Operating temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Dielectric strength: 2.5 kV 50 Hz 1 min
Type and size of terminals: solder, $\varnothing 1.6 \mathrm{~mm}$

Fire resistance: EN 60695-2-1, UL94 - V0, EN 45545-2, NFPA130
Standards: EN 60255, EN 60947, EN 61810, EN 61373


To order


## RETAINING CLIPS

The designation of retaining clips is made up of two parts:

|  | $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ part: $\mathbf{2}$ or 3 letters | $2^{\text {nd }}$ part: $\mathbf{2}$ numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Identifies the type of relay | Identifies the model of socket |
| Example | RPB | $\mathbf{4 8}$ |



| $1^{\text {st }}$ part: | Type of relay | $2^{\text {nd }}$ part: | Socket model |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RPB | Relays with cover, height 50 mm (POKs, UTM series) | 43 | 53IL, 43IL, 73IL, 65 |
| RQ | Relays with cover, height 61 mm (QPOK) | 48 | PAIR, PRIR, 50IP20-I DIN, 48BIP20-I DIN, 78BIP20-I DIN, 96IP20-I DIN, 156IP20-I DIN, 50L, 48BL, 78BL, 96L ADF1, ADF2, ADF3, Series ADF4, ADF6 |
| RG | Relays with cover, height 86 mm (RGG series) |  |  |
| RC | Relays with cover, height 97mm (OK series) |  |  |
| RL | Relays with cover, height 109 mm (OK series) |  |  |
| RT | Timer relays with cover, height 97 mm | 31 | PAIR, PRIR, 50IP20-I DIN, 48BIP20-I DIN, Series 50L, 48BL, ADF1, ADF2 |
| RM | Relays with cover, height 118mm (MOK series) |  |  |
| VM18 | Relays RCG, RDG | 41 | 53IL, 43IL, 65 |




## G, C \& D LINE RETAINING CLIPS

The designation of retaining clips is made up of two parts:

|  | 1 $^{\text {st }}$ part: 4 characters | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ part: 2 numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Identifies the line | Identifies the relay size |
| Example | VM12 | 21 |



| $1^{\text {st }}$ part: | Relay line | $2^{\text {nd }}$ part: | Relay size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VM12 | Relays of G line $\square$ all RGxx models | 21 | Relays of 82 mm height |
|  |  | 22 | Relays of 112 mm height |
| VM18 | Relays of $C$ and $D$ line $\square I I R C x x$ and $R D x x$ models (except RCG, RDG) | 21 | Relays of 50 mm height |
|  |  | 22 | Relays of 75 mm height |
|  |  | 23 | Relays of 82 mm height |



Mod. VM12xx


Mod. VM18xx
N.B. Dimensions not to scale. The height of the clip varies according to the height of the relay.

Pack containing 10 pieces.

| VM12 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| VM1221 | P01400333 |
| VM1222 | P01400334 |
| VM18 |  |
| VM1821 | P01400330 |
| VM1822 | P01400329 |
| VM1823 | P01400331 |
| RCG, RDG |  |
| VM1831 | P01400335 |
| VM1841 | P01400336 |
| RPB |  |
| RPB43 | P01400159 |
| RPB48 | P01400158 |
| RPB48-UTM | P01400165 |
| RQ |  |
| RQ48 | P01400180 |
| RG |  |
| RG43 | P01400166 |
| RG48 | P01400167 |


| RC |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| RC43 | P01400161 |
| RC48 | P01400179 |


| RL |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| RL43 | P01400164 |
| RL48 | P01400187 |


| RT |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| RT43 | P01400169 |
| RT48 | P01400170 |


| RM |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| RM43 | P01400133 |
| RM48 | P01400134 |


| RMC48 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| RMC48 | P01400173 |



## POLARIZING PINS

| Relay line | Ordering code |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OK, POK, RV | 59 |  |
| Rxx | VC1705 |  |

Keying pins are mechanical components of semi-hexagonal shape, designed to prevent a given relay from being plugged into a socket intended for a different component. The keying configuration is determined by fitting the pins both to the relay and to the socket, in positions identified by a dedicated code.
The hexagonal geometry of the receptacle allows the polarizing pins to be inserted in 6 different positions.


Whilst the use of this component is optional, it is nonetheless strongly recommended where there are multiple relays installed on an electrical panel, for example:

- two or more relays of the same model but with different input voltages
- two or more timer relays with different response and/or logic operating times (e.g. timed to operate on pick-up and timed to operate on drop-out)
- two or more instantaneous relays of different type (e.g. monostable and bistable)

In these cases, the adoption of keying position accessories will prevent any accidental inversion of the relays by the operator, which would risk damage to the system and to the components themselves, as well as jeopardizing safety.

## FITMENT AND POSITION

Relays of standard design are not equipped with these accessories.
The mounting position of polarizing pins, if requested, is determined by the manufacturer.
Keying pins for sockets are fitted normally by the customer. In this case, keying accessories for application to the socket are ordered separately.

The following relays are supplied with pins fitted in positions determined by the manufacturer:

- STATIONS series, approved by ENEL / TERNA Italia to LV15/LV16/20 specifications
- RAILWAYS - FIXED EQUIPMENT series, approved by RFI (FS Italia Group) to RFI DPRIM STF IFS TE 143 A specification
- RAILWAYS - ROLLING STOCK series




Detail of socket with 24 slots
*: receptacle to be left free in the event that the relay is fitted with an antirotation pin.
In the case of polarized input (e.g. with flyback diode), the relay is fitted with an antirotation pin (detail 60).
The antirotation pin is always fitted to the following relays:
POK, BIPOK, TRIPOK, QUADRIPOK, ESAPOK, TM, OKTx, OKRx, OKRe-L, CLE, OKRe-Fp.


Example of selection, pos. M on socket with 8 slots


Example of selection, pos. M on POK relay

## C line



2 hexagonal receptacles available on relay and on socket.

## D line



4 hexagonal receptacles available on relay and on socket.

Note: all relays are fitted with an antirotation guide pin.

## INSTALLATION

Before installing the relay on a wired socket, disconnect the power supply.
The preferential mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the direction of the marking so that the label can be read correctly.

If a relay is used in the "less favorable" conditions including "simultaneously":

- Power supply:
- Ambient temperature:
- Current on the contacts:
- Number of contacts used:
the maximum allowed, permanently
the maximum allowed, permanently the maximum allowed, permanently
100\%

It is strongly recommended to space the relays at least 5 mm horizontally and 20 mm vertically to allow for proper upward heat dissipation and increase the life expectancy of the component.
In fact, the relays may be used in less harsh conditions. In this case, the distance between adjacent relays can be reduced or eliminated. Correct interpretation of the conditions of use allows optimization of the available space. Please contact Chauvin Arnoux Energy for more information.
To increase relay life expectancy, we recommend mounting relays intended for "continuous use" (permanent power supply), alternating them with relays intended for less frequent use.
For safe use, the use of retaining clips is recommended. For use on rolling stock, the relays have been tested according to the EN 61373 standard when equipped with retaining clip(s).

## OPERATION

Before use: : if the relay is used after long storage periods, for example, contact resistance may increase due to slight natural oxidation or polluting deposits.
In order to restore the optimum conductivity for standard contacts (NOT gold plated), it is recommended to switch a load of at least $110 \mathrm{Vdc}-100 \mathrm{~mA}$ or $24 \mathrm{Vdc}-500 \mathrm{~mA}$ several times. The contacts will thus be "cleaned" by the electric arc generated during the current interruption and the mechanical self-cleaning action.
The common contact rubs against the fixed poles (NO and NC contacts) both when opening and when closing, thus ensuring self-cleaning.
In most cases, a higher contact resistance is not a problem. Many factors contribute to the correct use of the contacts and consequently to the relays' long-term reliability:

- Load: the current switching generates an electric arc with cleaning effects. To ensure proper electrical cleaning and maintain performance levels, we recommend:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { o Standard contacts: } & \text { Minimum current }=20 \mathrm{~mA} \\
\text { o Gold plated contacts: } & \text { Minimum current }=10 \mathrm{~mA}
\end{array}
$$

- Operating frequency: relays are components which can operate with a wide range of switching frequencies. High frequency operation also allows a continuous cleaning effect by "sliding" (mechanical cleaning). In the event of low frequency operation (for example few time a day), we advise:
o Use of contact with currents twice those indicated.
o For currents lower than 10 mA , use gold plated contacts and connect 2 contacts in parallel, in order to reduce the equivalent contact resistance
- Pollution: the presence of pollution can cause impurities on the surface of the contacts. Electric charges attract organic molecules and impurities which are deposited on the contact surface. Electrical and mechanical cleaning, respectively, burn off and remove such impurities. In the presence of pollution, the minimum recommended currents must be respected. In extreme cases, provide double the cleaning current.
Condensation is possible inside the relay when energized and the outside ambient temperature is cold; this is quite normal and does not affect the operation of the relay. The plastic materials of the relay do not possess hygroscopic properties.


## MAINTENANCE

No maintenance is required.
In the event of normal relay wear (electrical or mechanical end-of-life), the relay cannot be restored and must be replaced.
To check the component, relay removal must be carried out with slight lateral movements. An "up and down" movement can cause damage the terminals. For RMMV11 / RMMV17 removal, please read the product instructions.


Malfunctions are often caused by a power supply with inverted polarity, by external events or by use with loads exceeding the contact performance.
In case of suspected malfunction, energize the relay and observe if mechanical operation of the contacts / relay mechanism is performed. Check the power supply polarity if relay is equipped with polarized components (example: diode, LED).

- If you plan to use the relay, clean the contacts (see paragraph on "OPERATION") and check if the circuit load corresponds to the contact specifications. If necessary, replace with relays with gold-plated contacts. Note: the electrical continuity of contacts must be checked with adequate current.
- If it does not work, we recommend to use a relay of the same model and configuration.

If an investigation by Chauvin Arnoux Energy is required, pull-out the relay from the socket without removing the cap, avoid any other manipulation and contact us. You will be asked for the following data: environmental conditions, power supply, switching frequency, contact load, number of operations performed.
The fault can be described through the "TECHNICAL SUPPORT" section of the website www.chauvin-arnoux-energy. com/fr support. The relay cannot be repaired by the user under any circumstances.

## STORAGE

The storage conditions must guarantee the environmental conditions (temperature, humidity and pollution) required for product conservation in order to avoid deterioration.
The product must be stored in an environment which is sheltered from atmospheric agents and pollution-free, with an ambient temperature between -40 and $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $80 \%$ RH max. Humidity may reach peaks of $95 \%$. Whatever the case, there must be no condensation. Before use, please read the "OPERATION" section carefully.


[^0]:    For auxiliary contacts (NO - NC) of models RGM.x4 and RGM.x5:
    (1) 1 kV .
    (2) 2 kV .

[^1]:    1) Exludind output termina
[^2]:    (1) ENERGY : all applications except for railway.

    RAILWAYS, FIXED EQUIPMENT: application on fixed power systems and electrical railway traction. For list of RFI compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalog "RAILWAY SERIES - RFI APPROVED".
    Also available is the STATIONS series, with ENEL approved material meeting LV15/LV16 specifications. For list of ENEL compliant and type-approved products, consult dedicated catalog "STATIONS SERIES - LV15-LV16-LV20".
    (2) Other values on request. Voltages 380 V and 440 V available as Vac only.
    (3) (4) Optional value. Positive mechanical keying is applied according to the manufacturer's product model.

[^3]:    (1) To order the relay with the special operating range, indicate the "Z0x" symbol in the "Keying position" field of the ordering scheme. The special range may be subject to operating specifications different from standard specifications. Please contact us for further information.

[^4]:    Note: reduction of $30 \%$ on all the contacts simultaneously.

[^5]:    (1) Excluding output terminals

[^6]:    (1) Excluding output terminals

[^7]:    (1) Excluding output terminals

[^8]:    (1) Excluding output terminals

[^9]:    (1) The setting controls are accessible by opening the flap on the cover of the relay.

[^10]:    AUX: 2B-1A terminals
    COM: 1B terminal
    CONT T: timed contacts
    CONT I: instantaneous contacts
    See "Wiring diagram" to identify the instantaneous and timed contacts terminals'.

[^11]:    1. On all contacts simultaneously, reduction of $30 \%$.
    2. The max. peak and pulse currents are those currents that can be handled, for a specified time, by the contact. They do not refer to steady or interrupted currents.
    3. For other values, see electrical life expectancy curves.
    4. Specifications of contacts on new relay
    a. Plating material: P4 GEO : gold-nickel alloy ( $>6 \mu$ ) P8: gold-cobalt alloy ( $>5 \mu$ ), knurled contact
    b. When the gold-plated contact is subject to heavy loads, it will be degraded on the surface. In such case, the characteristics of the standard contact should be taken into consideration.
    This does not impair relay operation.
    5. Times for the instanteous component of the relay.
    6. Unless specified otherwise, the operating time signifies until stabilization of the contact (including bounces). It should be added to the preset delay time.
    7. Addition of a flyback diode connected in parallel with the coil (DC version only) causes an increase in operating time when the relay drops out.
[^12]:    (1) To request the special range, indicate the "Z0x" symbol in the "Keying position" field in the "Ordering scheme" table. The special range may be subject to operating specifications different from standard specifications. Please contact us for further information.

[^13]:    Unless otherwise specified, the products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the above-mentioned European and International standards. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, atmospheric pressure 96 kPa and $50 \%$ humidity. Tolerance for coil resistance, nominal electrical input and nominal power is $\pm 7 \%$.

[^14]:    The setting scale shown on the front of the relay (0.1 ... 1) is approximate.

[^15]:    (1) Excluding output terminals and adjuster knob, if specified.

[^16]:    (1) Excluding output terminals

[^17]:    Selection of the range is made by connecting to the respective terminal.

